PPG Lightning Limited

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2011 together with Directors' and Independent Auditor's Reports

Registered Number: SC224053



Report of the Directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of PPG Lightning Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 June 2011. This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company during the year was the development and management of commercial property within the UK.

Directors of the Company

The directors who served the Company during the year were:

Sir D E Murray A Glasgow L Higgins M S McGill

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ensure applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as each of the directors is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the Company receives notice under Section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

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Secretary 23 March 2012

Report of the Independent Auditor to the member of PPG Lightning Limited

We have audited the financial statements of PPG Lightning Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's member, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the member of PPG Lightning Limited (continued)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime.

Andrew Howie

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

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Glasgow

26 March 2012

Profit and Loss Account

		2011			2010
	Notes	£	Normal £	Exceptional \pounds	Total £
Turnover	2	15,305,128	-	-	-
Cost of sales		(15,429,421)	(623,795)	-	(623,795)
Impairment losses on development properties	3	-	-	(4,063,000)	(4,063,000)
Gross loss		(124,293)	(623,795)	(4,063,000)	(4,686,795)
Other operating expenses	4	(59,196)	(103,623)	-	(103,623)
Operating loss		(183,489)	(727,418)	(4,063,000)	(4,790,418)
Interest payable and similar charges	6	-	(495,587)	-	(495,587)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	7	(183,489)	(1,223,005)	(4,063,000)	(5,286,005)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	8	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
Loss for the financial year	13	(183,489)	(1,223,005)	(4,063,000)	(5,286,005)

The current and prior year losses have been derived wholly from continuing operations.

The Company has no gains or losses in the current or prior year other than the reported loss and therefore no Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses is presented.

The reported loss on ordinary activities before taxation equates to the historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

	Notes	2011 £	2010 £
Current assets Stocks	9		15 137 000
Debtors	10	385	15,137,000 313,969
Cash at bank and in hand	10	1,000	10,000
		1,385	15,460,969
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(22,867,046)	(38,143,141)
Net liabilities		(22,865,661)	(22,682,172)
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	12	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	13	(22,866,661)	(22,683,172)
Shareholders' deficit	14	(22,865,661)	(22,682,172)

These financial statements were approved by the directors on 23 March 2012 and are signed on their behalf by:

A Glasgow
) Directors
L Higgins
)

The Company's registration number is SC224053.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior year are:

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, unless otherwise stated.

No cash flow statement has been presented as provided by FRS 1 (Revised) as the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate holding company (Note 17) contain a consolidated cash flow statement which includes the cash flows of this Company and are publicly available.

The balance sheet at 30 June 2011 shows that the Company is in a net liability position. The directors have reviewed the trading prospects and projected cash flows of the business and have agreed funding from its immediate parent company (Note 17) based on these projections. Details of the parent company bank facilities are set out in the financial statements of The Premier Property Group Limited. On that basis the directors have a reasonable expectation that there are adequate resources to allow the Company to continue to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors have determined that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of these financial statements.

(b) Stocks and work in progress

Development properties held for development and resale are valued at the lower of the cost and net realisable value. Land held for development, including land in the course of development until legal completion of sale, is valued at cost. Work in progress on development properties is valued at the cost of labour and materials plus interest incurred on borrowings for development expenditure until the date of practical completion.

The estimated net realisable values for stocks and work in progress are based on the directors' assessment of residual values for land and properties under development and projected net sales proceeds for completed properties. The key assumptions in assessing these values take into account current market rental levels, investment yields and construction cost data.

(c) Capitalised interest

Interest is capitalised from the point at which development expenditure is incurred until the date of practical completion, except where there is a substantial delay between acquisition and commencement of physical construction, where capitalisation will commence at the latter point.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

(d) Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

The taxation liabilities of certain group undertakings are reduced wholly or in part by the surrender of losses by fellow group undertakings. The tax benefits arising from group relief are normally recognised in the financial statements of the surrendering undertakings.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

(e) Turnover and revenue recognition

Turnover was generated wholly within the United Kingdom and is net of VAT. Rental and other income are recognised as they are earned. Income from the sale of development properties is recognised when the transaction is complete.

2. Turnover

Segmental information:

	2011	2010
	£	£
Property sales	15,305,128	-

3. Exceptional items

The charge of £4,063,000 in the prior year relates to a reduction in the net realisable value of development properties held as stocks during that year.

4. Other operating expenses

The following is included in other operating expenses:

	2011	2010
	£	£
Administrative expenses	59,196	103,623

5. Staff costs

The Company had no employees during the current or prior year and none of the directors received any remuneration from the Company or from other undertakings in respect of services to it.

6. Interest payable and similar charges

The following are included in interest payable and similar charges:

	2011 £	2010 £
On bank loans and overdrafts	-	457,524
On parent company loans	-	38,063
	- -	495,587
7. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		
The loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
	2011	2010
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration for audit services	2,000	1,700

8. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

The tax credit comprises:

	2011 £	2010 £
UK corporation tax	-	-

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:

	2011 £	2010 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(183,489)	(5,286,005)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 27.5% ($2010-28\%$)	(50,459)	(1,480,081)
Effects of: Unrelieved tax losses arising in the year Group relief surrendered for nil payment	- 50,459	1,480,081 -
Current tax credit for the year		

The Company incurs its losses in the UK, therefore the tax rate used for tax on loss on ordinary activities is the standard rate for UK corporation tax, currently 27.5% (2010 - 28%).

In the opinion of the directors there is an unprovided deferred tax asset of £5,572,344 (2010 - £6,000,986).

9. Stocks

The following is included in the net book value of stocks:

	2011	2010
	£	£
Work in progress	-	15,137,000

Cumulative interest included in the cost of work in progress, taking into account property disposals and adjustments to net realisable values, amounts to £Nil (2010 - £1,161,570).

10. Debtors

The following amounts are included in the net book value of debtors:

	2011 £	2010 £
VAT receivable	85	5,751
Prepayments and accrued income	-	303,918
Sundry debtors	300	4,300
	385	313,969
11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
The following amounts are included in creditors falling due within one year:		
	2011	2010
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	234,328
Amounts owed to other group undertakings	22,864,246	37,612,970
Other creditors	-	1,928
Accruals and deferred income	2,800	293,915

The inter-company funding has no fixed repayment date, is unsecured and no interest is charged. Details of the Group bank facilities are set out in the financial statements of The Premier Property Group Limited.

22,867,046

38,143,141

12. Called-up share capital

	2011	2010
Marked selled up and fully maid.	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully paid: 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

13. Profit and loss account

The movement in the year was as follows:

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Balance at 30 June 2010 Loss for the financial year	(22,683,172) (183,489)
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Balance at 30 June 2011	(22,866,661)

14. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit

	2011 £	2010 £
Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' deficit	(183,489) (22,682,172)	(5,286,005) (17,396,167)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(22,865,661)	(22,682,172)

15. Guarantees and other financial commitments

a) Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at 30 June 2011 (2010 - f.Nil).

b) Contingent liabilities

The Company has guaranteed bank borrowings of the Company, its ultimate holding company, Murray International Holdings Limited, and certain fellow subsidiary undertakings by cross guarantees. The total contingency at 30 June 2011 amounts to £542,318,675 (2010 - £600,791,510). These guarantees are secured by a bond and floating charge over the assets of the Company and by standard securities and/or legal charges over certain properties.

c) VAT

The Company is registered for VAT purposes in a group of undertakings which share a common registration number. As a result, it has jointly guaranteed the VAT liability of the group and failure by other members of the group to meet their VAT liabilities would give rise to additional liabilities for the Company. The directors are of the opinion that no additional liability is likely to arise.

16. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 8 "Related Party Transactions" not to disclose transactions with fellow group undertakings.

17. Ultimate holding company

The immediate parent company is The Premier Property Group Limited and the ultimate holding company is Murray International Holdings Limited, both of which are registered in Scotland.

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by the ultimate holding company whose principal place of business is at 10 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh EH2 4DR. Copies of Murray International Holdings Limited financial statements are available from the above address. The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by The Premier Property Group Limited whose principal place of business is at 10 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh, EH2 4DR.

18. Ultimate control

Sir D E Murray, a director of the ultimate holding company (Note 17), and members of his close family control the Company as a result of controlling directly or indirectly 70% of the issued share capital of the ultimate holding company.