Registered number: SC484003

ANIES HOUSE  $A^+B_{
m \tiny G}$ 

FRONT DESK

## **LIONEL BIDCO LIMITED**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

J A Wilson K W Nelson

**Company secretary** 

**Burness Paull LLP** 

Registered number

SC484003

Registered office

Union Plaza (6th Floor)

1 Union Wynd Aberdeen AB10 1DQ

Independent auditor

Anderson Anderson & Brown Audit LLP

Kingshill View

Prime Four Business Park

Kingswells Aberdeen AB15 8PU

## **CONTENTS**



	Page
Strategic report	1
Directors' report	2
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 6
Statement of comprehensive income	7
Statement of financial position	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 18

## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### INTRODUCTION

The company's principal activity is that of a centralised management company.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The company is part of the group headed by Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited, whose operations are dependent on the activity levels within the oil and gas sector.

The Group's financial performance reflected the ongoing deterioration in oil and gas market activity with the investment programmes of international oil companies, national companies, and independents having now generally declined for the four consecutive years, an event that has not occurred since the 1980s.

The directors are, however, confident in the Group's strategic focus on technical services with actions being taken during the course of the year to ensure the Group is competitive within a low oil price environment and is capitalising on new geographies and sectors as a result of the continuing activity in this sector as the oil price continues to increase.

The Group received a working capital injection, in June 2018 as a result of shareholder's support which has enabled the group to renegotiate it's banking facilities. The banking covenants have been revised and loan repayments due to be paid in 2018 have been postponed until 2020 which has given the group the working capital required to take advantage of the increased prospects in 2018 and into 2019.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to competition from similar business, activity levels within the oil and gas sector and the volatility in the oil price.

#### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors monitor turnover and profitability as key performance indicators. The directors believe the profit and loss account presented gives sufficient information to assess performance.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

K W Nelson Director

Date: 26 September 2018

Weeth W rel

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,650,000 (2016 - loss £6,359).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

J A Wilson K W Nelson

## **Future developments**

While the market for offshore oil and gas activity will remain challenged, it is the directors' impression that 2017 and 2018 will be pivotal for the industry with oil companies taking advantage of strengthened balance sheets and low unit costs to conduct incremental projects (workovers, infill drilling, step-out wells). The Group has already witnessed an increase in inquiries, tenders and awards, and with the actions taken in 2016, the Group is well placed to extend its market share delivering cost effective yet profitable technical services, while also continuing its diversification in to other sectors.

## Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Post balance sheet events

The group banking facilities were renegotiated in June 2018. Part of the renegotiation involved amending the repayment terms for the Clydesdale Bank loans and revising the related covenants. Loan repayments of £600,000 due to be paid in 2018 have been postponed until 2020. The renegotiation also included additional funding of \$600,000 into the group by issuing 442 £1 preference shares at a premium in June 2018 in the parent company, Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited. This funding will be used to provide additional working capital to the group.

#### **Auditor**

The auditor, Anderson Anderson & Brown Audit LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

let W Nell

Director

Date: 16 September 2018

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LIONEL BIDCO LIMITED



## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Lionel Bidco Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to note 2.3 in the financial statements, which indicates that there remains uncertainty over whether the market will improve as anticipated in the financial projections which will enable the group to achieve budgeted EBITDA and thus meet their bank covenants. As stated in note 2.3, these events or conditions, along with the other matters as set forth in note 2.3, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LIONEL BIDCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

## Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LIONEL BIDCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Black (Senior statutory auditor)

Anderson Anderson & Brown Audit W

for and on behalf of

Anderson Anderson & Brown Audit LLP

Statutory Auditor

Kingshill View Prime Four Business Park Kingswells Aberdeen AB15 8PU

Date: 26 SEPTEMBEL 2018





	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	3	726,210	929,052
Gross profit		726,210	929,052
Administrative expenses		(229,063)	(430,404)
Exceptional administrative expenses		-	(78,696)
Operating profit		497,147	419,952
Amounts written off investments		(2,650,000)	-
Interest payable and expenses	6	(497,147)	(419,952)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(2,650,000)	*
Tax on (loss)/profit	7	-	(6,359)
Loss for the financial year		(2,650,000)	(6,359)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2017 (2016:£NIL).

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

## **REGISTERED NUMBER:SC484003**



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets	14010		2		
Investments	9		15,965,383		18,615,383
			15,965,383		18,615,383
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	11,262,323		9,531,185	
Cash at bank and in hand	11	477		181,221	
		11,262,800		9,712,406	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	12	(2.492.004)		(1 CEE 44E)	
year	12	(3,483,904)		(1,655,445)	
Net current assets			7,778,896		8,056,961
Total assets less current liabilities			23,744,279		26,672,344
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(16,686,948)		(16,965,013)
Net assets			7,057,331		9,707,331
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10,964		10,964
Share premium account			10,952,726		10,952,726
Profit and loss account			(3,906,359)		(1,256,359)
			7,057,331		9,707,331

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

K W Nelson Director

Director

Date: 26 September 2018

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Lionel Bidco Limited is a company incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Union Plaza, 6th Floor, 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, Aberdeenshire, AB10 1DQ.

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD 102 - REDUCED DISCLOSURE EXEMPTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited as at 31 December 2015 and these financial statements may be obtained from Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.3 GOING CONCERN

The directors, having made due and careful enquiry including the preparation of detailed forecasts, review of the order book and anticipated market conditions, are of the opinion that the company has adequate working capital to execute their operations over the next 12 months.

Financial projections have been prepared for the group until 2021 which anticipate improving market conditions and the group achieving EBITDA of £0.5m in 2018 and £1.7m in 2019. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis due to the continuing availability of existing bank facilities and the support of investors. These funders have provided additional financial support earlier in 2018 through restructure of bank debt repayment obligations and an injection of equity to finance working capital (see note 19). Despite this, there remains uncertainty over whether the market will improve as anticipated which will enable the group to achieve the budgeted EBITDA and thus meet their bank covenants. Accordingly it may be that further financial support from shareholders is required.

The directors, therefore, have made the informed judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As a result, the directors have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### 2.4 REVENUE

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### 2.5 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.6 BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they are incurred.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.7 PENSIONS

Defined contribution pension plan

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.8 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

#### 2.9 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

#### 2.10 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

#### 2.11 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## 2.13 CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.





## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

## 3. TURNOVER

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

		2017 £	2016 £
	Management charges	726,210	929,052
		726,210	929,052
	All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.		
4.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	8,000	-
	The company's audit fee was borne by another group company in 2016.		

## 5. EMPLOYEES

	2017	2016
	£	£
Wages and salaries	187,146	372,472
Social security costs	22,077	51,401
Cost of defined contribution scheme	5,808	-
	215,031	423,873
		=

The above costs relate to directors and key management during the year.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £111,351 (2016 - £151,833) and pension contributions of £352 (2016 - £nil) during the year.

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 4 (2016 - 6).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

2016 £ 275,908 144,044 419,952
144,044
144,044
419,952
2016 £
6,359
6,359
tay in the
tax in the
2016 £
_
-
- 3,600
3,600 6,359
6,359
6,359 (3,600)
6,359 (3,600) 6,359
6,359 (3,600) 6,359 2016 £
6,359 (3,600) 6,359

10.

11.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 9. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

		Investments in subsidiary companies £
COST OR VALUATION At 1 January 2017		19,865,383
At 31 December 2017		19,865,383
IMPAIRMENT	•	
At 1 January 2017 Charge for the period		1,250,000 2,650,000
At 31 December 2017		3,900,000
NET BOOK VALUE	•	
At 31 December 2017		15,965,383
At 31 December 2016		18,615,383
A list of subsidiaries are detailed in note 20.	•	
DEBTORS		
·	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	11,148,507	9,352,902
Other debtors	113,816 	178,283
	11,262,323	9,531,185
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	2017 £	2016 £
Cash at bank and in hand	477	181,221
	477	181,221

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Bank loans	600,000	-
Trade creditors	1,410	3,474
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,817,888	1,624,365
Other creditors	13,606	13,606
Accruals and deferred income	51,000	14,000
	3,483,904	1,655,445

#### 13. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans	6,276,346	7,000,000
Other loans	2,799,999	2,799,999
Amounts owed to group undertakings	7,610,603	7,165,014
	16,686,948	16,965,013
,		=====

Bank loan A of £3m is repayable in quarterly instalments commencing March 2018 until 30 November 2021. Interest is charged at Libor plus 3.75% per annum.

The other bank facility, bank loan B of £4m, is repayable in full on 30 November 2021. Interest is charged at Libor plus 3% per annum.

Both loans are secured by a bond and floating charge over all assets of the company.

Included in other loans are unsecured loan notes of £2.5m and £299k which are due to be repaid by 31 December 2021. The loan note holders are entitled to demand payment on certain specified dates prior to 31 December 2021 but any such payment request will not be made if it constitutes a breach of the inter creditor agreement between the company and its bank lender. Interest is charged on these loan notes at 5% per annum.

The amounts due to and from group undertakings relate to unsecured intercompany loan notes. Interest is charged at 5% per annum. The loan notes are repayable at par on 31 December 2021. The loan note holders can request repayment at certain specified dates prior to 31 December 2021. These loan notes are subject to an inter creditor agreement between the bank lender and group companies, the terms of which prevent any repayment of loan notes if such payment would constitute a breach of the terms of the inter creditor agreement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



## 14. LOANS

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

		2017 £	2016 £
	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	~	~
	Bank loans	600,000	-
		600,000	· -
	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE 1-2 YEARS		
	Bank loans	700,000	600,000
		700,000	600,000
	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE 2-5 YEARS		
٠	Bank loans	5,576,346	6,400,000
	Other loans	2,799,999	2,799,999
		8,376,345	9,199,999
15.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
		2017 £	2016 £
	FINANCIAL ASSETS	_	
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	477	181,221
	Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	11,148,507	9,352,902
		11,148,984	9,534,123
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(20,170,852)	(18,620,458)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank.

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise amounts due from group undertakings

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, amounts due to group undertakings, other creditors, bank loans and overdrafts and accruals and deferred income.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### 16. SECURITIES

The company has provided a cross guarantee to Rigmar Services Limited, Rigmar Fabrication Limited, Interocean Marine Services Limited and Lionel Midco Limited which is supported by a bond and floating charge over all assets of the company in respect of indebtedness under the group banking facilities with Clydesdale Bank.

As 31 December 2017 the total indebtedness in respect of this guarantee was £6,900,000 (2016 - £7,000,000).

The company has provided a second ranking floating charge over all assets of the group in respect of the indebtedness under the £1.5m of convertible loan notes issued during 2016 and 2017.

#### 17. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £5,808 (2016 - £nil). Contributions totalling £nil (2016 - £nil) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

## 18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### Control

Throughout the period the company was controlled by the directors.

#### **Transactions**

The company has taken advantage of FRS 102 section 33 paragraph (a), which allows exemption from disclosure or related party transactions with other group companies.

#### 19. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The group banking facilities were renegotiated in June 2018. Part of the renegotiation involved amending the repayment terms for the Clydesdale Bank loans and revising the related covenants. Loan repayments of £600,000 due to be paid in 2018 have been postponed until 2020. The renegotiation also included additional funding of \$600,000 into the group by issuing 442 £1 preference shares at a premium in June 2018 in the parent company, Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited. This funding will be used to provide additional working capital to the group.

## 20. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's ultimate parent company is Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated in Scotland, and the company's immediate parent company was Lionel Midco Limited, a company registered in Scotland.

The largest and smallest group that the results of the company are consolidated in is Rigmar Group (Holdings) Limited. A copy of their financial statements can be obtained from the Companies House website.

The company's controlling party is EG Momentum L.P., a company incorporated in Guernsey.





## 21. SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

Name	Class of		
	shares	Holding	Principal activity
Rigmar Services Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Supply of engineering works and non-destructive testing on oil rigs Marine consultancy and offshore services to the worldwide oil and
Interocean Marine Services Limited	Ordinary	100 %	gas renewables market
Rigmar Fabrication Limited	Ordinary	100 %	In liquidation  Marine consultancy and offshore
Interocean Marine Services			services to the worldwide oil and
(Canada) Incorporated	Ordinary	100 %	3
Rigmar Middle East Oil Field Services L.L.C.	Ordinary	100 %	Marine consultancy and offshore services to the worldwide oil and gas renewables market
Gervices L.L.G.	Ordinary	100 /0	gas renewables market

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2017 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Aggregate of share capital	
	and reserves £	Profit/(loss)
Rigmar Services Limited	(8,211,481)	(1,525,646)
Interocean Marine Services Limited	4,162,918	(271,834)
Rigmar Fabrication Limited	(1,322,466)	-
Interocean Marine Services (Canada) Incorporated	(186,477)	(87,470)
Rigmar Middle East Oil Field Services L.L.C.	(19,572)	11,517
	(5,577,078)	(1,873,433)