Citroen Servicing Limited

Registered number: SC523783

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		5,974		7,965
Current assets					
		7.075		45.005	
Stocks and WIP		7,873		16,836	
Debtors	4	8,371		9,602	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,415		5,184	
	_	23,659	_	31,622	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(63,827)		(38,960)	
Net current liabilities	_		(40,168)		(7,338)
Net (liabilities)/assets		_	(34,194)	_	627
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			(34,196)		625
Shareholders' funds		_	(34,194)	_	627

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr Derek Orr

Director

Approved by the board on 20 May 2022

Citroen Servicing Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting

date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	5	4
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and
			machinery etc £
	Cost		_
	At 1 February 2021		14,297
	At 31 January 2022		14,297
	,		
	Depreciation		
	At 1 February 2021		6,332
	Charge for the year		1,991
	At 31 January 2022		8,323
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2022		5,974
	At 31 January 2021		7,965
4	Debtors	2022	2021
-		£	£
		_	_
	Trade debtors	4,371	5,602
	Other debtors	4,000	4,000
		8,371	9,602

,	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021 £
		£	
	Trade creditors	33,732	12,234
	Directors current account	4,609	4,831
	Corporation tax	5,936	11,791
	Other taxes and social security costs	18,249	8,804
	Other creditors	1,301	1,300
		63,827	38,960

6 Controlling party

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The company was under the control of all the directors throughout the period under review.

7 Other information

Citroen Servicing Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.