PELAGIC FREEZING (SCOTLAND) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2009

FRIDAY

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17/09/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE 127

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Directors R P Duthie

A M I Bonthrone

D R Fasken (resigned 31 March 2010)

Secretary G A Hanson

Registered office Castle Street

Peterhead Aberdeenshire AB42 1EN

Independent auditors Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Glasgow

United Kingdom

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to small companies exemption.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the provision of packing, freezing and cold storage services to the fishing industry in North East of Scotland.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation was £354,024 (2008 loss - £433,697). The directors do not recommend a dividend for year ended 31 December 2009 (2008 - £Nil).

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and at the date of this report are listed on page

Employment policies

The company's employment policies are built around Fairness, Achievement, Integrity and Respect and are set out in the Denholm Standard for employment.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors, having considered the company's forecasts, cash resources, and group facilities, have concluded that the company has a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Directors' responsibilities statement (continued)

As at the date of this report, as far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have taken such steps as they should have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Subsequent to the year end, Johnston Carmichael resigned as auditors and Deloitte LLP were appointed in their place. Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to re-appoint Deloitte LLP as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

Close company provisions

In the opinion of the directors, the company is a close company within the meaning of S.414 Income and Corporation Taxes Act, 1988 (as amended).

By order of the Board on 11 Jun 2010

G A HANSON Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ABLY RESOURCES LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

We have audited the financial statements of Pelagic Freezing (Scotland) Limited, company registration number SC214325, for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 22. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PELAGIC FREEZING (SCOTLAND) LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report.

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James Boyle CA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Glasgow United Kingdom

24 JUNE 2010

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER	2	2,878,842	2,016,588
Cost of sales		(1,340,594)	(996,667)
GROSS PROFIT		1,538,248	1,019,921
Administrative expenses		(915,521)	(950,498)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	622,727	69,423
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(42,433)	-
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	112 (160,115)	14,784 (231,081)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		420,291	(146,874)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	(66,267)	(286,823)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	20	354,024	(433,697)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit of £354,024 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008 - loss of £433,697).

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	2009	2008
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	8	6,481,743	6,783,279
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	9	125,978	132,814
Debtors due within one year	10	241,877	138,005
Cash at bank and in hand		302,807	174,049
		670,662	444,868
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(906,996)	(757,551)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(236,334)	(312,683)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,245,409	6,470,596
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(2,101,266)	(4,181,299)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
Deferred taxation	15	(698,524)	(632,284)
DEFERRED INCOME			
Government grants	16	(1,234,022)	(1,332,770)
NET ASSETS		2,211,597	324,243
		70.	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital	19	666,666	666,666
Profit and loss account	20	1,544,931	(342,423)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	21	2,211,597	324,243

These financial statements were approved by the Board on 11 June 2010

R P DUTHIE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been adopted consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, as explained in the Directors' report.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is more than 90% owned by a group of companies and its ultimate parent includes the company in its consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation, and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the cost less estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets over their anticipated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold Property - 50 years
Plant & Machinery - 4 - 15 years
Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment - 5 years
Motor Vehicles - 6 - 7 years
Computer Equipment - 4 - 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of raw materials represents purchase price. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further cost expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

Leases

Rentals in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

Pension costs arising in respect of the defined contribution scheme are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on the current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Government grants

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

2. TURNOVER

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after (crediting)/charging:

	2009	4008
	£	£
Amortisation of government grants	(98,748)	(98,748)
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	518,342	522,644
Auditors' remuneration	9,000	5,750
Operating lease costs:		
Land and buildings	50,000	50,000
-		

2000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

	2009	2008
	Number	Number
Production staff	21	21
Administrative staff	2	2
Management staff	4	4
•		
	27	27
	-	
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Wages and salaries	601,833	566,820
Social security costs	18,885	53,381
Other pension costs	14,987	11,329
	635,705	631,530

The numbers stated above include Directors' remuneration.

5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were:

	2009	2008
	£	£
Remuneration receivable	61,684	6,750
		

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows:

	2009	2008
	Number	Number
Money purchase scheme	1	1

Some of the company's directors were paid by other group companies during the year and in the prior year. The emoluments of these directors are shown in the financial statements of other group companies and it is not practical to make an appointment of remuneration in respect of services provided to this company.

6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2009	2008
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowings	160,115	231,081
	**	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

7. TAXATION ON PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2009 £	2008 £
Current tax:	_	
In respect of the year:		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 28% (2008 – 28.5%)	27	10,224
Total current tax	27	10,224
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 15)	66,240	276,599
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	66,267	286,823

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge for the period

Total current tax for the year when expressed as a percentage of profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is lower at 0% (2008 – lower at -7%) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 – 28.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2009	2008
	%	%
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	28	28
Accounting depreciation not eligible for tax purposes	(3)	-
Expenses not eligible for tax purposes	(7)	-
Capital allowances in excess of accounting depreciation	20	35
Other timing differences	(36)	39
Sundry tax adjusting items	(2)	-
Tax on notional loan waiver	•	(110)
Release of deferred tax provision in respect of IBA's	-	1
•		
	-	<u>(/)</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold Property £	Plant & Machinery £	Fixtures & Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
COST				444 = 0.4	#0.00 <i>f</i>	0.040.440
At 1 Jan 2009	3,049,842	6,637,915	22,843	144,706	58,306	9,913,612
Additions Disposals	262,000 (100,670)	36,572			787	299,359 (100,670)
At 31 Dec 2009	3,211,172	6,674,487	22,843	144,706	59,093	10,112,301
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 Jan 2009 Charge for the	374,668	2,551,726	22,843	129,358	51,738	3,130,333
year	60,997	442,099	_	12,203	3,043	518,342
On disposals	(18,117)	· -	_	´ –	· -	(18,117)
At 31 Dec 2009	417,548	2,993,825	22,843	141,561	54,781	3,630,558
NET BOOK VAL	UE					
At 31 Dec 2009	2,793,624	3,680,662		3,145	4,312	6,481,743
At 31 Dec 2008	2,675,174	4,086,189		15,348	6,568	6,783,279

The leasehold property above relates to a lease with less than 50 years unexpired.

9. STOCKS

	Finished goods and goods for resale	2009 £ 125,978	2008 £ 132,814
10.	DEBTORS		
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2009 £ 39,418 25,577 162,943 13,939 241,877	2008 £ 49,405 47,413 23,000 18,187 138,005
11.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 13) Trade creditors Other taxation and social security Other creditors	2009 £ 546,700 133,214 37,770 189,312	2008 £ 546,700 30,535 98,524 81,792
		906,996	757,551

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (note 13)	2,101,266	2,647,965
Other loans	· -	1,533,334
	2,101,266	4,181,299

13. BORROWINGS

Creditors include bank loans which are due for repayment as follows:

	2009	2008
	£	£
Amounts repayable:		
In one year or less or on demand	546,700	546,700
In more than one year but not more than two years	546,700	546,700
In more than two years but not more than five years	1,490,097	1,640,100
In more than five years	64,469	1,994,499
	2,647,966	4,727,999

There are four sterling loans held by the company, two at fixed rates of 6.59% and 7.34% and two at variable rates of UK base rate plus 1.75% and 2.5% respectively. All of these loans are repayable by fixed monthly instalments, two until 2014 and two until 2015, and are secured by fixed and floating charges against the company's assets.

14. PENSIONS

The company contributes to a defined contribution scheme for which the pension charge for the year amounted to £14,987 (2008 - £11,329).

15. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:

	2009	2008
	£	£
Provision brought forward	632,284	355,685
Current year charge (note 7)	66,240	276,599
Provision carried forward	698,524	632,284

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2009	2008
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	703,930	792,044
Tax losses available	(5,406)	(159,760)
	698,524	632,284
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

16. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

	2009 £
At 1 January 2009 Released to the profit and loss account in the year	1,332,770 (98,748)
At 31 December 2009	1,234,022

17. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2009 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

				Land & Buildings	
				2009	2008
				£	£
	Operating leases which expire:				
	After more than 5 years			50,000	50,000
					<u>, </u>
18.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS				
				Trading	Trading
				balances	balances
		Purchases	Sales to	owed to	
		from related	related	related	related
	Related party	party	party	party	party
	2009	£	£	£	£
	Denholm Seafoods Limited * (P)	_	2,470,285	_	25,577
	Croan Seafoods Limited **	_		_	
	Alisrose Limited (J)	12,385	_	_	-
	Denholm Fishselling Limited *	,	3,710	-	483
	· ·	10.006			
		12,385	2,473,995	_	26,060
	Deleted sent-				
	Related party 2008	£	£	£	r
	Denholm Seafoods Limited * (P)	L	505,895	£	43,674
	Croan Seafoods Limited **	3,821	16,564	<u>-</u>	1,210
	Alisrose Limited (J)	6,426	10,504	387	23,000
	Denholm Fishselling Limited *	0,420		307	23,000
	Domoini i isiistiing Linnted				
		10,247	522,459	387	67,884
				-	

- * Fellow subsidiaries of J. & J. Denholm Limited, the ultimate parent undertaking
- ** Croan Seafoods Limited owned 37.5% of the issued share capital of Pelagic Freezing (Scotland) Limited up to 18 September 2008
- (P) Immediate parent undertaking
- (J) Joint venture of Denholm Seafoods Limited, the immediate parent undertaking

In the year to 31 December 2009, compensation payments of £Nil (2008 - £11,715) were received for consortium relief claimed by Ocean Fish-selling Company Limited, a minority shareholder in Pelagic Freezing (Scotland) Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

19. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

		2009		2008	
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	Number 666,666	£ 666,666	Number 666,666	£ 666,666
20.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
	Balance brought forward Capital contribution – loan waiver Profit/(loss) for the financial year			2009 £ (342,423) 1,533,330 354,024	2008 £ 91,274 - (433,697)
	Balance carried forward			1,544,931	(342,423)
21.	21. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution – loan waiver Opening shareholders' funds			2009 £ 354,024 1,533,330 324,243	2008 £ (433,697) - 757,940
	Closing shareholders' funds			2,211,597	324,243

22. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent undertaking is Denholm Seafoods Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The ultimate parent undertaking is J. & J. Denholm Limited, a company registered in England. The smallest group in which the results of Pelagic Freezing (Scotland) Limited are consolidated is that headed Denholm Seafoods Limited. The largest group in which the results of Pelagic Freezing (Scotland) Limited are consolidated is that headed J. & J. Denholm Limited. Copies of the accounts of these groups may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.