Company registration number SC308450 (Scotland)	
DH TORPHICHEN STREET LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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# **BALANCE SHEET**

# **AS AT 31 MARCH 2023**

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		-		-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(1,277,907)		(1,277,907)	
Net current liabilities			(1,277,907)		(1,277,907)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(1,278,007)		(1,278,007)
Total equity			(1,277,907)		(1,277,907)
rotal equity			(1,277,907)		(1,277,307)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 17 April 2023

R M Petrie

Director

Company Registration No. SC308450

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

DH Torphichen Street Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Maidencraig House, 192 Queensferry Road, Edinburgh, EH4 2BN.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

#### 1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The director has a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The company is dependent on the ongoing support of its ultimate controlling party to meet its obligations as they fall due and to support its fellow group undertakings. The director believes that in the circumstances, the going concern basis is the most appropriate basis for the preparation of the accounts.

## 1.3 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

## 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## Creditors

Creditors with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price.

# 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### **Accounting policies** (Continued)

#### 1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 2 **Employees**

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Total	_	-
		_	_
3	Fixed asset investments		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Investments	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

3	Fixed asset investments					(Continued)	
	Movements in fixed asset inve	estments				Shares in group undertakings £	
	Cost or valuation At 1 April 2022					100	
	Impairment At 1 April 2022					100	
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2023					-	
	At 31 March 2022						
4	Subsidiaries						
	Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2023 are as follows:						
	Name of undertaking	Registered office key	Nature of business		Class of shares held	% Held Direct	
	Duddingston House Renfield Street Limited	1	Property development		Ordinary	100	
	Registered Office addresses:						
	1 Maidencraig House, 192 C	ueensferry Road,	Edinburgh, EH4 2BN				
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	e within one year			2023		
	Other creditors				1,277,907		
6	Called up share capital		2023	2022	2023	3 2022	
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		Number	Number	f	£ £	
	Ordinary A shares of £1 each		50	50	50	50	
	Ordinary B shares of £1 each		50	50	50		
			100	100	100		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

As at the year end, the company owed £1,277,907 (2022 - £1,277,907) to its ultimate controlling party. The amount is interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.