Company Registration No. SC414648 (Scotland)			
SPEYSIDE CRAFT BREWERY LIMITED			
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR			
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Sebastian Jones

Company number SC414648

Registered office Ty Crwn

East Grange Kinloss Forres Moray IV36 2UD

Accountants Cathedral Accountancy Ltd.

4 North Guildry Street

Elgin Moray IV30 1JR

Business address 2 Greshop Road

Greshop Industrial Estate

Forres Moray IV36 2GU

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland

209 High Street

Elgin Moray IV30 1DL

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

		201	2017		ì
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Property, plant and equipment	5		86,196		52,255
Current assets					
Inventories		34,769		41,389	
Trade and other receivables	6	76,150		18,615	
Cash at bank and in hand		57,232		1,769	
		168,151		61,773	
Current liabilities	7	(145,832)		(123,170)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			22,319		(61,397
Total assets less current liabilities			108,515		(9,142
Non-current liabilities	8		(750)		(8,050
Provisions for liabilities			(2,119)		-
Net assets/(liabilities)			105,646		(17,192
Equity					
Called up share capital	9		1,971		1,971
Share premium account			95,906		95,906
Retained earnings			7,769		(115,069
Total equity			105,646		(17,192
Total equity			105,646		(17,1

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement or related notes within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 12 October 2017

Sebastian Jones

Director

Company Registration No. SC414648

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1 Company Information

Speyside Craft Brewery Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Ty Crwn, East Grange, Kinloss, Forres, Moray, IV36 2UD.

2 Compliance with accounting standards

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 are the first financial statements of Speyside Craft Brewery Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 May 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

3 Accounting policies

3.1 Revenue

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 5% straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 25% reducing balance
Computer equipment 33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

3 Accounting policies

(Continued)

3.3 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

3.4 Basic financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and the law enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3.6 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or non-current assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

3.7 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2016 - 7).

5 Property, plant and equipment

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Plant and machinery etc	
Cost		_	
At 1 May 2016		66,606	
Additions		40,130	
At 30 April 2017		106,736	
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 May 2016		14,351	
Depreciation charged in the year		6,189	
At 30 April 2017		20,540	
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2017		86,196	
At 30 April 2016		52,255	
Trade and other receivables	2017	2016	
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	2016 £	
Trade receivables	74,811	17,333	
Other receivables	1,339	1,282	
	76,150	18,615	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

7	Current liabilities		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	158	-
	Trade payables	41,763	16,455
	Other taxation and social security	35,859	6,593
	Other payables	68,052	100,122
		145,832	123,170
			

Bank overdrafts and loan creditors amounting to £8,717 (2016 - £8,293) are secured by floating charges over the company's assets.

8 Non-current liabilities

	2017 £	2016 £
Other payables	750	8,050

Loan creditors amounting to £750 (2016 - £8,050) are secured by a floating charge over the company's assets.

9 Called up share capital

	2017	2016
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
955 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	955	955
1,016 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,016	1,016
	4.074	4.074
	1,971	1,971

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

10 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

, <u> </u>	2017 £	2016 £
Within one year	-	2,635
Between two and five years	15,317	9,560
	15,317	12,195

11 Related party transactions

As at 1 May 2016 the company owed the director, £14,584. During the year the director introduced £6,600 to the company and the company met expenditure on behalf of the director amounting to £13,161. As at 30 April 2017 the company owed the director £8,023. This loan is interest free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.