Company registration number SC549410 (Scotland)	
PREMIER FAMILY INVESTMENTS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		116		116
Current assets					
Debtors	4	3,287,172		3,344,758	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,265		8,927	
		3,291,437		3,353,685	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(763,279)		(784,354)	
Net current assets			2,528,158		2,569,331
Total assets less current liabilities			2,528,274		2,569,447
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	6		(2,555,721)		(2,574,401)
Net liabilities			(27,447)		(4,954)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		800		800
Profit and loss reserves			(28,247)		(5,754)
Total equity			(27,447)		(4,954)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

N J Chisholm

Director

Company Registration No. SC549410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Premier Family Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is C/O Turcan Connell, Princes Exchange, 1 Earl Grey Street, Edinburgh, EH3 9EE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The directors acknowledge that the company is in a net liability position at the year end, however they have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company is supported by the director, N J Chisholm and by fellow group companies.

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total	2	2
3	Fixed asset investments	2023 £	2022 £
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	116	116

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

4	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2023 £	2022 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors			3,286,594 578	3,344,180 578
				3,287,172	3,344,758
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	r			
				2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors			-	1,962
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			9,117	9,117
	Other creditors			749,128	766,807
	Accruals and deferred income			5,034	6,468
				763,279	784,354
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than	n one year		2023 £	2022 £
	Other creditors			2,555,721	2,574,401
7	Called up share capital				
		2023	2022	2023	2022
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	300 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	300	300	300	300
	300 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	300	300	300	300
	100 C Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	100 D Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
		800	800	800	800

All classes of shares have full voting and capital distributions rights.

The A Ordinary, B Ordinary, C Ordinary shares and D Ordinary shares constitute different classes of shares and the Directors' may declare dividends at different rates in respect of the different classes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

8 Related party transactions

Included within debtors as at 30 June 2023 is an amount due from Premier Property Maintenance Limited, a company under common control of £386 (2022 - £386). This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable upon demand.

Included within creditors as at 30 June 2023 is an amount due to A and M Chisholm, close family members of the director of £2,555,721 (2022 - £2,574,401).

The company has chosen to take advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 not to disclose related party transactions that are between two or more members of a wholly owned group.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.