Registered number: SC279236

# **SYNTROPHARMA LIMITED**

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013



SCT

13/09/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

#96

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** A Gardiner

P K Moore I J G Scott G McGettigan

Registered number

SC279236

Registered office

No.2 Lochrin Square 96 Fountainbridge Edinburgh

EH3 9QA

Independent auditor

BDO LLP

Citypoint

65 Haymarket Terrace

Edinburgh EH12 5HD

**Bankers** 

Bank of Scotland 33 Channel Street

Galashiels TD1 1BE

**Solicitors** 

Biggart Baillie LLP No. 2 Lochrin Square

96 Fountainbridge

Edinburgh EH3 9QA

# **CONTENTS**

	Page
Directors' report	1
Directors' responsibilities statement	2
Independent auditor's report	3 - 4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 12

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013.

#### **Principal activities**

The company's principal activity is that of drug development, in particular, the development and commercialisation of transdermal patch applications of drugs used to treat Central Nervous System disorders.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

A Gardiner
P K Moore
I J G Scott
G McGettigan
D McHoul (resigned 31 December 2012)

#### Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
  any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish
  that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

29/08/2013

and signed on its behalf.

A Gardiner Director

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions, to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SYNTROPHARMA LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Syntropharma Limited for the year ended 8 February 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of matter**

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1.1 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company currently funds its operations through cash injections from its investors and a loan from Scottish Enterprise. The ability of the company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the ability of the company to secure new customers for its products or obtaining additional funding from its existing shareholders. These conditions, along with the other matters explained in note 1.1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SYNTROPHARMA LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report inin accordance with the small companies regime.

Ba W

4 SLPTEMBER 213

Martin J Gill (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Edinburgh
United Kingdom

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Administrative expenses		(308,321)	(308,907)
Other operating income	2	19,782	-
OPERATING LOSS	3	(288,539)	(308,907)
Interest payable and similar charges		(3,505)	(6,685)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(292,044)	(315,592)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	5	241	33,326
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11	(291,803)	(282,266)

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# SYNTROPHARMA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC279236

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2013

			28 February 2013		28 February 2012
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		548		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	6,988		40,105	
Cash at bank		184,009		174,304	
		190,997	-	214,409	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	(129,341)		(118,819)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			61,656		95,590
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	IES		62,204		95,590
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(39,814)		
NET ASSETS			22,390		95,590
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		6		5
Share premium account	11		2,834,736		2,616,134
Profit and loss account	11		(2,812,352)		(2,520,549)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			22,390		95,590

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

50/8 KO12

A Gardiner Director

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The company made a loss of £291,803 (2012 - £282,266) in the current financial year. To date, the company has been funded through capital injected by its shareholders and a loan provided by Scottish Enterprise. The ability of the company to continue as a going concern will ultimately be dependent on the ability of the company to secure new customers for its various products. The directors remain confident regarding the company's prospects and are in discussions with a number of parties regarding licencing of their various products.

Although the company has received additional funding from its existing shareholders of £218,602 during the year, further financial support may become needed in the foreseeable future to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts from the sales of goods and services (including payments received for out-licencing) provided in the normal course of business in the year, net of value added tax and discounts.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Office equipment

25% straight line

#### 1.4 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

#### 1.5 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.6 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.7 Research and development

Research and development expenditure includes amounts paid to third parties in relation to relevant activities and services as well as milestone and other payments for the acquisition of patents, technologies and other intellectual property. Relevant staff costs and direct and indirect overheads incurred in relation to research and development activities are also included.

Expenditure on in—house research and patents is written off as incurred. Development expenditure, including acquired product rights, is also written off, except where the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects including receipt of relevant regulatory approvals.

Expenditure on in-licensed technologies is reviewed on a consistent basis with other research and development expenditure and in-licensed costs which have uncertain future revenue are expensed as incurred.

All development expenditure to date has been written off. Where future development expenditure is considered suitable for capitalisation, the identifiable costs will be deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit and provision will be made for any impairment.

The costs of funding research are accounted for as incurred.

#### 1.8 Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account when received.

#### 1.9 Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

2.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Grants receivable	19,782 ————	-
3.	OPERATING LOSS		
	The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company	_	1,294
	Auditor's remuneration	4,350	4,350
	Research and development expenditure	86,409	19,547
	Gain/(Loss) on foreign exchange	1,366	(36)
4.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Aggregate emoluments	144,382	221,177
		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	
5.	TAXATION		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	(241)	(33,326)
	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	(241)	(33,326)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

# 6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	0 -1	·	Office equipment £
	Cost At 1 March 2012 Additions		10,311 548
	At 28 February 2013		10,859
	Depreciation At 1 March 2012 and 28 February 2013		10,311
	Net book value At 28 February 2013		548
	At 29 February 2012		-
7.	DEBTORS		
		28 February 2013 £	28 February 2012 £
	Other debtors Research and development tax credit	6,988 -	6,779 33,326
		6,988	40,105
8.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		28 February 2013 £	28 February 2012 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	57,415
	Other loans Trade creditors Social security and other taxes Other creditors	10,186 87,150 1,344 30,661	- 45,678 2,224 13,502
		129,341	118,819

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

#### 9. CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Other loans	28 February 2013 £ 39,814	28 February 2012 £ -
10.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		28 February 2013 £	28 February 2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	53,836 (2012 - 45,428) Ordinary shares shares of £0.0001 each	6	5

During the year the company allotted 8,408 ordinary shares with a nominal value of £0.0001 for a total consideration of £218,603 as part of fund-raising to provide financing for the company's ongoing development.

#### **Executive Option Scheme**

The executive option scheme was applicable to 3 directors. On 1 August 2008, 24,104 options were granted at an exercise price of £0.0001 per share. These options have not been exercised and expired on 1 August 2011. On 19 July 2012, 4,600 options were granted at an exercise price of £0.0001 per share. These options will expire on 19 July 2017

One employee has the right to purchase 698 ordinary shares at a price of £62.40 per share. The option was granted on 1 August 2008 and will expire on 1 August 2018. No performance conditions are attached to this scheme. No charge has been recorded for Executive Option Scheme share options granted in accordance with the FRSSE.

#### **EMI** share options

These options apply to two individuals. 2,558 options with an exercise price of £0.0001 per share are outstanding and were granted on 1 August 2008. The options will expire on 1 August 2018 and can be exercised at any point. There are no performance conditions attached to these options. No charge has been recorded for EMI share options granted in accordance with the FRSSE.

#### 11. RESERVES

	Share	
	premium	Profit and
	account	loss account
	£	£
At 1 March 2012 Loss for the year	2,616,134	(2,520,549) (291,803)
Premium on shares issued during the year	218,602	, , ,
At 28 February 2013	2,834,736	(2,812,352)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2013

#### 12. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 28 February 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Expiry date:	28 February 2013 £	28 February 2012 £
Within 1 year	<u> </u>	3,608

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, fees totalling £15,200 (2012 - £16,973), £14,800 (2012 - £11,234) and £22,000 (2012 - £19,370) were invoiced by I J G Scott, G McGettigan and P K Moore respectively, for services provided as non executive directors. These fees were invoiced by their respective companies.

Included within trade creditors are amounts of £23,951 (2012 - £17,697), £12,880 (2012 - £3,600) and £20,556 (2012 - £9,834) due to JGS Associates (Scotland) Limited, Celtic Bio-Pharma Limited and Business Therapies Limited, companies controlled by I J G Scott, G McGettigan and P K Moore respectively. The maximum outstanding during the year was £23,951 (2012 - £17,697), £12,880 (2012 - £5,925) and £20,556 (2012 - £9,834) respectively.

Included within other creditors are amounts of £5,832 (2012 - £5,832) and £992 (2012 - £992) payable to A Gardiner and D McHoul, both directors.

During the year 296 ordinary shares were issued to Celtic Bio Services Limited, a company controlled by G McGettigan, a director.

During the year 443 ordinary shares were issued to Business Therapies Limited, a company controlled by P K Moore, a director.

During the year 296 ordinary shares were issued to JGS Associates (Scotland) Limited, a company controlled by I J G Scott, a director.

#### 14. CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the board of directors and by virture of their respective shareholdings, there is no one individual party that exercises control of the company.