Company number SC277259

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

WRITTEN RESOLUTION

of

POLLOKSHIELDS DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED (Company)

21/4/18 Dated:

(Circulation Date)

SCT

04/05/2018

COMPANIES HOUSE

#320

Pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of the Company propose that the resolution below is passed as a special resolution (Resolution).

#### RESOLUTION

THAT the draft articles of association attached to this resolution be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association.

### **AGREEMENT**

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signifying your agreement to the Resolution.

The undersigned, a person entitled to vote on the above Resolution on the Circulation Date, hereby irrevocably agrees to the Resolution:

Signed by Faisal Muhammed

Ahmed:

Date:

Lang:

Date:

Signed by David Matthew Baird

27/4/18

### NOTES

1. If you agree to the Resolution, please indicate your agreement by signing and dating this document where indicated above and returning it to the Company using one of the following methods:

By Hand. Deliver the signed copy to Elspeth Curle, Curle Stewart Limited, Solicitors, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 16 Gordon Street, Glasgow G1 3PT.

**Post.** Return the signed copy by post to Elspeth Curle, Curle Stewart Limited, Solicitors, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 16 Gordon Street, Glasgow G1 3PT.

**Email.** Attach a scanned copy of the signed document to an email and sending it to ec@curlestewart.co.uk and hm@curlestewart.co.uk. Please enter "Written resolution Pollokshields Developments Limited - Articles" in the email subject box.

If you do not agree to the Resolution, you do not need to do anything: you will not be deemed to agree if you fail to reply.

- 2. Once you have indicated your agreement to the Resolution, you may not revoke your agreement.
- 3. Unless sufficient agreement has been received for the Resolution to pass 28 days after the Circulation Date, it will lapse. If you agree to this Resolution, please indicate your agreement and notify us as soon as possible.
- 4. In the case of joint holders of shares, only the vote of the senior holder who votes will be counted by the Company. Seniority is determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders appear in the register of members.
- 5. If you are signing this document on behalf of a person under a power of attorney or other authority please send a copy of the relevant power of attorney or authority when returning this document.

These are the new Articles of Association of the Company referred to in the attached Special Resolution.

Director for and on behalf of Pollokshields Developments Limited

# **ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

of

# POLLOKSHIELDS DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED



### COMPANY NO. SC277259

### **THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

# PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# **ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF** 

### POLLOKSHIELDS DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolution passed on

Introduction

#### 1. Interpretation

In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings: 1.1

Appointor: has the meaning given in article



Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force;

Bad Leaver: a Departing Employee Shareholder who becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder in circumstances where he is not a Good Leaver;

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Scotland when banks in Edinburgh and Glasgow are open for business;

CA 2006: the Companies Act 2006;

Civil Partner: in relation to a shareholder, a civil partner as defined in the Civil Partnership Act 2004;

Conflict: a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company;

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice that is deemed to have been served under any provision of these Articles;

Departing Employee Shareholder: an Employee Shareholder who ceases to be a director or employee of the Company (other than by reason of death);

Eligible Director: a Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors:

Employee Shareholder: a shareholder who is, or has been, a director and/or an employee of the Company;

Fair Value: in relation to shares, as determined in accordance with article



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Family Trust: in relation to a shareholder, a trust set up for the benefit of that shareholder and/or that shareholder's Privileged Relations;

**Good Leaver**: an Employee Shareholder who becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder by reason of:

- (a) retirement, permanent disability or permanent incapacity through ill-health; or
- (b) redundancy (as defined in the Employment Rights Act 1996); or
- (c) dismissal by the Company which is determined, by an employment tribunal or at a court of competent jurisdiction from which there is no right to appeal, to be wrongful;

Interested Director: has the meaning given in article

**Model Articles**: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI 2008/3229*) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles and reference to a numbered Model Article is a reference to that article of the Model Articles;

**Original Shareholder**: a shareholder who holds shares in the Company on the date of adoption of these Articles:

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of shares made in accordance with article

**Permitted Transferee**: in relation to a shareholder, any of his Privileged Relations or the trustees of his Family Trust(s);

**Privileged Relation**: the spouse or Civil Partner of a shareholder and the shareholder's children and grandchildren (including step and adopted children and grandchildren);

Proposed Sale Price: has the meaning given in article

Sale Shares: has the meaning given in article

Shares: the shares in issue in the capital of the Company from time to time;

**Termination Date**: (a) where employment ceases by virtue of notice given by the employer to the employee, the date on which such notice expires;

- (b) where a contract of employment is terminated by the employer and a payment is made in lieu of notice, the date on which notice of termination was served;
- (c) where the Employee Shareholder concerned is a director but not an employee, the date on which his service agreement (or other terms of appointment) with the Company is terminated; or
- (d) in any other case, the date on which the employment or holding of office is terminated;

Transfer Notice: has the meaning given in article

Valuers: an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the Company and the Seller or, in the absence of agreement between the Company and the Seller on the

identity of the expert within 10 Business Days of the expiry of the 10 Business Day period referred to in article 15.5, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator);

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise, save that, for the purposes of article and article writing or "written" shall not include the sending or supply of notices, documents or information in electronic form (other than by fax);

A Share: an ordinary share of £0.01 in the capital of the Company designated as an A Share;

**B Share**: an ordinary share of £0.01 in the capital of the Company designated as a B Share; and

C Share: an ordinary shares of £0.01 in the capital of the Company designated as a C Share.

- 1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the CA 2006 shall have those meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, extended or re-enacted from time to time.
- 1.6 A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.
- 1.7 Any words following the terms **including**, **include**, **in particular**, **for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.
- 1.8 Where the context permits, **other** and **otherwise** are illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding them.

### 2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model Articles 6(2), 7, 8, 9(1), 11 to 14 (inclusive), 16, 17, 22(2), 26(5), 36, 38, 39, 43, 44(2), 49 and 50 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 In Model Article 25(2)(c), the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.4 Model Articles 27(2)(a) and (b) shall be amended by the insertion, in each case, of the words "and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death" after the words "subject to the articles".
- 2.5 Model Article 28(2) shall be amended by the deletion of the word "If" and the insertion of the words "Subject to the articles and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death, if" in its place.
- 2.6 Model Articles 31(1)(a) to (c) (inclusive) shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide". Model Article 31(d) shall be amended by the deletion of the words "either" and "or by such other means as the directors decide".

### **Directors**

### 3. Directors' meetings

Where there are two or more appointed directors:-

- Any decision of the directors must be taken at a meeting of directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with article.
- 3.2 Subject as provided in these Articles, the directors may participate in directors' meetings for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. The directors will try to meet at least quarterly. Such meetings may be held by telephone conference call or video link or similar (provided that all directors present may be seen and heard).

- 3.3 All decisions made at any meeting of the directors shall be made only by resolution, and no such resolution shall be passed unless:
  - (a) more votes are cast for it than against it; and
  - (b) at least two Eligible Directors participating in the meeting of the directors have voted in favour of it.
- 3.4 Each director has one vote at a meeting of directors.
- 3.5 If at any time before or at any meeting of the directors all Directors participating should request that the meeting be adjourned or reconvened to another time or date (whether to enable further consideration to be given to any matter or for other directors to participate or for any other reason, which need not be stated) then such meeting shall be adjourned or reconvened accordingly, and no business shall be conducted at that meeting after such a request has been made. No meeting of directors may be adjourned pursuant to this article more than once.

### 4. Unanimous decisions of directors

Where there are two or more appointed directors:-

- 4.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 4.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting to vote on the matter.

### 5. Number of directors

There may be a sole director. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

### 6. Calling a directors' meeting

Where there are two or more appointed directors:-

Any director may call a meeting of directors by giving not less than seven Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such shorter period of notice as agreed in writing by the Directors) to each director.

- 6.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must be accompanied by:
  - (a) an agenda specifying in reasonable detail the matters to be raised at the meeting; and
  - (b) copies of any papers to be discussed at the meeting.
- 6.3 Matters not on the agenda, or business conducted in relation to those matters, may not be raised at a meeting of directors unless all the directors present at the meeting agree in writing.

### 7. Quorum for directors' meetings

- 7.1 Where there are two or more appointed directors, the quorum at any meeting of the directors (including adjourned meetings) shall be two directors.
- 7.2 No business shall be conducted at any meeting of directors unless a quorum is present at the beginning of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.
- 7.3 If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes of the time specified for the relevant meeting in the notice of the meeting then the meeting shall be adjourned for 7 Business Days at the same time and place.

### 8. Chairing of directors' meetings

Where there are two or more appointed directors:-

The post of chairman of the directors will be held in alternate years by a Director. The chairman shall have a casting vote. If the chairman for the time being is unable to attend any meeting of the board of directors, the shareholder who appointed him shall be entitled to appoint another of his nominated directors to act as chairman at the meeting.

### 9. Directors' interests

- 9.1 For the purposes of section 175 of the CA 2006, the shareholders (and not the directors) shall have the power to authorise, by resolution and in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, any Conflict proposed to them by any director which would, if not so authorised, involve a director (the **Interested Director**) breaching his duty under section 175 of the CA 2006 to avoid conflicts of interest.
- 9.2 The Interested Director must provide the shareholders with such details as are necessary for the shareholders to decide whether or not to authorise the Conflict, together with such additional information as may be requested by the shareholders.
- 9.3 Any authorisation by the shareholders of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):

- (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
- (b) provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
- (c) provide that the Interested Director will or will not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict:
- (d) impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the shareholders think fit;
- (e) provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
- (f) permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.

### 9.4 Where the shareholders authorise a Conflict:

- the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the shareholders in relation to the Conflict;
   and
- (b) the Interested Director will not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the CA 2006, provided he acts in accordance with such terms and conditions (if any) as the shareholders impose in respect of their authorisation.
- 9.5 The shareholders may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.
- 9.6 Any Director shall be entitled from time to time to disclose to the holders of the Shares such information concerning the business and affairs of the Company as he shall at his discretion see fit, subject only to the condition that if there be more than one A shareholder or (as the case may be) B shareholder or C shareholder, the director concerned shall ensure that each of the shareholders of the same class receives the same information on an equal footing.

- 9.7 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the shareholders in accordance with these Articles (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.
- 9.8 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors before the Company enters into the transaction or arrangement in accordance with the CA 2006.
- 9.9 Subject to sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors as soon as is reasonably practicable in accordance with the CA 2006, unless the interest has already been declared under article.
- 9.10 Subject, where applicable, to any terms, limits or conditions imposed by the shareholders in accordance with article , and provided a director has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:
  - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any such transaction or arrangement with the Company, or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
  - (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
  - (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors or participate in any unanimous decision in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
  - (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;
  - (e) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and

(f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the CA 2006)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the CA 2006.

### 10. Records of decisions to be kept

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in a form that enables the Company to retain a copy of such decisions.

# 11. Appointment and removal of directors

- 11.1 No Director shall be appointed or removed otherwise than pursuant to these Articles, save as provided by law.
- 11.2 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the Company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director.

#### 12. Alternate directors

- 12.1 Any director (other than an alternate director) (the **Appointor**) may appoint any person (whether or not a director) other than an existing director representing the other class of shares, to be an alternate director to exercise the Appointor's powers, and carry out the Appointor's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the Appointor. In these Articles, where the context so permits, the term "Director" shall include an alternate director appointed by a Director. A person may be appointed an alternate director by more than one director provided that each of his Appointors represents the same class of shares but not otherwise.
- 12.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director must be effected by notice in writing to the Company (and to the alternate, on removal) signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

### 12.3 The notice must:

(a) identify the proposed alternate; and

- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.
- 12.4 An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any decision of the directors, as the alternate's Appointor.
- 12.5 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:
  - (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
  - (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
  - (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
  - (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors.

- 12.6 A person who is an alternate director but not a director may, subject to him being an Eligible Director:
  - (a) Be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at a meeting of directors (but only if that person's Appointor is an Eligible Director and is not participating); and
  - (b) Participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, and does not himself participate).
- 12.7 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor(s), to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor (provided that an Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision), in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors.
- 12.8 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration in his capacity as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to the alternate's Appointor as the Appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- 12.9 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate (in respect of a particular Appointor) terminates:
  - (a) when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company and the alternate in writing specifying when it is to terminate; or

- (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a director; or
- (c) on the death of the alternate's Appointor; or
- (d) when the alternate director's Appointor ceases to be a director for whatever reason.

### **Shares**

# 13. Share capital

- 13.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the A Shares, the B Shares and the C Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.
- 13.2 On the transfer of any share as permitted by these Articles:
  - (a) a share transferred to a non-shareholder shall remain of the same class as before the transfer; and
  - (b) a share transferred to a shareholder shall automatically be redesignated on transfer as a share of the same class as those shares already held by the shareholder.

If no shares of a class remain in issue following a redesignation under this article, these Articles shall be read as if they do not include any reference to that class or to any consents from, or attendance at any meeting or votes to be cast by, shareholders of that class or directors appointed by that class.

- 13.3 No variation of the rights attaching to any class of shares shall be effective except with the sanction of a special resolution of the holders of the relevant class of shares. Where a special resolution to vary the rights attaching to a class of shares is proposed at a separate general meeting of that class of shares, all the provisions of these Articles as to general meetings of the Company shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be the Original Shareholder holding shares of the relevant class present in person or by proxy. For the purpose of this article, the Original Shareholder present in person or by proxy may constitute a meeting.
- 13.4 Each of the following shall be deemed to constitute a variation of the rights attached to each class of shares:
  - (a) any alteration in the Articles:
  - (b) any reduction, subdivision, consolidation, redenomination, or purchase or redemption by the Company of its own shares or other alteration in the share capital of the Company or any of the rights attaching to any share capital; and

- (c) any resolution to put the Company into liquidation.
- 13.5 The Company shall immediately cancel any shares acquired under Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the CA 2006.

### 14. Share transfers: general

- 14.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that share, and reference to a share includes a beneficial or other interest in a share.
- 14.2 No shareholder shall transfer any share except:
  - (a) a shareholder may transfer all (but not some only) of his shares in the Company for cash in accordance with the procedure set out in article
  - (b) in accordance with article ; or
  - (c) in accordance with article ; or
  - (d) in accordance with article
- 14.3 Subject to article the property of the directors must register any duly stamped or certified exempt transfer made in accordance with these Articles and shall not have any discretion to register any transfer of shares which has not been made in compliance with these Articles.
- 14.4 The directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether to a Permitted Transferee or otherwise) require the transferee to provide the Company with the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006 and to execute and deliver to the Company a deed under which the transferee agrees to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between the shareholders in such form as the directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document). If any such condition is imposed in accordance with this article the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee and the Company has received all of the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006.
- To enable the directors to determine whether or not there has been a transfer of shares in the Company in breach of these Articles, the directors of any class may from time to

time require any shareholder to provide the Company with such information and evidence as they may reasonably require relevant to that purpose. If a shareholder fails to provide information or evidence in respect of any shares registered in his name to the reasonable satisfaction of such directors within 14 days of their request or, as a result of the information and evidence provided such directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, then such directors may serve a notice on the shareholder stating that the shareholder shall not in relation to [those shares][all shares held by that shareholder] be entitled to be present or to vote in person or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or any meeting of the holders of shares of that class, or to vote on a written resolution of the shareholders or to receive dividends on the shares. Such directors may reinstate these rights at any time.

- 14.6 Any transfer of shares by way of a sale under these Articles shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the shares with full title guarantee.
- 14.7 Any Transfer Notice served in respect of the transfer of any shares which has not completed before the date of service of a Deemed Transfer Notice shall automatically be revoked by the service of the Deemed Transfer Notice.
- 15. Pre-emption rights on the transfer of shares
- 15.1 Except where the provisions of article or article or article apply, a shareholder (Seller) wishing to transfer his shares (Sale Shares) must give notice in writing (a Transfer Notice) to the other shareholders (Continuing Shareholders) giving details of the proposed transfer including:
  - (a) if he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed buyer; and
  - (b) the price (in cash) at which he wishes to sell the Sale Shares (**Proposed Sale Price**).
- 15.2 Within 20 Business Days of receipt (or deemed receipt) of a Transfer Notice, the Continuing Shareholders or any number of them shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating either:
  - (a) that they wish to purchase the Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price (Purchase Notice), in which case the Continuing Shareholder(s) concerned is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price; or
  - (b) that the Proposed Sale Price is too high (Price Notice),

In case there shall be more than one shareholder willing to purchase the Sale Shares, the shares shall be divided among such purchasing shareholders in proportion as nearly possible to the number of shares already held by them respectively.

- 15.3 The Continuing Shareholder is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price when it gives a Purchase Notice to the Seller under Article 15.2.
- 15.4 If, at the expiry of the period specified in article 15.2, the Continuing Shareholders have not given either a Purchase Notice nor a Price Notice, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) (subject to the provisions of Article 19) at a price not less than the Proposed Sale Price provided that it does so within two months of the expiry of the period specified in article 15.2.
- 15.5 Following service of a Price Notice under article 15.2(b), the Seller and the Continuing Shareholders who served the Price Notice shall endeavour to agree a price for each of the Sale Shares. If they have not agreed such a price within ten Business Days of the Seller's receipt of a Price Notice, either the Seller or the Continuing Shareholders concerned shall immediately instruct the Valuers to determine the Fair Value of each Sale Share in accordance with article 18. If the Seller and the Continuing Shareholders concerned agree a price within the period specified in this article 15.4, the Continuing Shareholders concerned are bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the price agreed.
- 15.6 Within 20 Business Days of receipt of the Valuers' determination of the Fair Value, the Continuing Shareholders who served the Price Notice shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating that the Continuing Shareholders, or any number of them, wish to purchase the Sale Shares at their Fair Value as determined by the Valuers. If, at the expiry of the period specified in this article 15.5, the Continuing Shareholders concerned have not notified the Seller that they want to buy the Sale Shares, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) at a price not less than the Fair Value for all of the Sale Shares as determined by the Valuers provided that it does so within two months of the expiry of the period specified in this article 15.6.

### 16. Permitted Transfers

- 16.1 Subject to article and, an Original Shareholder may transfer all (but not some only) of the issued shares of the class held by that Original Shareholder on the date of adoption of these Articles to any of his Permitted Transferees without being required to follow the steps set out in article.
- An Original Shareholder may only transfer shares to the trustees of a Family Trust if the holder(s) of a majority of the other class of shares are satisfied:
  - (a) with the terms of the Family Trust and, in particular, with the powers of the trustees;

- (b) with the identity of the trustees; and
- (c) that no costs (including any liability to tax) incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of that Family Trust are to be paid by the Company.
- Subject to article and, any shareholder holding shares as a result of a Permitted Transfer made by an Original Shareholder in accordance with this article may, at any time, transfer his shares back to that Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder, without being required to follow the steps set out in article.
- If a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder, that Privileged Relation shall within 20 Business Days of ceasing to be a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder (whether by reason of divorce, dissolution of a civil partnership or otherwise but not by reason of death) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them, failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article and article.
- On the death or bankruptcy of a Privileged Relation (other than a joint holder), his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall offer the shares held by the Privileged Relation for transfer to the Original Shareholder or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder, within 20 Business Days after the grant of probate or the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be), for such consideration as may be agreed between the Original Shareholder and the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be). If:
  - (a) a transfer of the shares has not been executed and delivered within 10 Business Days of the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be); or
  - (b) the Original Shareholder is himself the subject of a bankruptcy order,

the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article and article and.

16.6 If a Permitted Transfer has been made to the trustees of a Family Trust, the trustees of that Family Trust shall within 20 Business Days of that Family Trust ceasing to be for the benefit of the Privileged Relations execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the shares held by them or the Family Trust to the Original Shareholder or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder, for such consideration as may be agreed between them, failing which the trustees shall be

deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article and article

# 17. Compulsory transfers

- 17.1 Subject to article immediately before any of the following events:
  - (a) an order being made for the shareholder's bankruptcy; or
  - (b) an arrangement or composition with any of the shareholder's creditors being made; or
  - (c) the shareholder convening a meeting of his creditors, or taking any other steps with a view to making an arrangement or composition in satisfaction of his creditors generally; or
  - (d) the shareholder being unable to pay his debts as they fall due within the meaning of section 268 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
  - (e) a receiver being appointed over or in relation to, all or any material part of the shareholder's assets; or
  - (f) the happening in relation to a shareholder of any event analogous to any of the above in any jurisdiction in which he is resident, carries on business or has assets; or
  - (g) the shareholder lacking capacity (under section 2 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005) to make decisions in relation to the Company or his shareholding; or
  - (h) the shareholder (being an Employee Shareholder) (other than an Original Shareholder who is a Good Leaver) becoming a Departing Employee Shareholder (a Compulsory Employee Transfer) (unless the directors otherwise direct in writing within 10 Business Days of the relevant Termination Date that a Transfer Notice shall not be deemed to have been served). For the purpose of this article the Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served on the relevant Termination Date; or
  - (i) the shareholder committing a material or persistent breach of any shareholders' agreement to which he is a party in relation to the shares in the Company which if capable of remedy has not been so remedied within 20 Business Days of the holder(s) of a majority of the shares of the other class requiring such remedy.
- 17.2 The Deemed Transfer Notice has the same effect as a Transfer Notice, except that:
  - (a) the Deemed Transfer Notice takes effect on the basis that it does not identify a proposed buyer or state a price for the Sale Shares and the price for the Sale Shares shall be the aggregate Fair Value of those shares, determined by the Valuers in accordance with article

- (b) the Proposed Sale Price in respect of a Compulsory Employee Transfer shall, where the Departing Employee Shareholder is:
  - (i) a Bad Leaver, be restricted to a maximum of the lower of the aggregate subscription price paid in respect of the Sale Shares, including any share premium, and the aggregate Fair Value of such Sale Shares; and
  - (ii) a Good Leaver, be the aggregate Fair Value of such Sale Shares;
- if the Seller is deemed to have given a Transfer Notice as a result of article, the Proposed Sale Price shall be restricted to a maximum of the lower of the aggregate subscription price paid in respect of the Sale Shares, including any share premium, and the aggregate Fair Value of such Sale Shares;
- 17.3 A Deemed Transfer Notice under article or article shall, save where the relevant shareholder is a Good Leaver immediately and automatically revoke:
  - (a) a Transfer Notice served by the relevant shareholder or any of his Permitted Transferees (and any Transfer Notices deemed to have been served by any of his Permitted Transferees where the relevant shareholder is an Original Shareholder) before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article or article (as the case may be); and
  - (b) a Deemed Transfer Notice deemed to be served by the relevant shareholder under any of the events set out in article to article (inclusive) (and any Transfer Notices deemed to have been served by any of his Permitted Transferees) before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article or article (as the case may be).
- 17.4 If the Deemed Transfer Notice is in respect of the Sale Shares of an Original Shareholder, and the Allocation Notice(s) in respect of those Sale Shares and the Sale Shares of any Permitted Transferees of that Original Shareholder do not, together, relate to all of the A Shares or all of the B Shares or all of the C Shares in issue (as the case may be), the Company shall be wound up immediately upon the holder(s) of a majority of the class of shares that do not constitute the Sale Shares giving notice in writing to the Company to that effect within 10 Business Days of the date of the Allocation Notice(s).

### 18. Valuation

18.1 The Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 10 Business Days of their appointment and to notify the Company and the Seller in writing of their determination.

- 18.2 The Fair Value for any Sale Share shall be the price per share determined in writing by the Valuers on the following bases and assumptions:
  - (a) valuing each of the Sale Shares as a proportion of the total value of all the issued shares in the capital of the Company without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent or for the rights or restrictions applying to the Sale Shares;
  - (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
  - (c) the sale is to be on arms' length terms between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
  - (d) the Sale Shares are sold free of all encumbrances;
  - (e) the sale is taking place on the date the Valuers were requested to determine the Fair Value: and
  - (f) to take account of any other factors that the Valuers reasonably believe should be taken into account.
- 18.3 The shareholders are entitled to make submissions to the Valuers including oral submissions and will provide (or procure that the Company provides) the Valuers with such assistance and documents as the Valuers reasonably require for the purpose of reaching a decision, subject to the Valuers agreeing to give such confidentiality undertakings as the shareholders may reasonably require.
- To the extent not provided for by this article, the Valuers may, in their reasonable discretion, determine such other procedures to assist with the valuation as they consider just or appropriate, including (to the extent they consider necessary) instructing professional advisers to assist them in reaching their valuation.
- 18.5 The Valuers shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and their written determination shall be final and binding on the shareholders in the absence of manifest error or fraud.
- 18.6 The cost of obtaining the Valuers' valuation shall be borne by the Company and the Seller equally or in such other proportions as the Valuers direct.

### 19. Drag along

19.1 If any of the Original Shareholders (holding no less than 75% of the nominal value of all Shares held by Shareholders) wish to transfer all (but not some only) of their respective shares to a bona fide purchaser on arm's length terms (**Proposed Buyer**), the Original Shareholder(s) may require all other holders of shares in the Company to sell and transfer their shares (**Called Shares**) to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer directs) in accordance with the provisions of this article (**Drag Along Option**).

- 19.2 The Original Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving written notice to that effect to the Called Shareholders (**Drag Along Notice**) at any time before the transfer of the Original Shareholders' shares to the Proposed Buyer. The Drag Along Notice shall specify:
  - (a) that the relevant Called Shareholder is required to transfer all of his Called Shares pursuant to this article
  - (b) the person to whom the Called Shares are to be transferred;
  - (c) the purchase price payable for the Called Shares which shall, for each Called Share, be an amount at least equal to the price per share offered by the Proposed Buyer for the Original Shareholders' shares; and
  - (d) the proposed date of the transfer.
- 19.3 Once issued, a Drag Along Notice shall be irrevocable. However, a Drag Along Notice shall lapse if, for any reason, the Original Shareholders have not sold their respective shares to the Proposed Buyer within 20 Business Days of serving the Drag Along Notice. The Original Shareholders may serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.
- No Drag Along Notice shall require the Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically set out in this article.
- 19.5 Completion of the sale of the Called Shares shall take place on the Completion Date.

  Completion Date means the date proposed for completion of the sale of the Original Shareholders' shares unless:
  - (a) the Original Shareholders and the Called Shareholder agree otherwise in which case the Completion Date shall be the date agreed in writing by them; or
  - (b) that date is less than 10 Business Days after the date on which the Drag Along Notice is served, in which case the Completion Date shall be the 20 Business Day after service of the Drag Along Notice.
- 19.6 Neither the proposed sale of the Original Shareholders' shares to the Proposed Buyer nor the sale of the Called Shares by the Called Shareholders shall be subject to the rights of pre-emption set out in article.
- 19.7 On or before the Completion Date, the Called Shareholders shall execute and deliver a stock transfer form(s) for the Called Shares, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or a suitable indemnity for any lost share certificate(s)) to the Company. On the Completion Date, the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Buyer, the amounts due pursuant to article to the extent that the Proposed Buyer has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the price shall be a good discharge to the Proposed Buyer. The Company shall hold the

amounts due to the Called Shareholders in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.

- To the extent that the Proposed Buyer has not, on the Completion Date, put the Company in funds to pay the purchase price due in respect of the Called Shares, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer form(s) and share certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Called Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this article. in respect of their shares.
- 19.9 If any Called Shareholder does not, on or before the Completion Date, execute and deliver (in accordance with article transfer(s) in respect of all of the Called Shares held by him, that Called Shareholder shall be deemed to have irrevocably appointed any person nominated for the purpose by the Original Shareholders to be his agent to execute all necessary transfer(s) on his behalf, against receipt by the Company (on trust for such holder) of the purchase price payable for the Called Shares, and to deliver such transfer(s) to the Proposed Buyer (or as he may direct) as the holder thereof. After the Proposed Buyer (or its nominee) has been registered as the holder of the Called Shares, the validity of such proceedings shall not be questioned by any such person. Failure to produce a share certificate shall not impede the registration of shares under this article

# Decision making by shareholders

### 20. Quorum for general meetings

- 20.1 The quorum at any general meeting of the Company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be two persons present in person or by proxy, each of whom shall be an Original Shareholder or his proxy.
- 20.2 No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

# 21. Chairing general meetings

The chairman of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the shareholder who appointed him [shall be entitled to appoint another of his nominated directors present at the meeting to act as chairman at the meeting or may himself act as chairman of the general meeting (where the chairman of the board of directors and the shareholder are not one and the same) or shall be entitled to appoint his proxy present at the meeting to act as chairman at the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

## 22. Voting

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder; and on a vote on a written resolution every shareholder has one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

#### 23. Poll votes

- 23.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by a qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the CA 2006) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 23.2 Model Article 44(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

#### 24. Proxies

- 24.1 Model Article 45(1)(d) shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".
- 24.2 Model Article 45(1) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

# Administrative arrangements

### 25. Means of communication to be used

- 25.1 Subject to article and, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on, or delivered to, the intended recipient:
  - (a) if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; or
  - (b) if sent by pre-paid United Kingdom first class post or another next working day delivery service providing proof of postage to an address in the United Kingdom, at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting or at the time recorded by the delivery service; or
  - (c) if sent by pre-paid airmail to an address outside the country from which it is sent, at 9.00 am on the fifth Business Day after posting; or

- (d) if sent by reputable international overnight courier to an address outside the country from which it is sent, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; or
- (e) if sent or supplied by email, at the time of transmission; or
- (f) if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website; and
- (g) if deemed receipt under the previous paragraphs of this article would occur outside business hours (meaning 9.00 am to 5.30 pm Monday to Friday on a day that is not a public holiday in the place of deemed receipt), at 9.00 am on the day when business next starts in the place of deemed receipt. For the purposes of this article, all references to time are to local time in the place of deemed receipt.
- 25.2 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:
  - (a) if delivered by hand or by reputable international overnight courier, the notice was delivered to the correct address; or
  - (b) if sent by post or by airmail, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted; or
  - (c) if sent by email, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the e-mail address of the recipient.
- 25.3 Any notice, document or other information served on, or delivered to, an intended recipient under article and, article and or article and or article and (as the case may be) may not be served or delivered in electronic form (other than by fax), or by means of a website.

### 26. Indemnity and insurance

- Subject to article but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:
  - (a) each relevant officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:
    - (i) in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them[; and]

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and

- (b) the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- This article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the CA 2006 or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.
- 26.3 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

#### 26.4 In this article:

- (a) a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the Company, but excluding in each case any person engaged by the Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor; and
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company.