# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC275419**

# Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2020



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# **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

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# Officers and Professional Advisers

The Board of Directors

D Gilmour J Cavill J Brown D Vermeer

**Company Secretary** 

Infrastructure Managers Limited

**Registered Office** 

2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street Edinburgh EH2 1DF

**Independent Auditors** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

**Bankers** 

Royal Bank of Scotland Plc 36 St Andrew's Square Edinburgh

EH2 2YB

**Solicitors** 

CMS Cameron McKenna LLP

Mitre House

160 Aldersgate Street

London EC1A 4DD

# **Directors' Report**

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their report and the audited Annual Report and Financial Statements of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is that of a Holding Company to Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited

#### **Performance Review**

The profit for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to £563,000 (2019: £19,000).

The profit for the financial year will be transferred to reserves.

The directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the Company and do not foresee any significant change in the Company's activities in the coming financial year.

Covid-19 was declared a pandemic in March 2020 and since then there has been widespread disruption in the UK. The directors have considered the current and future financial impact to the Company of Covid-19, taking into account the sources of income and expenditure. Throughout the pandemic the underlying investment has continued to perform in line with modelled expectations. It is the directors' view that this performance is expected to continue. Although the likely full impact is unknown, and at this stage is not possible to quantify, it is not expected to materially impact on the operations or financial position of the Company.

# **Key Performance Indicators**

In its role as a holding company there are no key performance indicators for the directors to monitor. However, from a group point of view the performance of the investment is assessed every six months by testing the cash resources against the bank lending covenants. The key indicator being the debt service cover ratio. The investment has been performing well and has been compliant with the covenants laid out in the facility agreement.

# **Going Concern**

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investment looking over the expected life of the asset and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, including the impact of Covid-19, that will prevail over the forecast period.

The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investment. After reviewing the performance of the investment, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

D Gilmour

# **Directors' Report** (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

J Cavill

J Brown

D Vermeer

#### **Dividends**

Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 10 to the financial statements.

# **Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions**

During the year, and at the date of this report, the Company has in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors.

#### **Small Company Provision**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Disclosure of Information to Auditors**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that
  information.

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, are deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 6 April 2021 and signed by order of the board by:

Infrastructure Managers Limited Company Secretary

# **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"), and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the Annual Report and Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Report and Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion, Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2020; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

# **Conclusions Relating to Going Concern**

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# Reporting on Other Information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

#### **Directors' Report**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2020 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Responsibilities for the Financial Statements and the Audit

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to UK tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and the risk of management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed included:

- Enquiries of management around known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations, claims and litigation, and instances of fraud;
- Understanding of management's controls designed to prevent and deter irregularities;
- Review of board minutes;
- Challenging management on assumptions and judgements made in their significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to the carrying value of investments in subsidiaries;
- Identifying and testing journal entries to assess whether any of the journals appeared unusual, impacting distributable reserves.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

# **Use of This Report**

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

# **Other Required Reporting**

#### **Companies Act 2006 Exception Reporting**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# **Entitlement to Exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Matthew Kaye (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors Edinburgh

6 April 2021

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# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Income from shares in Group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	6 7 8	563,000 265,510 (265,510)	19,000 266,000 (266,000)
Profit before taxation		563,000	19,000
Tax on profit	9	<b>–</b> .	_
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		563,000	19,000

All the activities of the Company are from continuing operations.

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# As at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets Investments	11	2,040,056	2,040,056
<b>Current assets</b> Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	89,018	89,018
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(89,018)	(89,018)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,040,056	2,040,056
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(2,009,994)	(2,009,994)
Net assets		30,062	30,062
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Retained earnings	15 16	30,062 -	30,062
Total shareholders' funds		30,062	30,062

The Financial Statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 April 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D Gilmour

Director

Company registration number: SC275419

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

		Called up are capital £	Retained earnings	Total £
At 1 January 2019		30,062	_	30,062
Profit for the financial year			19,000	19,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	19,000	19,000
Dividends paid and payable	10		(19,000)	(19,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		-	(19,000)	(19,000)
At 31 December 2019		30,062	_	30,062
Profit for the financial year			563,000	563,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	563,000	563,000
Dividends paid and payable	10		(563,000)	(563,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		_	(563,000)	(563,000)
At 31 December 2020		30,062		30,062

# **Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. General Information

Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in Scotland. The address of its registered office is 2nd Floor, 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF.

The principal activity of the Company is that of a Holding Company to Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

#### 2. Statement of Compliance

The individual financial statements of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

# 3. Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed further in the accounting policies.

The accounting policies stated below have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# (b) Going concern

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investment looking over the expected life of the asset and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, including the impact of Covid-19, that will prevail over the forecast period.

The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investment. After reviewing the performance of the investment, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 3. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (c) Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of BIIF Holdco Limited which can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) The disclosures required by Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 (Basic Financial Instruments and Other Financial Instruments Issues respectively) in respect of financial instruments not falling within the fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1.

# (d) Judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgments are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

# i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compare that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 3. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (e) Income tax

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### i) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. The directors periodically evaluate positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

# (f) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

# (g) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### 4. Auditors' Remuneration

The audit fee of £2,240 (2019: £2,110) was borne by the subsidiary company Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited.

#### 5. Particulars of Employees and Directors

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the financial year amounted to nil (2019: nil). The directors are not employed by the Company and did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2019: £nil).

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 6. Income from Shares in Group Undertakings

		2020 £	2019 £
	Dividends from Group undertakings	563,000	19,000
7.	Interest Receivable and Similar Income		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Interest from Group undertakings	265,510	266,000
8.	Interest Payable and Similar Expenses		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Interest on debenture loans	265,510	266,000

# 9. Tax on Profit

# Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the profit for the year is lower than (2019: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%).

	2020	2019
	£	£
Profit before taxation	563,000	19,000
Profit before taxation by rate of tax	106,970	3,610
Non taxable dividend income	(106,970)	(3,610)
Total tax credit		-

# Factors that may affect future tax income

A change to the future UK corporation tax rate was announced in the March 2021 Budget. The rate will increase from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. This change had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and therefore is not recognised in these financial statements.

# 10. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

•	2020	2019
	£	£
Dividend of £18.73 (2019: £0.63 per ordinary share)	563,000	19,000

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 11. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £	Loans to participating interests	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	30,062	2,009,994	2,040,056
Impairment At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020			_
Carrying amount At 31 December 2020	30,062	2,009,994	2,040,056
At 31 December 2019	30,062	2,009,994	2,040,056

Loans to participating interests - In July 2005 the Company loaned £1,512,200 to Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited under a subordinated debt agreement, with a further loan of £136,445 issued in April 2007. The interest rate on this loan is 13.25% per annum with the capital element being repaid by a one off payment in the year 2042. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable in cash on 30 September and 31 March each year. Interest not settled by cash on these dates is added to to the principal and the Coupon accrues on this uplifted amount in the next interest period. Interest settled using this mechanism in the year was £nil (2019: £nil). The investment sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is therefore unsecured, and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up.

# Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited which is registered at 2nd Floor, 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF.

	2020	2019		2020 2019	
	£	£			
Aggregate capital and reserves	(7,164,382)	(6,617,213)			
Profit/(Loss) for the year	253,178	234,964			

The directors acknowledge the investment is in net liabilities, the cause of this is due to the derivative financial instruments being included on the balance sheet. The directors have reviewed the investments forecasts and projections and have reasonable expectation that no impairment indicators exist.

# 12. Debtors

Debtors amounts falling due within one year are as follows:

*	2020	2019
•	£	£
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	89,018	89,018

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 12. Debtors (continued)

The amounts owed by Group undertakings are accrued coupon interest, are not interest bearing, are unsecured and are repayable on demand.

# 13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
mounts owed to Group undertakings	53,411	53,411
ccruals and deferred income	35,607	35,607
	89,018	89,018
certais and deferred income		

The amounts owed to Group undertakings are accrued coupon interest, are not interest bearing, are unsecured and are repayable on demand.

# 14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	361,349	361,349
Loan notes	1,648,645	1,648,645
	2,009,994	2,009,994

Included within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is an amount of £2,009,994 (2019: £2,009,994) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments which fall due for payment after more than five years from the reporting date.

In July 2005 the Company borrowed £1,512,200 under a subordinated debt agreement, with a further loan of £136,445 issued in April 2007. The interest rate on this loan is 13.25% per annum with the capital element being repaid by a one off payment in the year 2042. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable in cash on 30 September and 31 March each year. Interest not settled by cash on these dates is added to the principal and the Coupon accrues on this uplifted amount in the next interest period. Interest settled using this mechanism in the year was £nil (2019: £nil). The investment sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is therefore unsecured, and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up.

# 15. Called Up Share Capital

# Issued, called up and fully paid

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	30,062	30,062	30,062	30,062

# 16. Reserves

Retained earnings records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

# Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2020

# 17. Related Party Transactions

The following disclosures are with entities in the group that are not wholly owned:

Stobhill Holdco Limited own 40% of the share capital and loan stock in Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited. During the year Stobhill Holdco Limited received interest of £106,204 (2019: £106,400) in respect of loan stock held. Interest outstanding at the year end totalled £35,607 (2019: £35,607) in respect of loan stock held. The balance of the loan stock held as at 31 December 2020 was £803,998 (2019: £803,998).

PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited holds 60% of the share capital and 60% of the loan stock in Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited. The company received interest of £159,306 (2019: £159,600). Interest outstanding at the year end totalled £53,411 (2019: £53,411). The balance of the loan stock as at 31 December 2020 was £1,205,996 (2019: £1,205,996).

During the year Infrastructure Managers Limited, a fellow group company, provided management services to Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited.

# 18. Controlling Party

The share capital of Stobhill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited is held in the proportions of: PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited 60% and Stobhill Holdco Limited 40%, the share capital of which is held by Equitix Infrastructure 4 Limited. Each of these Companies are registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent and controlling entity of Equitix Infrastructure 4 Limited is Equitix Fund IV LP. Equitix Fund IV LP is owned by a number of investors, with no one investor having individual control.

The ultimate parent and controlling entity of PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited is BIIF LP. BIIF LP is owned by a number of investors, with no one investor having individual control.