COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER SC 211677

MAXWELL DOWNHOLE TECHNOLOGY LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2008



ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Chartered Accountants Chartered Registered Auditors
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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was that of Engineering design and manufacture.

There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the next year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £631,601. The directors have not recommended a dividend.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company manages competitive trading risk by providing added value services to it's customers and by maintaining strong relationships with them. "Quality at work" is the corporate policy fundamental to the company's ethos. The company's quality assurance engineering processes are rigorously applied.

The company's transactions are predominately in Sterling but minimal transactions (sales and purchases) are in other currencies and the company is therefore exposed to the movement in foreign exchange rates.

The company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using rolling forecasts.

The company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of parent company loans, finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The parent company ensures that working capital requirements are met.

Interest on group loans are charged at 1.5% above base rate and the company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent of group loans at the balance sheet date.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

M Levs

P Felter

S Desmette

S Fraser

J G Burgess

W Brown-Kerr

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

M Leys was appointed as a director on 21 August 2007.

P Felter retired as a director on 21 August 2007.

C J Malcolmson was appointed as a director on 8 October 2008.

C R Talbutt was appointed as a director on 8 October 2008.

M Leys retired as a director on 16 July 2008.

S Desmette retired as a director on 26 November 2008.

S Fraser retired as a director on 16 July 2008.

POLICY ON THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The company's policy is to agree terms or transactions, including payment terms, with suppliers and provided the suppliers perform in accordance with agreed terms, it is the Group's normal practice that payment is made accordingly.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

AUDITOR

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Registered office:

Signed on behalf of the directors

J G Burgess

Director

Approved by the directors on 4 June 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAXWELL DOWNHOLE TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

We have audited the financial statements of Maxwell Downhole Technology Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAXWELL DOWNHOLE TECHNOLOGY LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

OPINION

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Ernst & Young LLP

Chartered Registered Auditors

4 June 2009

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

			Period from
		Year to	1 Jan 06 to
		31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER	2	775,595	1,514,547
Cost of sales		292,273	609,934
GROSS PROFIT		483,322	904,613
Administrative expenses		741,681	768,855
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	3	(258,359)	135,758
Interest receivable		5,721	6,509
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(103,871)	(81,386)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE			
TAXATION		(356,509)	60,881
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	7	275,092	(274,866)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(631,601)	335,747

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2008

		200	8	2007
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	8		199,899	146,108
Tangible assets	9		100,903	7,596
			300,802	153,704
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	10	370,892		261,781
Debtors	11	399,359		631,562
Cash at bank		200		236,555
		770,451		1,129,898
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	13	2,137,527		1,718,275
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,367,076)	(588,377)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	8		(1,066,274)	(434,673)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			<u> </u>	
Called-up equity share capital	16		10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account	17		(1,076,274)	(444,673)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	18		(1,066,274)	(434,673)

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 4 June 2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

JIG BURGESS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the forseeable future.

The centralised group finance function and the cross guarantees which exist within Sovereign Oilfield Group's (the Group's) debt facilities means that the going concern assumption for the Company is inextricably linked to that of the Group. The Group accounts for the year ending 31 March 2008 were approved on 14 May 2009, and have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The Group has issued a letter of support confirming they will provide sufficient funds to allow the company to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future and until at least 30 June 2010. On the basis of the above the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. Full details of the Group's financial position are available in the Group accounts.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Research and development expenditure

Research and development expenditure is written off in profit and loss account in the year in which it incurred except development expediture incurred on individual projects. Where the recoverability of this development expenditure can be foreseen with reasonable assurance it is capitalised and amortised in line with sales from the related project.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Research and development

- over 3 years

Patents

- over 3 years

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 25% on cost Fixtures & Fittings - 25% on cost ISUB Rentals - 33% on cost Computer Equipment - 25% on cost Rental assets - 33% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover is given below:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
UK and Europe	239,412	177,656
Rest of World	536,183	1,336,891
	775,595	1,514,547

3. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Amortisation	26,459	_
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	18,886	2,655
Net loss on foreign currency translation	3,817	7,644
Auditors' remuneration	11,350	8,000
		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	11,350	8,000
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	No	No
Number of production and technical staff	4	3
Number of administrative staff	1	_
Number of management staff	2	2
	7	

The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Wages and salaries	305,131	527,156
Social security costs	41,466	56,727
Other pension costs	9,681	21,910
	356,278	605,793

5. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Emoluments receivable	178,274	422,240
Value of company pension contributions to money purchase		
schemes	8,625	21,910
	186,899	444,150
Emoluments of highest paid director:		
		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	113,507	287,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowing	_	126
Other similar charges payable	103,871	81,260
	103,871	81,386

7. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

Current tax:	Year to 31 Mar 08	Period from 1 Jan 06 to 31 Mar 07 £
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 30% (2007 - 30%) Total current tax	<u>-</u>	226 226
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Losses	275,092	(275,092)
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	275,092	(274,866)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2007 - 30%).

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(356,509)	60,881
		
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	(106,953)	18,264
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,232	-
Group loss relief	101,012	-
Marginal relief	-	(131)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	4,709	947
Relief for losses arising in previous years	· -	(18,854)
Total assess ton (note 7(a))		226
Total current tax (note 7(a))	-	226

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

					Research and relopment £	Patents £	Total £
	COST At 1 April 2007 Additions				139,970 72,158	6,138 8,092	146,108 80,250
	At 31 March 2008	3			212,128	14,230	226,358
	AMORTISATIO Charge for the year				22,844	3,615	26,459
	At 31 March 2008	3			22,844	3,615	26,459
	NET BOOK VAI At 31 March 2008	3			189,284	10,615	199,899
	At 31 March 2007				139,970	6,138	146,108
9.	TANGIBLE FIX	ED ASSETS					
		Plant & Machinery £	Fixtures & Fittings £		Computer Equipment £	Rental assets £	Total £
	COST At 1 Apr 2007 Additions	4,751 10,720	1,572 5,712	- 46,560	10,015 9,277	- 39,924	16,338 112,193
	At 31 Mar 2008	15,471	7,284	46,560	19,292	39,924	128,531
	DEPRECIATION At 1 Apr 2007 Charge for the year	4,751 223	456 1,628	- 6,049	3,535 4,332	- 6,654	8,742 18,886
	At 31 Mar 2008	4,974	2,084	6,049	7,867	6,654	27,628
	NET BOOK VAI At 31 Mar 2008	UE 10,497	5,200	40,511	11,425	33,270	100,903
	At 31 Mar 2007		1,116	<u></u>	6,480		7,596
10.	STOCKS						
	Raw materials Work in progress					2008 £ 240,604 130,288 370,892	2007 £ 159,905 101,876 261,781

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

11. DEBTORS

	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade debtors	156,497	318,601
Amounts owed by group undertakings	173,101	_
VAT recoverable	35,328	20,389
Other debtors	_	13,772
Prepayments and accrued income	34,433	3,708
Deferred taxation (note 12)		275,092
	399,359	631,562

12. DEFERRED TAXATION

The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as follows:

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Included in debtors (note 11)	-	275,092
		

The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was:

	Year to 31 Mar 08	Period from 1 Jan 06 to 31 Mar 07 £
Balance brought forward Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	275,092 (275,092)	- 275,092
Balance carried forward		275,092

The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Tax losses available	-	275,092
		
	-	275,092
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

13. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2008	2007 £
Trade creditors	£ 165,862	116,489
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,870,922	1,234,152
Other creditors including taxation and social security:		
Corporation tax	226	226
PAYE and social security	40,559	43,422
Other creditors	817	4,070
	2,078,386	1,398,359
Accruals and deferred income	59,141	319,916
	2,137,527	1,718,275

14. CONTINGENCIES

Sovereign Oilfield Group's (the Group's) bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a floating charge over certain of the group's assets and pledges over the shares of the parent company and its subsidiaries, including those of Maxwell Downhole Technology Limited.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is a 100% subsidiary and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Sovereign Oilfield Group Plc. The company is therefore exempt from disclosing transactions with other group companies or with related parties in which the group holds an investment.

16. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			100,000	100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000

2008

2007

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

17. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

		Period from
	Year to	1 Jan 06 to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07
	£	£
Balance brought forward	(444,673)	(780,420)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(631,601)	335,747
Balance carried forward	(1,076,274)	(444,673)

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2008	2007
	£	£
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(631,601)	335,747
Opening shareholders' deficit	(434,673)	(770,420)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(1,066,274)	(434,673)

19. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The ultimate parent company, Sovereign Oilfield Group Plc (the Group), has recently agreed an amendment of terms in respect of debt facilities in place at 31 March 2008. Further information can be found in the Group's Accounts.

20. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent company is Sovereign Oilfield Services Limited, a company registered in the United Kingdom. Sovereign Oilfield Group PLC, is the ultimate parent company of the group. A copy of the group financial statements, which include the company, are available from 12-16 Albyn Place, Aberdeen AB10 1PS.