Registered number: SC220455

GLENFIELD VALVES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Hans Bo Johansen Niels Aage Kjaer John Paul Hubbard Lars Kudsk Hans Bo Stubkier Fred Stafford

Registered number

SC220455

Registered office

Glenfield Works Queens Drive Kilmarnock Ayrshire KA1 3XF

Auditor

BDO LLP 4 Atlantic Quay 70 York Street Glasgow G2 8JX

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 46 Bank Street Kilmarnock KA1 1EX

Nordea Bank Finland plc City Place House 55 Basinghall Street

London EC2V 5NB

Solicitors

Biggart Baillie LLP Dalmore House 310 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5QR

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the manufacture of valves.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Hans Bo Johansen Niels Aage Kjaer Hans Bo Stubkier John Paul Hubbard Lars Kudsk Jon Badrock (resigned 26th July 2013) Fred Stafford (appointed date 22 July 2013)

Review of the business

Glenfield Valves Ltd utilise a variety of KPI's to manage the business, the top level KPI's show the following:

Operating profit	A loss of £1,049,000 from a loss of £363,000 last year
Earnings (as reported internally for group purposes)	A loss of £789,000 from a loss of £311,000 last year
Stock	A decrease from £2,822,000 to £1,029,000

The fall in operating profit and internally defined earnings was due to having little to no orders after completion of the MEW79 contract. We have now installed project specialists in various regions around the world so we can gain more orders.

The stock decrease was mainly due to the lack of orders following the completion of the MEW79 contract. In August of this year we implemented a strategy to reduce stock further over the coming year.

Results

The loss for the year after taxation amounted to £1,100,071 (2012: £391,282).

Future Developments	2013/14	2014/15
Net Sales exc Growth (£k)	4,408	6,500

In addition to the above mentioned initiatives air valves and ball float valves will be actively promoted via the Glenfield Valves Ltd price lists, web-site and updated marketing literature. In certain international markets such as the Middle East only Glenfield Valves Ltd approved product or UK certificate of origin (C.O.O) items are acceped and this requirement will be promoted and supported by a supply chain and production facility to cater for these customer requirements.

Core Regions;

United Kingdom. Middle East, Malaysia, India, Australia, South Africa and America.

Glenfield Valves Ltd have installed above product specialist in six of the above seven countires so we can achieve more and bigger orders.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

Growth Regions;

Saudi Arabia, Brazil, Israel, Hong Kong, Singapore, Vietnam and Thailand.

Glenfield Valves Ltd have sales offices in the above seven countires and if required a Product specialist will be sent to advise the various customers/consultants of Glenfield Valves Ltd's product range.

Sales Forecast;

In this coming financial year we are forcasting order intake of £5,954,000 and a net turnover of £4,408,000. By the year to 2015 we will be making a small profit.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk facing Glenfield Valves Ltd is the global economic downturn. Going forward, it is possible that large capital projects (GVL's main business) will continue to be significantly affected by the current economic downturn. However, a realistic view of the prospects has been taken during the budget process to mitigate this effect and with the implementation of 5 Project Managers situated in a strategic location around the world will assist in gaining orders. The business is sensitive to exchange rates, each project is reviewed prior to quotation and contract acceptance and where appropriate forward rates are secured

Research and development activities

In the year we have developed a new range of Automatic Control Valves (ACV) which enhanced the Glenfield portfolio and generated organic growth in sales. Valve engineering of the submerged and free discharge range continues along with the introduction of the AWWA specifications and WRAS approvals for large diameter gate valves.

Auditors

PKF (UK) LLP have merged their business into BDO LLP and accordingly have signed their auditors' report in the name of the merged firm.

Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to
 establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 130ecombe(20)3 and signed on its behalf.

Director JPHUBBARD

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions, to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GLENFIELD VALVES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Glenfield Valves Limited for the year ended 30 September 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice Applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1.2 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The company incurred a net loss of £1,100,071 during the year ended 30 September 2013 and, at that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its assets by £2,081,495 and it had net current liabilities of £2,867,990. The company is therefore dependent on the continued financial support of its bankers, its parent company and other group companies.

These conditions, along with the other matter explained in note 1.2 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GLENFIELD VALVES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report.

Boo Les

17 December 2013

Martin Gill (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory auditor Glasgow United Kingdom

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
TURNOVER	1, 2	5,908,320	9,175,598
Cost of sales		(4,941,202)	(7,797,667)
GROSS PROFIT	4	967,118	1,377,931
Selling and distribution costs		(513,064)	(376,822)
Administrative expenses		(1,540,064)	(1,399,548)
Other operating income	3	37,224	35,632
OPERATING LOSS	4	(1,048,786)	(362,807)
Interest receivable and similar income	7	-	26,580
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(180,285)	(75,540)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(1,229,071)	(411,767)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	9	129,000	20,485
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(1,100,071)	(391,282)

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

GLENFIELD VALVES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC220455

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	10		108,187		117,701
Tangible assets	11		852,166		1,071,095
			960,353		1,188,796
CURRENT ASSETS			·		
Stocks	12	1,028,911		2,822,177	
Debtors	13	1,791,431		5,476,885	
Cash at bank and in hand		32,655		141,814	
		2,852,997		8,440,876	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	14	(5,720,987)		(10,264,251)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,867,990)		(1,823,375)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TIES		(1,907,637)		(634,579)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	-				
Other provisions	15		(173,858)		(346,845)
NET LIABILITIES			(2,081,495)		(981,424)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		7,200,000		7,200,000
Profit and loss account	17		(9,281,495)		(8,181,424)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT			(2,081,495)		(981,424)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 13~2000 13~200

Director JP HUBBARD

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Fundamental accounting concept and basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2 Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company's liabilities exceeded its assets by £2,081,495 (2012 - £981,424) and it had net current liabilities of £2,867,990 (2012 - £1,823,375) and owed £4,277,845 (2012 - £8,004,598) to its bankers and £735,271 (2012 - £1,192,092) to the parent undertaking and other group companies.

The company's ability to continue normal trading operations is dependent on the continued financial support of its bankers, the parent company and other group companies which allow the company to meet its obligations as they fall due. The directors of the parent company review the position on an annual basis and have confirmed that the parent company will provide ongoing financial support for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the material uncertainty concerning the availability of ongoing financial support required from the company's bankers, the parent company and other group companies, which may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern. They are satisfied over the validity of this financial support and accordingly believe that the going concern basis continues to be appropriate. These financial statements have therefore been prepared on the going concern basis and do not include any adjustments that would arise from the withdrawal of this financial support.

1.3 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised when goods have been despatched or a vesting certificate over goods is supplied by the customer, or when a service is rendered.

1.5 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

1.6 Development expenditure

Development costs are capitalised within intangible assets where they can be identified with a specific product or project anticipated to produce future benefits, and are amortised on the straight line basis over the anticipated life of the benefits arising from the completed product or project of five years. No amortisation is provided until a project is completed.

Deferred development costs are reviewed annually, and where future benefits are deemed to have ceased or to be in doubt, the balance of any related expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

1. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

1.7 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Tenants' improvements - 20% straight line
Plant & machinery - 10-20% straight line
Fixtures & fittings - 20% straight line

1.8 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.9 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal. Goods in transit are included in the company's stocks when they leave the suppliers' premises as the risks and benefits of ownership transfer to Glenfield Valves Limited at that time.

1.10 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse and are not discounted.

1.11 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account, within interest.

1.12 Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.13 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2. TURNOVER

88.7% of the company's turnover (2012 - 88.2%) is attributable to geographical markets outside the United Kingdom.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2013 £	2012 £
Rents receivable Commissions receivable	33,600 3,624	33,600 2,032
	37,224	35,632

4. OPERATING LOSS

The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):

£	2012 £
40,636	61,792
•	
258,094	256,924
17,575	18,500
22,445	17,771
59,037	62,086
<u>-</u>	(50,121)
	258,094 17,575 22,445

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

5. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs, including executive directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,181,422 109,036 22,445	1,381,977 124,932 17,771
	1,312,903	1,524,680

Included in wages and salaries are redundancy costs of £123,761 (2012 - Nil).

The average monthly number of employees, including the executive directors, during the year was as follows:

	2013 No.	2012 No.
Directors	1 2	2 6
Administration Production	36	43
	39	51

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	2013	2012
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments	151,709	109,134

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director (2012 - 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

7. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	2013 £	2012 £
Foreign exchange gain Bank interest receivable	- -	26,246 334
	<u> </u>	26,580

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

8. INTEREST PAYABLE

	On bank loans and overdrafts On loans from group undertakings Foreign exchange loss	2013 £ 117,762 - 62,523	2012 £ 72,518 3,022
		180,285	75,540
9.	TAXATION		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Analysis of tax credit in the year		
	UK corporation tax (credit)/charge on loss for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(129,000) -	(20,485)
		(129,000)	(20,485)

Tax on loss on ordinary activities

There is a potential deferred tax amount in respect of losses available and set aff against future taxable profits of £92,000 (2012 - £50,000). In line with accounting standards this amount is not incorprorated into the financial statements. There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2012 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 25%). The differences are explained below:

	2013 £	2012 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(1,229,071)	(411,767)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 25%)	(282,815)	(102,942)
Effects of:		
Non-tax deductible amortisation of goodwill and impairment Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill	2,596	15,448
amortisation and impairment	1,943	1,232
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	59,362	62,179
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	(20,485)
Non-taxable income	-	6,751
Utilisation of tax losses and other deductions	108,882	-
Unrelieved tax losses carried forward	129,069	-
Other differences leading to an increase/(decrease) in the tax		
charge	-	17,332
Group relief - surrendered	(148,037)	-
Current tax credit for the year (see note above)	(129,000)	(20,485)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Development expenditure £	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 October 2012	195,494	91,774	287,268
Additions	31,122	<u> </u>	31,122
At 30 September 2013	226,616	91,774	318,390
Amortisation			
At 1 October 2012	77,793	91,774	169,567
Charge for the year	40,636	<u> </u>	40,636
At 30 September 2013	118,429	91,774	210,203
Net book value			
At 30 September 2013	108,187	<u>-</u>	108,187
At 30 September 2012	117,701		117,701

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tenant's improvement s £	Plant & machinery £	Fixtures & fittings £	Total £
151,323	3,322,445	535,285	4,009,053
•	39,165	-	39,165
-	280,004	(280,004)	-
151,323	3,641,614	255,281	4,048,218
61,647	2,651,670	224,641	2,937,958
30,265	203,764	24,065	258,094
91,912	2,855,434	248,706	3,196,052
59,411	786,180	6,575	852,166
89,676	670,775	310,644	1,071,095
	improvement s £ 151,323 151,323 61,647 30,265 91,912 59,411	improvement s machinery £	improvement Plant & machinery Fixtures & fittings £ £ £ 151,323 3,322,445 535,285 - 39,165 - - 280,004 (280,004) 151,323 3,641,614 255,281 61,647 2,651,670 224,641 30,265 203,764 24,065 91,912 2,855,434 248,706 59,411 786,180 6,575

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

12.	STO	CKS
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12.	STOCKS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Raw materials	477,661	1,797,844
	Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	70,517 480,733	224,113 800,220
		1,028,911	2,822,177
13.	DEBTORS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Due after more than one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	11,992
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	1,178,475	4,603,151
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	399,070	407,106
	Other debtors	213,886	454,636
		1,791,431	5,476,885
14.	CREDITORS:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Bank overdraft	4,277,845	8,004,598
	Trade creditors	129,723	575,306
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	735,271	1,192,092
	Social security and other taxes Other creditors	578,148	46,965 445,290
		5,720,987	10,264,251

The bank overdraft is guaranteed by AVK Holdings A/S, the company's parent undertaking.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

15. OTHER PROVISIONS

	Warranty provisions £
At 1 October 2012 Amounts used	346,845 (172,987)
At 30 September 2013	173,858

Warranty provisions

Provisions relate to the cost of work to be carried out under warranties to remedy faulty valves which have been sold. This work is likely to be carried out between 12 to 24 months from the balance sheet date.

16. SHARE CAPITAL

	20	13 2012 £ £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
7,200,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	7,200,00	7,200,000

17. RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 October 2012 Loss for the year	(8,181,424) (1,100,071)
At 30 September 2013	(9,281,495)

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 30 September 2013 there were contingent liabilities of £100,000 (2012 - £100,000) in respect of a bond relating to HM Revenue & Customs and delivery bonds relating to a customer of £892,900 (2012 - £892,900).

19. PENSIONS

The company contributes to defined pension contribution schemes on behalf of certain employees. The schemes are held in separately identifiable funds are administered independantly of the company.

Contributions by the company to the schemes during the year amounted to £22,445 (2012 - £13,063).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

20. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 30 September 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
Expiry date:		
Between 2 and 5 years	13,463	18,441

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions set out in paragraph 3 of Financial Reporting Standard Number 8: Related Parties. Accordingly, transactions between group companies are not disclosed.

22. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled by AVK Holdings A/S.

The parent undertaking of the smallest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared is AVK Holdings A/S, a company incorporated in Denmark. Consolidated accounts are available from Erhvervs - og Selskabsstyrelesen, Kampmannsgade1, 1780 Kobenhavn, Denmark.

The parent undertaking of the largest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared is ASX 14, 145 ApS, a company incorporated in Denmark. Consolidated accounts are available from the above address. In the opinion of the directors this is the company's ultimate parent company. ASX 14,145 ApS is ultimately controlled by N A Kjaer.