Company Registration No. SC213810 (Scotland)	
A & M ROBINSON LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		386,456		347,423
Current assets					
Stocks		113,000		113,250	
Debtors	5	126,256		67,934	
Cash at bank and in hand		188,848		213,784	
		428,104		394,968	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	_	(4.10.055)			
year	6	(1 49,655)		(44,379)	
Net current assets			278,449		350,589
Total assets less current liabilities			664,905		698,012
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	7		(44.667)		
than one year	7		(11,667)		-
Provisions for liabilities			(41,236)		(34,694)
Net assets			612,002		663,318
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Fair value reserve	9		209,259		208,326
Distributable profit and loss reserves			402,643		454,892
Total equity			612,002		663,318

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr L W Robinson **Director**

Company Registration No. SC213810

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

A & M Robinson Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 1008 Pollokshaws Road, Shawlands, Glasgow, G41 2HG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is ten years.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the acquisition. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings included at fair value
Plant and equipment 15% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings 15% reducing balance

Computers 25% on cost

Motor vehicles 15% reducing balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 17 (2017 - 19).

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	22,500
Amortisation and impairment At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	22,500
Carrying amount At 31 March 2018	-
At 31 March 2017	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildingsna	Plant and chinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	_	_	_
	At 1 April 2017	300,000	152,567	452,567
	Additions		55,741 ———	55,741 ———
	At 31 March 2018	300,000	208,308	508,308
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2017	-	105,144	105,144
	Depreciation charged in the year		16,708	16,708
	At 31 March 2018	-	121,852	121,852
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2018	300,000	86,456	386,456
	At 31 March 2017	300,000	47,423	347,423
5	Debtors			
•			2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		88,127	47,083
	Corporation tax recoverable		6,788	6,131
	Other debtors		31,341	14,720
			126,256	67,934
6	Consideration and the little and the wideliness of the little and			
· ·	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade creditors		33,456	10,164
	Corporation tax		20,599	-
	Other taxation and social security		44,239	19,412
	Other creditors		51,361	14,803
			149,655	44,379

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other creditors	11,667	
8	Called up share capital	0040	2047
		2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		100	100
9	Fair value reserve		
		2018 £	2017 £
	At the beginning of the year Non distributable profits in the year	208,326 933	207,449 877
	At the end of the year	209,259	208,326
10	Related party transactions		
	Transactions with related parties During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Key management personnel	1,305	680

11 Directors' transactions

Amounts owed by related parties as at the year end was £7,317 (2017- £5,293). Amounts advanced during the year amounted to £2,024

Dividends totalling £168,420 (2017 - £168,420) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.