Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

<u>for</u>

Greyhound Drinks Limited

Greyhound Drinks Limited (Registered number: SC436690)

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

Greyhound Drinks Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

DIRECTORS:	J Hunt L Hunt
REGISTERED OFFICE:	6 Logie Mill Beaverbank Business Park Edinburgh Lothian EH7 4HG
REGISTERED NUMBER:	SC436690 (Scotland)
ACCOUNTANTS:	A H & Co Ltd Chartered Accountants 6 Logie Mill Edinburgh Lothian EH7 4HG

Greyhound Drinks Limited (Registered number: SC436690)

Balance Sheet 30 September 2020

		30.9.20		30.9.19	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		4,535		4,480
Tangible assets	5		678		841
Investments	6		<u> </u>		10
			5,213		5,331
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	804		400	
Cash at bank		28,695		34,063	
		29,499		34,463	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	13,587		15,218	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			15,912		19,245
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			21,125		24,576
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	9		129		160
NET ASSETS			20,996		24,416
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		20		20
Retained earnings	19		20,976		24,396
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20,996		24,416

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 17 June 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Hunt - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Greyhound Drinks Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Greyhound Drinks Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is stated net of VAT and trade discounts and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are physically delivered to the customer. Turnover from the supply of services represent the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at fair value of the consideration received or received or received.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets (including purchased goodwill and patents) are amortised at rates calculated to write off the assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful economic lives. Impairment of intangible assets is only reviewed where circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be fully recoverable.

Patents and licences - 10% on cost and 33.33% on cost

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer Equipment - 20% on cost and 33.33% on cost Fixture and Fittings - 20% on cost and 100% on cost

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial instruments

The company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Page 3 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2019 - 2).

4 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	and licences
	£
COST	
At 1 October 2019	11,199
Additions	1,754
At 30 September 2020	12,953
AMORTISATION	
At 1 October 2019	6,719
Amortisation for year	1,699
At 30 September 2020	8,418
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 September 2020	4,535
At 30 September 2019	4,480

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 October 2019	200	1,259	1,459
Additions	49	133	182
At 30 September 2020	249	1,392	1,641
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 October 2019	200	418	618
Charge for year	49	<u>296</u>	345
At 30 September 2020	249	714	963
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 2020	_	678	<u>678</u>
At 30 September 2019		841	841

Page 4 continued...

Patents

$\frac{\text{Notes to the Financial Statements - continued}}{\text{for the Year Ended 30 September 2020}}$

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

					Shares in group undertakings
	COST At 1 October 2019 Disposals At 30 September 2020 NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2020 At 30 September 2015				10 (10)
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUN	NTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		30.9.20	30.9.19
	Other debtors			£ 804	£ 400
8.	CREDITORS: AMO	OUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		30.9.20	30.9.19
	Taxation and social se Other creditors	ecurity		50.9.20 £ 4,115 9,472 	£ 6,046 9,172 15,218
9.	PROVISIONS FOR	LIABILITIES		30.9.20	30.9.19
	Deferred tax			£ 129	<u>£</u>
	Balance at 1 October: Provided during year Balance at 30 Septemb	ber 2020			Deferred tax £
10.	CALLED UP SHAR	E CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fu Number: 20	ılly paid: Class: Ordinary	Nominal value: £1	30.9.20 £ 20	30.9.19 £ 20
	20	Oramary	₩1		

11. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

A director was owed £7,784 by the company as at 30th September 2020 (2019: £7,784)

 $\frac{\text{Notes to the Financial Statements - continued}}{\text{for the Year Ended 30 September 2020}}$

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions with related parties during the year and balances outstanding at the year end were as follows:

Related Party	Type of transaction	Amount (gross) 2020 £	Amount (gross) 2019 £	Balance receivable by/ (payable) to related party as at 30,9.20 £	Balance receivable by/ (payable) to related party as at 30.9.19 £
Greyhound Consulting Limited	Loan	(400)	400	-	400
Greyhound Nation Ltd	Loan	523	-	523	-
Broughton Ales Limited	Sales	9,000	23,451	-	-

Greyhound Consulting Limited is a former subsidiary of Greyhound Drinks Limited.

A director of Greyhound Drinks Limited is also a director of Broughten Ales Limited and Greyhound Nation Ltd.

13. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is J Hunt.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.