Company registration number SC492495

Directors' Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 March 2023

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Company Information

Directors

J Wylie B Hobson

C Newall
G Swallow
S Litchfield
S Duffield
P Fitzpatrick
R Davies

Company secretary

Brenna Hobson

Registered number

SC492495

Registered office

Rockvilla

125 Craighall Road

Glasgow G4 9TL

Independent auditor Saffery LLP

Saffery LLP
Statutory Auditor

Edinburgh Quay
133 Fountainbridge

Edinburgh EH3 9BA

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Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 March 2023

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

- R Davies
- P Fitzpatrick
- C Newall
- G Swallow
- J Wylie
- S Litchfield
- **B** Hobson
- C Gross (resigned 28 November 2022)
- S Duffield

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity

The principal activities of the company are the commissioning, development, production and promotion of theatrical works and performances.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £nil. There were no dividends paid or proposed for the period.

Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Azets Audit Services (formerly Scott-Moncrieff) came to the end of their agreed term at end of financial year 2021-22. Following a tender process NTS appointed Saffery LLP at the Board General Meeting on 28 March 2023. The auditor has been appointed for 3 years and will be proposed for reappointment at the next Annual General Meeting in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small Company Exemption

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime within part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf by:

Jacqueline M. Wylie

Jackie Wylie Director

2 November 2023

Independent Auditor's report to the Members of

National Theatre of Scotland Productions Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of National Theatre of Scotland Productions (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's report to the Members of

National Theatre of Scotland Productions Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report and in preparing the directors' report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud are detailed below.

Identifying and assessing risks related to irregularities:

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement and how fraud might occur, including through discussions with the directors, discussions within our audit team planning

Independent Auditor's report to the Members of

National Theatre of Scotland Productions Limited

meeting, updating our record of internal controls and ensuring these controls operated as intended. We evaluated possible incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements. We identified laws and regulations that are of significance in the context of the company by discussions with directors and updating our understanding of the sector in which the company operates.

Laws and regulations of direct significance in the context of the company include The Companies Act 2006, and UK Tax legislation.

Audit response to risks identified:

We considered the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items including a review of financial statement disclosures. We reviewed the company's records of breaches of laws and regulations, minutes of meetings and correspondence with relevant authorities to identify potential material misstatements arising. We discussed the company's policies and procedures for compliance with laws and regulations with members of management responsible for compliance.

During the planning meeting with the audit team, the engagement partner drew attention to the key areas which might involve non-compliance with laws and regulations or fraud. We enquired of management whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We addressed the risk of fraud through management override of controls by testing the appropriateness of journal entries and identifying any significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business. We assessed whether judgements made in making accounting estimates gave rise to a possible indication of management bias. At the completion stage of the audit, the engagement partner's review included ensuring that the team had approached their work with appropriate professional scepticism and thus the capacity to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kenneth McDowell (Senior Statutory Auditor) 2 November 2023

for and on behalf of Saffery LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 133 Fountainbridge Edinburgh EH3 9BA Date:

Saffery LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

For the year ended 31 March 2023

		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
	Note	£	£
Turnover	4	2,585,640	280,367
Cost of sales		(3,390,371)	(353,455)
Gross loss Administrative expenses		(804,731)	(73,088)
Operating loss	5	(804,731)	(73,088)
Loss on ordinary activities before theatre tax		(804,731)	(73,088)
Theatre tax relief	6	804,731	73,088
Profit for the financial period		-	-
Retained earnings at the beginning of the period		-	-
Profit for the financial period		-	
Retained earnings at the end of the period		•	-

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		£	£
Current assets	_		
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	3,157,043	1,160,487
		3,157,043	1,160,487
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(3,157,041)	(1,160,485)
Net current assets		2	2
Total assets less current liabilities		2	2
Net assets		2	2
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		-	-
		2	2
			

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board and were signed on its behalf by:

Jacqueline M. Wylie

Company Number: SC492495

Jackie Wylie Director

2 November 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2023

1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as that is the currency in which the majority of the company's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of the company drawn up for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The principal activities of the National Theatre of Scotland Productions Limited ('the company') are the commissioning, development, production and promotion of theatrical works and performances.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and registered in Scotland. The company's registered number is SC492495.

The address of the company's registered office is Rockvilla, 125 Craighall Road, Glasgow, G4 9TL.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to Companies subject to the small companies regime.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors anticipate that a break-even position to 31 March 2023 and beyond will be achieved. The directors are satisfied that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, and on this basis consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Cash flow statement

National Theatre of Scotland Productions Limited is a 100% owned subsidiary of National Theatre of Scotland. Exemption has been taken from preparing a statement of cash flows on the grounds that a consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared within the publicly available financial statements of National Theatre of Scotland. These financial statements may be obtained from Rockvilla, 125 Craighall Road, Glasgow, G4 9TL.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value added tax.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies.

The directors do not consider there to be any accounting judgements required in preparing these accounts. The directors are satisfied that accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently.

4. Turnover

The turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company and was generated wholly within the United Kingdom.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. Operating loss

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2022: none).

There is no corporation tax charge due to losses incurred in the year (2022: no charge).

The average number of employees, per head count, during the year was nil (2022: nil).

6.	Theatre tax credit	2023 £	2022 £
	Theatre tax credit	804,731	73,088
		804,731	73,088
7.	Debtors	2023 £	2022 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Theatre tax credit	2,376,076 780,967 3,157,043	1,029,047 131,440
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023 £	2022 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,157,041	1,160,485

3,157,041

1,160,485

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2023

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 from the requirement to disclose the information of transactions with entities which are part of the group on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary and consolidated group financial statements are publicly available.

10. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the National Theatre of Scotland Limited, a charitable company registered in Scotland (No. SC234270). The registered office of the National Theatre of Scotland Limited is Rockvilla, 125 Craighall Road, Glasgow, G4 9TL. The ultimate controlling party is National Theatre of Scotland Limited.

Detailed Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	31 March 2023 £	31 March 2022 £
Turnover	2,585,640	280,367
Cost of sales	(3,390,371)	(353,455)
Loss for the period	(804,731)	(73,088)

Schedule to the Detailed Accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Turnover		
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Commission income	2,585,640	280,367
		
Cost of sales		
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Subcontractor payments	3,390,371	353,455