TMGL Holdings Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016 Registered number SC412598

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activity

The company is a holding company.

Results and dividends

The company made a loss after tax of £2.7m (2015: profit of £25.1m) in the year. No dividend will be paid.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing were as follows:

Christopher Endsor Ian Murdoch (appointed 1st April 2016) Donald Borland (resigned 31st March 2016)

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

Julie Jackson

Secretary 5th June 2017

> 2 Lochside View 1st Floor Edinburgh Park Edinburgh EH12 9DH

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

KPMG LLP

Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG United Kingdom

Independent auditor's report to the members of TMGL Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements of TMGL Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out on pages 4 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements. Based solely on the worl required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Strategic report and the Directors' report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in those reports; and
- in our opinion, those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Hugh Harvie WWW (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

/< June 2017

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £000	2015 £000
Administrative expenses - Normal Administrative expenses - Exceptional	3	(2,164) -	(1,508) (9,828)
Operating loss		(2,164)	(11,336)
Gain on sale of investments			34,727
	_	(2,164)	23,391
Interest	4	(16)	67
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,180)	23,458
Taxation	5	(515)	1,678
(Loss) / profit for the financial year	•	(2,695)	25,136

There are no other items of other comprehensive income other than those disclosed above.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £000	2015 £000
Fixed assets		2000	2000
Investments	6	125,000	125,000
Current assets Debtors:			
Due within one year	7	451	6,464
Due after more than one year	7	24,671	21,445
Cash		56	4,116
·		25,178	32,025
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(50,498)_	(57,892)
Net current liabilities		(25,320)	(25,867)
Total assets less current liabilities	-	99,680	99,133
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(24,795)	(21,553)
Net assets		74,885	77,580
Capital and reserves	4.0		
Called up share capital	10	-	-
Share premium		50,304 34,594	50,304
Profit and loss account		24,581	27,276
Equity shareholders' funds		74,885	77,580

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 5th June 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

lan Murdoch

lan Murdel.

Director

Statement of changes in equity

	Called up Share capital £'000	Share Premium account £'000	Profit & loss account	Total shareholders' equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2015	-	50,304	2,140	52,444
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	25,136	25,136
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	25,136	25,136
Balance at 31 December 2015	<u> </u>	50,304	27,276	77,580
Balance at 1 January 2016	-	50,304	27,276	77,580
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(2,695)	(2,695)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(2,695)	(2,695)
Balance at 31 December 2016	•	50,304	24,581	74,885

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Accounting policies

TMGL Holdings Limited (the "company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

The company is exempt by virtue of s400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard* applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014. The amendments to FRS 102 issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements are available to the public and may be obtained from the address provided in Note 11. In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to the end of the period has not been included a second time;
- The disclosures required by FRS 102.11 Basic Financial Instruments and FRS 102.12
 Other Financial Instrument Issues in respect of financial instruments not falling within the fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1;
- · Cash flow statement and related notes;
- Key Management personnel compensation.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The day to day working capital requirements of the company are provided through funds provided by its principal subsidiary company, Miller Homes Limited. The directors of Miller Homes Limited have indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company, and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. The directors consider that this should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. Based on this support the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Basic financial instruments

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences (including past trading losses) which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent impairment.

2. Expenses and auditor's remuneration

Auditor remuneration of £1,000 (2015: £1,000) was borne by the ultimate parent company, The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited, during the year.

No directors received remuneration from the company in respect of their services during the year. The directors are also directors of the ultimate parent company, The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited, and their remuneration for services to the group is disclosed in the Group accounts. It is impractical to allocate their remuneration to individual group companies.

3.	Exceptional items	•	
		2016	2015
		£000	£000
	Waiver of loan to subsidiary undertaking	-	8,148
	Restructuring costs	•	1,680
		•	9,828
4.	Interest		
		2016	2015
		£000	£000
	Interest Payable		
	Shareholder loan interest	(3,242)	(1,553)
	Interest Receivable		
	Interest on loan to subsidiary undertaking	3,226	1,445
	Other Interest receivable		175
	Net interest	(16)	67
5.	Taxation		
		2016	2015
	Analysis of charge in the year	£000	£000
	UK corporation tax	•	
	Prior year credit	-	778
	Deferred tax	(515)	900
		(515)	1,678

The current tax charge for the year is higher (2015: tax credit is higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20.25%). The differences are explained below:

5. Taxation (continued)

	2016 £000	2015 £000
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax	(2,180)	23,458
Current tax at 20% (2015: 20.25%)	436	(4,750)
Non-taxable income Non-deductible expenses Prior year charge Effect of change in rate Total corporation tax (charge)/credit	(436) (515) (515)	7,430 (1,721) 778 (59) 1,678

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 21% to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. Further reductions to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) have also been substantively enacted.

These reductions will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly and reduce the deferred tax asset at 31 December 2016.

6. Investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings			Cost £000
	At start and end of year		-	125,000
	The principal undertakings in which the are as follows:	company's interests at the y	ear end are mo	re than 20%
		Principal activities	Country of registration	Share capital %
	Miller Homes Holdings Limited Miller Homes Limited	Residential development Residential development	Scotland Scotland	100 100
7.	Debtors	·		
	Due within one year			
	•		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Other debtors		66	944
	Deferred taxation		385	900
	Amounts due from group companies	•	<u>-</u>	4,620_
			451	6,464
	Due after more than one year			
	·		2016	2015
			£000	£000
	Amounts due from group companies		24,671	21,445

Following the year end the amount due after more than one year was repaid.

7. Debtors (continued)

Deferred tax	2016 £000	2015
	2000	£000
At beginning of year	900	_
(Charge)/credit in year	(515)	900
At end of year	385	900
The elements of the deferred tax balance calculated at 19% (2	:015: 19%) are as follow	rs:
	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Tax losses	385	900
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Amounts due to group companies	49,359	54,829
Accruals	1,130	3,009
Other taxes and social security	· 9	54
	50,498	57,892
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
oreattors, amounts running due after more than one year	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Loan from shareholders	24,795	21,553
Eddit Holli Silai Choldola	<u> </u>	21,000

The loan is due to certain shareholders of the ultimate parent company, The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited. The loan is for a 5 year term and bears interest at 15% per annum, payable on redemption. Proceeds from the loan were lent on to the company's principal trading subsidiary, Miller Homes Limited, in equivalent terms. Following the year end the loan was repaid.

10. Share capital

	2016	2015
Authorised and issued	£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	4	4
·		

11. Immediate and ultimate parent company

At 31 December 2016, the company's ultimate parent company is The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited. The company is registered in Scotland and incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited. The consolidated financial statements of The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited are available to the public and may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF.

At the date of approval of these financial statements the company was ultimately controlled by GSO Capital Partners LP, a division of the Blackstone Group LP.

12. Group companies

In accordance with Section 409 of the Companies Act 2006 a full list of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and the effective percentage of equity owned as at 31 December 2016 are disclosed below. All companies are incorporated in the United Kingdom unless indicated below and engaged in housebuilding, commercial property and mining operations.

Directly held subsidiaries of the Company

Miller Homes Holdings Limited - A
Miller Homes UK plc - B
Grain Holdco Limited - A
L Williams & Co Limited - B
Miller Mining Limited - A
JH & L Coal Inc (Indiana, USA) - H
James Miller & Partners Inc (Delaware USA) - H
Miller Developments (South Wales) Limited - B

Indirectly held subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Miller Homes - Subsidiaries (all 100%)

Pennant Vehicle Leasing Limited - A

Miller Homes Limited - A

Birch Limited - B

Birch Homes Limited – B

Birch Commercial Limited - B

Arwinrise Limited - C

Cussins Homes (Yorks) Limited – B

Highfields Developments Limited – B Emerald Shared Equity Limited – B

James Miller & Partners Limited - A

Land & City Properties (Bollington) Limited – A

Lemmington Estates Limited – B

Miller (Barrow) Limited – A

Miller (Cobblers Hall) Limited – B

Miller (Telford North) Limited - A

Miller Airdrie Limited - B

Miller East Kilbride Limited - A

Miller Framwellgate Limited - B

Miller Fullwood Limited - B

Miller Gadsby (Burton Albion) Limited - B

Miller Homes (Yorkshire) Limited - A

Miller Homes Cambridge Limited - B

Miller Homes Cambuslang Limited - A

Miller Homes City Quay Limited – B

Miller Homes Special Projects Portfolio Limited - A

Miller (Telford South) Limited – A

Miller Homes (Eccles) Limited - B

Miller Homes St Neots Limited - A

Miller Homes Two Limited – A

Miller Maidenhead Limited - B

Miller Residential (Northern) Limited – B

Miller Shared Equity Limited – A

FHL Nominees (No 1) Limited - B

Fairclough Homes Limited - B

Viewton Properties Limited – B

MF Development Company UK Limited – B

MF Development Funding Company UK Limited – B

Miller Fairclough UK Limited - B

CDC2020 Limited - B

Fairclough Homes Group Limited - B

Miller Fairclough Management Services Limited - B

MF Strategic Land Limited - B

Alderview Homes (Carrickstone) Limited – A

Miller Belmont Limited - A

Miller Residential Development Services Limited – A

Lowland Plaid Limited - D

Group Companies (continued)

Miller Homes - Joint Ventures (all 50%)

St Andrews Brae Developments Limited - E

Miller Wates (Didcot) Limited - B

Miller Wates (Southwater) Limited - B

Miller Wates (Wallingford) Limited - B

Miller Wates (Bracklesham) Limited - B

College Street Residential Developments Limited - A

Croftport Homes Limited - A

Iliad Miller (No 2) Limited - A

Iliad Miller Limited - A

Mount Park Developments Limited - A

Perth Land and Estates Limited - A

Canniesburn Limited - F

Lancefield Quay Limited - A

Miller Applecross (Edinburgh Quay) Limited - A

Miller Gadsby (Castle Marina) Limited - B

Scotmid-Miller (Great Junction Street) Limited - A

Miller Homes - Associates (45%)

New Laurieston (Glasgow) Limited - G

Miller Homes - Limited liability partnership (33.33%)

Telford NHT 2011 LLP - A

The letter shown following the name of each related company identifies the address of the registered office of that company as follows:

A - 2 Lochside View, Edinburgh

B - 2 Centro Place, Pride Park, Derby

C - Redburn Court, Earl Grey Way, North Shields

D - 18 Bothwell Street, Glasgow

E - Kent House, 14-17 Market Place, London

F - Johnstone House, 52-54 Rose Street, Aberdeen

G - 3 Cockburn Street, Edinburgh

H – 420 South 25th Street, Terre Haute, Indiana, USA.