Company Registration No. SC357717

SURVIVEX LIMITED

Abbreviated accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2012

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Independent auditor's report to the members of Survivex Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts consisting of the balance sheet and related notes 1 to 7, together with the financial statements of Survivex Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/04 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Graeme Sheils CA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Aberdeen, United Kingdom

10 September 2012

Balance sheet As at 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2 3	63,902	11,896
Tangible assets	3	5,201,634	4,469,076
		5,265,536	4,480,972
Current assets			
Debtors	4	1,109,913	425,178
Cash at bank and in hand		157,517	1,058,063
		1,267,430	1,483,241
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(2,974,660)	(503,518)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(1,707,230)	979,723
Total assets less current liabilities		3,558,306	5,460,695
Creditors: amounts falling due after more			
than one year	6	(3,225,118)	(3,863,034)
Net assets		333,188	1,597,661
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	7	1,785,500	1,785,500
Share premium	·	442,617	442,617
Profit and loss account		(1,894,929)	(630,456)
Total shareholders' funds		333,188	1,597,661

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The abbreviated accounts of Survivex Limited, registered number SC357717, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 August 2012.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

A Green Director

Notes to the abbreviated accounts For the year ended 31 March 2012

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted are described below and have been applied consistently in the current and prior year.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

Going concern

Having considered the company's plans and related financial forecasts the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources for the foreseeable future to develop its operational activities. Accordingly, the going concern basis is adopted in the preparation of the financial statements.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

All foreign exchange and translation differences are recorded in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in years different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

Intangible fixed assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Patents & trademarks 3 years
Domain name 3 years
Licences 10 years

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis over their useful lives, estimated as follows:

Leasehold improvements3-25 yearsPlant & machinery3-15 yearsComputer equipment3 yearsFurniture & fixtures3 years

Assets in the course of construction are not depreciated, until the assets are complete and available for use at which time they are transferred to the relevant asset category.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 March 2012

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Leases and hire purchase assets

Assets held under finance lease and other similar contracts, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the net interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Hire purchase transactions are dealt with similarly, except that assets are depreciated over their useful lives.

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes. Turnover is recognised upon provision of the training.

Pension costs

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

2. Intangible assets

	Trademarks & Licences £
Cost	_
At 1 April 2011	11,896
Additions	69,866
Disposals	(55)
At 31 March 2012	81,707
Amortisation	
Charge for the year	17,819
Disposals	(14)
At 31 March 2012	17,805
	·
Net book value	
At 31 March 2012	63,902
At 31 March 2011	11,896

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 March 2012

3. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold Improvements £	Plant & Machinery £	Furniture & Fixtures £		Assets under construction £	Total £
Cost						
At 1 April 2011	-	-	-	73,169	4,397,427	4,470,596
Additions	317,331	576,227	302,322	50,910	-	1,246,790
Transfers	2,704,400	1,693,027	-	-	(4,397,427)	-
Disposals		(10,885)		(260)	-	(11,145)
At 31 March 2012	3,021,731	2,258,369	302,322	123,819	-	5,706,241
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2011 Charge for the	-	-	-	1,520	-	1,520
year	125,212	266,599	79,229	34,782	_	505,822
Disposals		(2,657)		(78)	-	(2,735)
At 31 March 2012	125,212	263,942	79,229	36,224	-	504,607
Net book value						
At 31 March 2012	2,896,519	1,994,427	223,093	87,595		5,201,634
At 31 March 2011		-	-	71,649	4,397,427	4,469,076

4. Debtors

Debtors include £23,083 (2011: £24,083) which is not recoverable within one year.

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

The company has given security in respect of the following:

	2012	2011
	£	£
Amounts payable under finance leases	265,677	161,477
Shareholder loan notes	565,485	-
Bank overdraft	360,065	-
Cash flow finance creditor	302,475	
	1,493,702	161,477
		

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 March 2012

6. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The company has given security in respect of the following:

		2012 £	2011 £
	Amounts payable under finance leases	714,986	632,450
	Shareholder loan notes	1,285,715	1,666,373
		2,000,701	2,298,823
7.	Share capital		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Called up, allotted and fully paid		
	1,250,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,250,000	1,250,000
	535,500 A ordinary shares of £1 each	535,500	535,500
		1,785,500	1,785,500

The A ordinary shares have preference on liquidation, otherwise all shares rank pari passu.