Company Registration No. SC264943 (Scotland)	
GRAYS RECYCLING SERVICES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		202	21	202	20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,122,109		2,135,138
Investment properties	4		35,000		35,000
Investments	5		50		50
			2,157,159		2,170,188
Current assets					
Stocks		90,000		80,000	
Debtors	6	502,667		521,667	
Cash at bank and in hand		958,818		557,813	
		1,551,485		1,159,480	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(582,538)		(454,198)	
Net current assets			968,947		705,282
Total assets less current liabilities			3,126,106		2,875,470
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(18,028)		(28,560
Provisions for liabilities			(288,297)		(256,028
Net assets			2,819,781		2,590,882
Canital and recovers					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	3		2,819,681		2,590,782
Total equity			2,819,781		2,590,882

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

H Stephen Gray **Director**

Kenneth Gray Director

Company Registration No. SC264943

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Grays Recycling Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office and business address is Old Airfield, Nether Dallachy, Spey Bay, Fochabers, IV32 7PL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for recycling services and is shown net of VAT.

Revenue is recognised on performance of services on the accruals basis. Revenue on the sale of goods is recognised on despatch of goods and revenue from skip hires is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of hire.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements- 10% straight linePlant and machinery- 20% reducing balanceOffice equipment- 25% straight lineMotor vehicles- 25% reducing balanceOther assets- 5% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tay

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.14 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in accordance with the accruals model. Government grants relating to turnover are recognised as income over the periods when the related costs are incurred. Grants relating to an asset are recognised in income systematically over the asset's expected useful life. If part of such a grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income rather than being deducted from the asset's carrying amount.

1.15 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	29	25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Land and	Plant and Otl	ner assets	Total
		buildingsna	achinery etc		
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2020	865,185	4,531,172	38,913	5,435,270
	Additions	11,700	487,346	-	499,046
	Disposals		(166,049)		(166,049)
	At 31 March 2021	876,885	4,852,469	38,913	5,768,267
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2020	578,704	2,711,698	9,730	3,300,132
	Depreciation charged in the year	46,123	429,478	1,946	477,547
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(131,521)	-	(131,521)
	At 31 March 2021	624,827	3,009,655	11,676	3,646,158
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2021	252,058	1,842,814	27,237	2,122,109
	At 31 March 2020	286,481	1,819,474	29,183	2,135,138
4	Investment property				
•	integration property				2021
					£
	Fair value At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021				35,000

The directors have considered the market value of the property as at 31 March 2021 and have concluded that this is not materially different to the amount at which it is carried in the accounts based on market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties on an open market value basis.

5 Fixed asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Other investments other than loans	50	50

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital		2021 £ 437,688 64,979 502,667 2021 £ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582 582,538	140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital Cordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		2021 £ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	58,143 521,667 2020 £ 140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		2021 £ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	2020 £ 140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		2021 £ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	2020 £ 140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		£ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital Creditory share capital Sued and fully paid		£ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	7,072 42,084 264,722
Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		£ 112,306 59,455 97,195 313,582	140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722
Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital Creditors and tax capital and tax capital and tax capital and fully paid		59,455 97,195 313,582	140,320 7,072 42,084 264,722 454,198
Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		97,195 313,582	42,084 264,722
Other creditors 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		313,582	264,722
8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		·	
Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		582,538	454,198
Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid			
Other creditors 9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid			
9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Number No		2021	2020
9 Called up share capital 2021 Ordinary share capital Number No		£	£
2021 Ordinary share capital Number No Issued and fully paid		18,028	28,560
Ordinary share capital Number			
Issued and fully paid	2020	2021	2020
	ımber	£	£
Oramany oriando or a rodon 100	100	100	100
			
10 Capital commitments			
Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:			
		2021 £	2020 £
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

11	Related	party	transactions
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The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

 Amounts due to related parties
 2021 2020

 E
 £

 E
 £

 113,254

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