Company No: SC259692 (Scotland)

DYNAM LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022 PAGES FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

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DYNAM LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	0	2,200
Tangible assets	4	13,062	13,680
		13,062	15,880
Current assets			
Debtors	5	245,618	308,717
Cash at bank and in hand		58,037	56,185
		303,655	364,902
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(170,534)	(265,357)
Net current assets		133,121	99,545
Total assets less current liabilities		146,183	115,425
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(39,167)	(49,217)
Provision for liabilities		(3,099)	(3,254)
Net assets		103,917	62,954
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	8	102	102
Profit and loss account		103,815	62,852
Total shareholders' funds		103,917	62,954

DYNAM LIMITED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2022

For the financial year ending 31 May 2022 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements; and
- These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements of Dynam Limited (registered number: SC259692) were approved and authorised for issue by the Director on 01 November 2022. They were signed on its behalf by:

Karen Green Director

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year, unless otherwise stated.

General information and basis of accounting

Dynam Limited (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in Scotland. The address of the Company's registered office is Wester Inshes Farmhouse, Inverness, IV2 5BG, United Kingdom.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest \pounds .

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Turnover is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the customer.

Employee benefits

Short term benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Taxation

Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on all intangible assets at rates to write off the cost or valuation of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Goodwill

10 years straight line

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment property and freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line or reducing balance basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery etc.

4 - 5 years straight line

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each Balance Sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings as described below.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the Balance Sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, or the Company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or the Company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the fair value of cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct issue costs. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

2. Employees

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year, including directors	22	22

Cost Cost At 01 June 2021 22,000 22,000 Accumulated amortisation Total 19,800 19,800 Charge for the financial year 2,200 22,000 At 31 May 2022 22,000 22,000 Net book value 22,000 22,000 At 31 May 2022 0 0 At 31 May 2021 2,200 2,200 4. Tangible assets Plant and machinery etc. Total machinery etc. At 01 June 2021 39,265 39,265 At 01 June 2021 39,265 39,265 At 31 May 2022 45,856 45,856 Accumulated depreciation 25,585 25,585
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7.200
Charge for the financial year 7,209 7,209
At 31 May 2022 32,794 32,794
Net book value
At 31 May 2022 13,062 13,062
At 31 May 2021 13,680 13,680
5. Debtors
2022 2021
£ £
Trade debtors 172,283 206,617
Other debtors 73,335 102,100
245,618 308,717

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2022	2021
£	£
24,893	98,103
9,008	33,957
30,641	27,478
57,400	64,688
48,592	41,131
170,534	265,357
	£ 24,893 9,008 30,641 57,400 48,592

The aggregate amount of secured liabilities due after one year is £24,893 (2021 - £98,103. The bank loan and invoice factoring account are secured via a floating charge over the assets of the company.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	39,167	49,217

The aggregate amount of secured liabilities due after one year is £39,167 (2021 - £49,217). The bank loan is secured via a floating charge over the assets of the company.

8. Called-up share capital

2022	2021
£	£
100	100
1	1
1	1
102	102
	100 1 1

The Ordinary "A" share and Ordinary "B" share rank pari passu in regard to entitlement to dividend, except that the directors may at any time resolve to declare a dividend and amount of dividend on one or more classes of share.

9. Related party transactions

Transactions with owners holding a participating interest in the entity

	2022	2021
Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	37,049 	37,049
These loans are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repaym Transactions with the entity's directors	nent.	
	2022	2021
	£	£
Directors	(19,137)	(15,399)

The above loans are unsecured and have no fixed terms for repayment.

10. Events after the Balance Sheet date

There have been no events after the balance sheet date affecting the Company since the financial year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.