Registration number: SC470064

Alan Buchan Homes Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Williamsons Chartered Accountants Rosewood Raemoir Road Banchory Kincardineshire AB31 4ET

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Company Information

Directors Mr Alan William Buchan

Steven John Mitchell

Mrs Fiona Margaret Buchan

Company secretary Mrs Fiona Margaret Buchan

Registered office Rosewood

Raemoir Road Banchory Kincardineshire AB31 4ET

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland

Banchory 59 High Street Banchory AB31 5TJ

Accountants Williamsons Chartered Accountants

Rosewood Raemoir Road Banchory Kincardineshire AB31 4ET

(Registration number: SC470064) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	9,963	1,831
Investment property		546,280	491,210
Investments	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	102,492	151,483
		658,735	644,524
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	898,800	653,000
Debtors	<u>7</u>	1,250	-
Cash at bank and in hand		399,719	27,000
		1,299,769	680,000
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(1,735,074)	(1,209,848)
Net current liabilities		(435,305)	(529,848)
Total assets less current liabilities		223,430	114,676
Provisions for liabilities		(9,238)	(93)
Net assets		214,192	114,583
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100,000	100,000
Other reserves		31,312	-
Profit and loss account		82,880	14,583
Total equity		214,192	114,583

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{11}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: SC470064) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

For the financial year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the I	Board on 15 December 2017 and signed on its behalf by:
Steven John Mitchell	
Director	
	The notes on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

Rosewood

Raemoir Road

Banchory

Kincardineshire

AB31 4ET

Scotland

The principal place of business is:

Brathens Eco Business Park

Hill of Brathens

Glassel

Banchory

AB31 4BW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 15 December 2017.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Furniture, fittings and equipment Other property, plant and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

25% straight line basis 25% straight line basis

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually by external valuers. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

3 Tangible assets

Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
5,601	769	6,370
11,076	<u> </u>	11,076
16,677	769	17,446
4,234	305	4,539
2,752	192	2,944
6,986	497	7,483
9,691	272	9,963
1,367	464	1,831
		2017 £
		491,210
		268,907
		(252,494)
		38,657
	and equipment £ 5,601 11,076 16,677 4,234 2,752 6,986	Furniture, fittings and equipment £ £ £ 5,601 769 11,076 - 16,677 769 4,234 305 2,752 192 6,986 497

There has been no valuation of investment property by an independent valuer.

5 Investments

At 31 March

	2017	2016
	£	£
Investments in joint ventures	102,492	151,483

546,280

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Joint ventures	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2016	151,483
Additions	57,500
Disposals	(104,000)
At 31 March 2017	104,983
Provision	
Provision	2,491
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	102,492
At 31 March 2016	151,483

Impairment of joint ventures

The amount of impairment loss included in profit or loss is £2,491 (2016 - £Nil).

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments (including principal place of business of unincorporated entities) in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Jo	int	ve	ntu	res

6 Kirkton Gardens

Raemoir Homes LLP Fraserburgh Partner 50% 50%

AB43 8TU

Scotland

The principal activity of Raemoir Homes LLP is property development Its financial period end is 31 December.

6 Stocks		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Work in progress	898,800	653,000
7 Debtors		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Prepayments	521	-

Other debtors	729	-
	1,250	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>10</u>	1,698,053	1,024,388
Trade creditors		25,291	184,270
Taxation and social security		-	83
Accruals and deferred income		1,840	852
Other creditors		9,890	255
		1,735,074	1,209,848

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

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	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

10 Loans and borrowings

	2017 £	2016 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	511,385	-
Bank overdrafts	-	3,870
Other borrowings	1,186,668	1,020,518
	1,698,053	1,024,388

Bank borrowings

Royal Bank Term Loans is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of 4.5%, and the final instalment is due on 30 June 2017. The carrying amount at year end is £511,385 (2016 - £Nil).

Security over Investment properties

Other borrowings

Alan Buchan Contractors Ltd (parent company) is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of nil%, and the final instalment is due on 31 March 2018. The carrying amount at year end is £1,146,668 (2016 - £980,518).

Loan from parent company repayable on demand, although parent company will not seek repayment until all other creditors have been paid in full.

Steven Mitchell Director is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of Nil%, and the final instalment is due on 31 March 2018. The carrying amount at year end is £40,000 (2016 - £40,000).

11 Transition to FRS 102

The rental income has been reclassified to turnover from other operating income in the prior year profit and loss account.

In the prior year balance sheet the investment properties have been removed from Tangible assets and are now shown separately. The loans from parent company and director have been reallocated to creditors less than one year as they are repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Balance Sheet at 31 March 2016

	As originally reported £	Reclassification £	Remeasurement £	As restated £
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets	493,041	(491,210)	-	1,831
Investment property	-	491,210	-	491,210
Investments	151,483	-	<u>-</u> _	151,483
_	644,524	<u>-</u>		644,524
Current assets				
Stocks	653,000	-	-	653,000
Cash at bank and in hand	27,000	-		27,000
	680,000	-	-	680,000
Creditors: Amounts falling due within				
one year	(189,330)	(1,020,518)	<u> </u>	(1,209,848)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	490,670	(1,020,518)	<u>-</u>	(529,848)
Total assets less current liabilities	1,135,194	(1,020,518)	-	114,676
Creditors: Amounts falling due after				
more than one year	(1,020,518)	1,020,518	-	-
Provisions for liabilities	(93)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(93)
Net assets	114,583	<u>-</u>	-	114,583
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	(100,000)	-	-	(100,000)
Profit and loss account	(14,583)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(14,583)
Total equity	(114,583)	<u>.</u>	-	(114,583)

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