

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC220703 (Scotland)

COMPANIES HOUSE

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

THURSDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

Milne Craig
Chartered Accountants
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

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AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD
COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

DIRECTOR: Mr P A C Melvin

SECRETARY: Mr P A C Melvin

REGISTERED OFFICE: 1 Kirkinner Place
Main Street
Bridge of Weir
Renfrewshire
PA11 3AA

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC220703 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS: Milne Craig
Chartered Accountants
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

**BALANCE SHEET
31 DECEMBER 2018**

	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	-	132,924
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	-	1,200
Investments	6	10,005	-
Cash at bank		975,165	14,236
		<u>985,170</u>	<u>15,436</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>1,062,565</u>	<u>76,952</u>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(77,395)</u>	<u>(61,516)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(77,395)</u>	<u>71,408</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	-	175,967
NET LIABILITIES		<u><u>(77,395)</u></u>	<u><u>(104,559)</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		2	2
Retained earnings		<u>(77,397)</u>	<u>(104,561)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u><u>(77,395)</u></u>	<u><u>(104,559)</u></u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

**BALANCE SHEET - continued
31 DECEMBER 2018**

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 25 March 2019 and were signed by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'P A C Melvin', written in a cursive style.

Mr P A C Melvin - Director

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The Company's registered number is SC220703 and registered office address is 1 Kirkinner Place, Main Street, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire, PA11 3AA.

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are that of investment.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared under the going concern basis. This basis is considered appropriate with the continued support of the company creditors. Creditors include amounts owed to related parties which will not be repaid until all other creditors are repaid in full.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Assets are considered for indications of impairment. If required an impairment review will be carried out and a decision made on possible impairment. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Bad debts are provided for where objective evidence of the need for a provision exists.

Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Consideration is given to the point at which the Company is entitled to receive the income, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the provision of services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due;
- the costs incurred can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Freehold property | - 2% on cost |
| Fixtures and fittings | - 25% on reducing balance |

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transactions costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the Company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

If and when all conditions for retaining tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset have been met, the deferred tax is reversed.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

With the exception of changes arising on the initial recognition of a business combination, the tax expense (income) is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense (income).

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Investments

Investments in listed investments, are included at fair value.

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Financial assets

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal.

An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2017 - NIL).

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 January 2018	196,648	11,092	207,740
Disposals	(196,648)	(11,092)	(207,740)
At 31 December 2018	-	-	-
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2018	65,490	9,326	74,816
Eliminated on disposal	(65,490)	(9,326)	(74,816)
At 31 December 2018	-	-	-
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2018	-	-	-
At 31 December 2017	131,158	1,766	132,924

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018 £	2017 £
Other debtors	-	1,200

6. CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS

	2018 £	2017 £
Listed investments	10,005	-

Market value of listed investments at 31 December 2018 - £10,005.

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018 £	2017 £
Other creditors	2,065	1,952
Sums owed to associated company	1,060,500	75,000
	1,062,565	76,952

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans	-	175,967
Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
Repayable otherwise than by instalments		
Bank loans	-	175,967

AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

9. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Mortgage loans	-	175,967

The lenders hold a standard security over the heritable property, and a floating charge over all the assets and undertakings of the company. The loans are repaid on an interest only basis.

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company benefited from a loan from Affluent Financial Planning Limited, a company with common control. The balance due at 31 December 2018 was £1,060,500 (2017 - £75,000).

11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The director Mr PAC Melvin controls the company by virtue of his 100% holding of the ordinary issued share capital.

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR
ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF
AFFLUENT LIFESTYLE PLANNING LTD
PREVIOUSLY KNOWN AS CARENA PROPERTY MANAGEMENT LIMITED**

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of ICAS, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance>.

This report is made solely to the director of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd in this report in accordance with the requirements of ICAS as detailed at <http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd. You consider that Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Affluent Lifestyle Planning Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Milne Craig

Milne Craig
Chartered Accountants
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

25 March 2019