David McDonald Financial Services Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2020

David McDonald Financial Services Ltd

Registered number: SC279742

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		117,257		117,291
Current assets					
Debtors	4	10,486		5,542	
Cash at bank and in hand		188,243		204,353	
	•	198,729		209,895	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(15,581)		(35,366)	
Net current assets	•		183,148		174,529
Net assets		_	300,405	_	291,820
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			300,404		291,819
Shareholder's funds			300,405	 	291,820

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

David McDonald

Director

Approved by the board on 11 September 2020

David McDonald Financial Services Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and buildings, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

No depreciation applied
Fixtures and fittings

18% reducing balance
Equipment

18% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2020	2019
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the com	4	4	
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2019	119,060	2,758	121,818
	At 31 March 2020	119,060	2,758	121,818
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2019	1,884	2,643	4,527
	Charge for the year	13		34
	At 31 March 2020	1,897	2,664	4,561
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2020	117,163	94	117,257
	At 31 March 2019	117,176	115	117,291
4	Debtors		2020	2019
-	Debtors		£	£ £
			_	~
	Other debtors		10,486	5,542
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2020	2019
-	The state of the s		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		4	4
	Taxation and social security costs		8,156	25,853
			3,100	_0,000

Other creditors	7,421	9,509
	15,581	35,366

6 Other information

David McDonald Financial Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

65 Bath Street

Glasgow

G2 2BX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.