Financial Statements Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

Registered number: SC502631

SATURDAY



03/12/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

Company information

Directors

S J Foy C J Dean

A S Fish S Noble

Company secretary

S J Foy

Registered number

SC502631

Registered office

13 Queen's Road

Aberdeen AB15 4YL

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

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Directors' Report

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2016.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. It was incorporated on 7 April 2015 and commenced its principal activity on the same day.

Directors

The directors who served during the period were:

S J Foy (appointed 7 April 2015)

C J Dean (appointed 7 April 2015)

A S Fish (appointed 29 May 2015)

S Noble (appointed 29 June 2015)

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Directors' Report (continued)

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

Auditors

Director

Grant Thornton UK LLP were appointed as auditor during the period. Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Grant Thornton UK LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

Small Companies Note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 25 Nacules 276 and signed on its behalf.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited for the period ended 31 March 2016, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, as set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its result for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the Directors' Report.

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Christopher Martin Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants Manchester

Date:

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Profit and Loss Account

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £
Interest receivable and similar income	5	793,586
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(793,586)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	_	

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: SC502631

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2016

	Note	£	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	7		4,623,011
		•	4,623,011
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	2,478,434	
		2,478,434	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(7,101,444)	
Net current liabilities			(4,623,010)
Total assets less current liabilities		·	1
Net assets			1
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10		1
		•	1

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 25 November 2516

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

	Called up share capital	Total equity
Total comprehensive income for the period	£	£
Shares issued during the period Total transactions with owners	1	1
At 31 March 2016	1	1

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Company information

Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited is incorporated in the United Kingdom, and its registered office is at 13 Queen's Road, Aberdeen, AB15 4YL.

The principal activity of Cour Wind Farm Holdings Limited is that of a holding company.

1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The financial statements are presented in pounds Sterling (£).

The individual accounts of Cour Windfarm Holdings Limited have also adopted the following disclosure exemptions:

-the requirement to present a statement of cash flows and related notes.

The exemption is applied on the basis that both the entity and the group it is a member of, by virtue of control and ownership, is small.

Going concern

After reviewing the Company's forecast and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.3 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

1.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, and loans from related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Financial instruments (continued)

payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitutes a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount the Company will receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

1.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management have applied their own judement to assess the appropriateness of the key accounting policies and to ensure that they are compliant with FRS 102.

Management have determined that the primary area of judgment was with regards to the consideration of the potetial for the impairment of the investments held by the entity. They conclude that their assessment is prudent and accurate, and the treatment in line with reporting standards.

3. Operating profit

The audit fee for the current period has been borne by a fellow group undertaking.

4. Employees

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not recieve any remuneration.

5.	Interest	receivable	and	similar	income

		2016 £
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	793,586
6.	Interest payable and similar charges	
		2016 £
	Interest payable to group undertakings	793,586

7. Fixed asset investments

At 31 March 2016

	Investments in subsidiary company
	£
Cost or valuation	•
Additions	4,623,011
At 31 March 2016	4,623,011
Net book value	

4,623,011

2016

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

7. Fixed asset investments (continued)

The subsidiary company's funder, KfW IPEX-Bank Gmbh, has been provided with a fixed charge over the shares of the subsidiary company.

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporatio	Class of n shares	Holding Principal activity	
Cour Wind Farm (Scotland) Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100% Wind farm development	

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2016 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Cour Wind Farm (Scotland) Limited	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 247	Profit £ 246
	Cour while I aim (Scotland) Limited		
8.	Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year		
			2016 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	:	2,478,434
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
			2016 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	:	7,101,444 ———
10.	Share capital	·	
			2016 £
	Shares classified as equity		~
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		_
	1 ordinary share of £1	:	1

One ordinary share was issued during the year at par.

For the Period Ended 31 March 2016

11. Contingent liabilities

The directors have confirmed that there were no contingent liabilities which should be disclosed at 31 March 2016.

12. Capital commitments

At 31 March 2016 the Company had no capital commitments.

13. Related party transactions

	2016	2016
	Amounts	Amounts
	due from	due to
	£	£
Cour Wind Farm (Scotland) Limited	2,478,434	-
Blue Energy Cour Holdings Limited	-	7,101,444
	2,478,434	7,101,444
	2016	2016
	Income	Expenditure
	£	£
Cour Wind Farm (Scotland) Limited	793,586	-
Blue Energy Cour Holdings Limited	-	793,586
	793,586	793,586

14. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Blue Energy Cour Holdings Limited by virtue of its ownership of the entire share capital of the company.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Blue Energy Partnerships Holdings Limited.