

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC338738 (Scotland)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

FOR

TONY HERRON JOINERS LIMITED

William Duncan (UK) Limited
Chartered Accountants
4d Auchingramont Road
Hamilton
ML3 6JT

THURSDAY



S6L8G7WI

SCT

14/12/2017

#353

COMPANIES HOUSE

**CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

TONY HERRON JOINERS LIMITED

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

DIRECTOR:	Anthony Herron
REGISTERED OFFICE:	4d Auchingramont Road Hamilton ML3 6JT
BUSINESS ADDRESS:	16 Rochsolloch Farm Cottages Cairnhill Airdrie ML6 9BQ
REGISTERED NUMBER:	SC338738 (Scotland)
ACCOUNTANTS:	William Duncan (UK) Limited Chartered Accountants 4d Auchingramont Road Hamilton ML3 6JT
BANKERS:	Bank of Scotland PO Box 1000 BX2 1LB

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	31.3.17 £	£	31.3.16 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		3,000		6,000
Tangible assets	5		<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>
			3,002		6,002
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		4,279		3,991	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>6,797</u>		<u>9,510</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(2,518)</u>		<u>(5,519)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>484</u>		<u>483</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>384</u>		<u>383</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>484</u>		<u>483</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 13 October 2017 and were signed by:



Anthony Herron - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Tony Herron Joiners Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added tax. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services, namely joinery services.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Computer equipment - 20% on cost

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised as follows:

(i) Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand.

Cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts, which are included as current borrowings in liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(iii) Creditors

Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Provision for liabilities

The company recognises a provision for annual leave accrued by employees as a result of services rendered in the current period, and which employees are entitled to carry forward and use within the next 12 months. The provision is measured at the salary cost payable for the period of absence.

3. AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of employees during the year was 1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Goodwill
£

COST

At 1 April 2016
and 31 March 2017

30,000

AMORTISATION

At 1 April 2016
Amortisation for year

24,000
3,000

At 31 March 2017

27,000

NET BOOK VALUE

At 31 March 2017

3,000

At 31 March 2016

6,000

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Computer
equipment
£

COST

At 1 April 2016
and 31 March 2017

749

DEPRECIATION

At 1 April 2016
and 31 March 2017

747

NET BOOK VALUE

At 31 March 2017

2

At 31 March 2016

2

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

31.3.17

31.3.16

£

£

Corporation tax

2,625

2,850

PAYE and NIC

31

25

Director's loan

2,907

5,407

Accrued charges

1,234

1,228

6,797

9,510

7. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the company received an interest free loan from the director amounting to £2,907 (2016 : £5,407).