# Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2017

Registration No - \$C318812





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#### Directors and other information

**Directors** 

Graham L MacQueen

Robin A MacQueen

**Secretary** 

Robin A MacQueen

Company number

SC318812

Registered office

Unit 7A2

Glengallan Road

Oban Argyll PA34 4HG

**Business address** 

Unit 7A2

Glengallan Road

Oban Argyll PA34 4HG

**Accountants** 

Simmers & Co

Albany Chambers

Albany Street

Oban Argyll PA34 4AL

**Bankers** 

Clydesdale Bank

Argyll Square

Oban

# Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of MacQueen Bros Limited Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of MacQueen Bros Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of ICAS, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icas.com/FrameworkforthePreparationofAccounts.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of MacQueen Bros Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated I April 2008. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of MacQueen Bros Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of MacQueen Bros Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of ICAS as detailed at <a href="https://www.icas.com/FrameworkforthePreparationofAccounts">https://www.icas.com/FrameworkforthePreparationofAccounts</a>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than MacQueen Bros Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that MacQueen Bros Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of MacQueen Bros Limited. You consider that MacQueen Bros Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of MacQueen Bros Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Simmers & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

Albany Chambers
Albany Street

Oban

Argyll

PA34 4AL

28 December 2017

# Statement of financial position 31 March 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	12,000		24,000	
Tangible assets	6	110,838		37,754	
•			122,838	<del></del>	61,754
Current assets					
Stocks		14,701		16,869	
Debtors	7	52,093		82,742	
Cash at bank and in hand		88,645		107,121	
		155,439		206,732	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(154,565)		(163,494)	
Net current assets			874		43,238
Total assets less current liabilities			123,712		104,992
Provisions for liabilities			(19,847)		(4,721)
Net assets			103,865		100,271
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3		3
Profit and loss account			103,862		100,268
Shareholders funds			103,865		100,271

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2017

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Robin A MacQueen

Director

Company registration number: SC318812

# Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At I April 2015 (as previously reported) Effects of changes in accounting policies	3 -	123,771 (42,000)	123,774 (42,000)
At I April 2015 (restated)	3	81,771	81,774
Profit for the year		68,497	68,497
Total comprehensive income for the year	<del></del>	68,497	68,497
Dividends paid and payable		(50,000)	(50,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
At 31 March 2016 (as previously reported) Effects of changes in accounting policies	3 -	148,268 (48,000)	148,271 (48,000)
At 31 March 2016 (restated) and I April 2016	3	100,268	100,271
Profit for the year		3,594	3,594
Total comprehensive income for the year		3,594	3,594
At 31 March 2017	3	103,862	103,865

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

#### I. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is MacQueen Bros Limited, Unit 7A2, Glengallan Road, Oban, Argyll, PA34 4HG.

### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section I.A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

#### **Operating leases**

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% Straight-line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings, fixtures & equipment

- 25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 11 (2016: 11).

# 5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill <b>£</b>	Total £
Cost		
At I April 2016 and 31 March 2017	120,000	120,000
Amortisation		
At I April 2016	96,000	96,000
Charge for the year	12,000	12,000
At 31 March 2017	108,000	108,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2017	12,000	12,000
At 31 March 2016	24,000	24,000

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

6.	Tangible assets			
	-	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
		fittings and	vehicles	
		equipment £	£	£
	Cost	L	~	-
	At I April 2016	70,437	105,244	175,681
	Additions	21,031	90,000	111,031
	Disposals	-	(10,028)	(10,028)
	At 31 March 2017	91,468	185,216	276,684
	Depreciation			
	At I April 2016	49,642	88,285	137,927
	Charge for the year	10,456	26, <del>4</del> 88	36,944
	Disposals	-	(9,025)	(9,025)
	At 31 March 2017	60,098	105,748	165,846
	Carrying amount	21.270	70.440	
	At 31 March 2017	31,370	79,468	110,838
	At 31 March 2016	20,795	16,959	37,754
7.	Debtors			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Trade debtors		32,918	12,505
	Other debtors		19,175	70,237
			52,093	82,742
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	,		2017	2016
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			4,325
	Trade creditors		4,935	5,902
	Corporation tax		-	22,113
	Social security and other taxes		62,727	61,452
	Other creditors	•	86,903	69,702
			154,565	163,494

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

# 9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017				
		Balance	<b>Advances</b>	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		_	the directors	•	J
		£	£	£	£
Graham L MacQueen		(18,494)	•	6,855	(11,639)
Robin A MacQueen		(42,800)		6,660	(36,140)
		(61,294)	-	13,515	(47,779)
	2016		<del></del>	<del></del>	
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
•		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		_	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
Graham L MacQueen		(33,624)	(25,000)	40,130	(18,494)
Robin A MacQueen		(26,462)	, ,	8,663	(42,799)
		(60,086)	(50,000)	48,793	(61,293)
					=

The directors do not seek immediate repayment.

# 10. Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transaction value		Balance owed by/(owed to)	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	£	£	£	£
MacQueen Self Storage Ltd	182,922	128,627	(18,624)	68,781

MacQueen Self Storage Ltd (MSS) has the same directors/shareholders as this company. MacQueen Bros Ltd also provides administration and management services to MSS.

# 11. Controlling party

The company is controlled by its directors.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

### 12. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

Reconciliation of equity							
	At l	April 2015		At 3	l March 201	6	
	Previously	Effect of	FRS 102	Previously	Effect of	FRS 102	
	stated	transition	(restated)	stated	transition	(restated)	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets	125,551	(42,000)	83,551	109,754	(48,000)	61,754	
Current assets	153,382	-	153,382	206,732	-	206,732	
Creditors amounts falling due within							
lyear	(149,100)	_	(149,100)	(163,494)	-	(163,494)	
1,001	(117,100)			(100,171)		(100,171)	
Net current assets	4,282		4,282	43,238	-	43,238	
Total assets less							
current liabilities Provisions for	129,833	(42,000)	87,833	152,992	(48,000)	104,992	
liabilities	(6,059)	_	(6,059)	(4,721)	-	(4,721)	
			(0,00.)	( ,,, = , )			
Net assets	123,774	(42,000)	81,774	148,271	(48,000)	100,271	
Equity	123,773	(42,000)	81,773	148,271	(48,000)	100,271	
Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year							
rioconcinación oi p		·		At 3	l March 201	6	
				Previously	Effect of	FRS 102	
				stated	transition	(restated)	
				£	£	£	
Turnover				447,599	-	447,599	
Cost of sales				(6,849)	-	(6,849)	
Gross profit				440,750		440,750	
Administrative expen	ses			(345,478)	(6,000)	(351,478)	
Operating profit				95,272	(6,000)	89,272	
Tax on Profit				(20,775)	-	(20,775)	
Profit after taxation				74,497	(6,000)	68,497	
Profit for the financial	year			74,497	(6,000)	68,497	

Prior the transitioning to FRS102 Goodwill was being amortised, straightline, over 20 years. To comply with FRS102 the policy has now changed to amortise, straightline, over 10 years.