MILLER CAMBRIDGE LIMITED

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

Registered number SC268022

THURSDAY

SCT

29/10/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

16

Directors' report and financial statements

Contents

Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements	3
Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Miller Cambridge Limited	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes	7

Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is investment.

Results

The loss after providing for taxation amounted to £5 (2007: loss of £1).

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

P H Miller
D Milloy
Julie Jackson
Andrew Sutherland
Marlene Wood
Donald Borland

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG ELP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

P Miller Director

1000 Aplic 2009

Edinburgh

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

KPMG LLP

Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG United Kingdom

Independent auditors' report to the members of Miller Cambridge Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Miller Cambridge Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of the loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
 the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

Date

30.4.2009

	2007 £
Administrative expenses (5)	(1)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation 3 (5)	(1)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities 4	
Loss for the financial year 9 (5)	(1)

There have been no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the above financial years.

The loss for the year has been derived from continuing activities.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2008		2008	2007
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	5	5,585	5,585
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	6	1 1,806	1 1,811
		1,807	1,812
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(6,000)	(6,000)
Net current liabilities		(4,193)	(4,188)
Net assets		1,392	1,397
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8 9	1 1,391	1 1,396
Shareholders' funds	10	1,392	1,397

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on not 2009 and were signed on its

P Miller

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The working capital requirements of the company have been provided by its parent undertaking, The Miller Group Limited.

Having reviewed the company's cash flow forecasts, the directors are satisfied the company has sufficient resources available to it to be able to continue to fund the company's operations and accordingly, the financial statements continue to be prepared on a going concern basis. The Miller Group Limited has indicated to the directors of this company it will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available.

Based upon the undertaking outlined above, and after making appropriate enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Miller Group Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemptions contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of The Miller Group Limited, with which the company is included, can be obtained from the address in note 11

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

Investments

Listed investments are stated at the lower of cost and market value.

2 Remuneration of director

There were no emoluments paid to the director during the year. There were no employee or staff costs during the year.

Notes (cont'd)

3 Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration is paid by a fellow subsidiary company, Miller Developments Limited and is disclosed in the accounts of that company.

4	Taxation	2008 £	2007 £
	Analysis of charge in year		
	UK Corporation tax Current tax on income for the year	-	-
		-	

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower than (2007: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28.5%) (2007: 30%).

	2008 £	2007 £
Current tax reconciliation Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(5)	(1)
Current tax at 28.5% (2007: 30%)	(1)	-
Effects of:		
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration	1	-
Total current tax charge (see above)		

Notes (cont'd)

5	Investments	Listed Investments	
			£
	Shares		
	Cost At beginning and end of year		5,585
	The listed investments are quoted on the London Stock Exinvestments at 31 December 2008 was £6,369 (2007: £10,540).	change. The marl	ket value of listed
6	Debtors	2008 £	2007 £
	Other debtors	1	1
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2008 £	2007 £
	Amounts owed to parent company	6,000	6,000
8	Share capital Authorised	2008 £	2007 £
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and unpaid 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

Notes (cont'd)

9	Profit and loss account	2008 £	2007 £
	At beginning of year Loss for the year	1,396 (5)	1,397 (1)
	At end of year	1,391	1,396
10	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2008 £	2007 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(5) 1,397	(1) 1,398
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,392	1,397

11 Ultimate parent company

The company's ultimate parent company is The Miller Group Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The accounts of The Miller Group Limited can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh EH1 2EB.