Registered number: SC209209

PPE Industrial Supplies Limited

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

Prepared By:

Cunningham Grant
Chartered Accountants
G6, The Granary Business Centre
Coal Road
Cupar
Fife
KY15 5YQ

PPE Industrial Supplies Limited

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

DIRECTORS

Anne Archibald

Stuart Archibald

SECRETARY

Anne Archibald

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit 1,6B Dryden Road

Bilston Glen Industrial Estate

Loanhead

EH20 9LZ

COMPANY DETAILS

Private company limited by shares registered in SC - Scotland, registered number SC209209

ACCOUNTANTS

Cunningham Grant

Chartered Accountants

G6, The Granary Business Centre

Coal Road

Cupar

Fife

KY15 5YQ

ACCOUNTS FOR THEYEARENDED31 AUGUST 2020

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The following do not form part of the statutory financial statements:	
Trading And Profit And Loss Account	-
Profit And Loss Account Summaries	_

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 August 2020

			2020		2019
	Notes		£		£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	3		27,650		38,051
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stock		42,086		46,404	
Debtors	4	117,553		183,319	
Cash at bank and in hand		251,263		153,107	
		410,902		382,830	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	5	92,071		143,349	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			318,831		239,481
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			346,481		277,532
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6		5,965		15,368
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES					1,042
NET ASSETS			340,516		261,122
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss account			340,416		261,022
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			340,516		261,122

For the year ending 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have decided not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 17 May 2021 and signed on their behalf by

Anne Archibald

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1a. General Information And Basis Of Accounting

The company is limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland. The address of the registered office is given in the company information on page 1 of these financial statements. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard FRS 102 including Section 1A Small Entities, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise shown.

1b. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation has been provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant And Machinery straight line20% Motor Cars reducing balance25%

1c. Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell (net realisable value). Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of stocks recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

1d. Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the expected useful life of the asset. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

1e. Taxation

Current tax represents the amount of tax payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

1f. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows: Sale of goods Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1g. Employee Benefits

When employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be payable in exchange for that service.

The company operates a defined contribution plan for the benefit of its employees. Contributions are expensed as they become payable.

1h. Government Grants

Revenue grants are recognised in profit and loss in the year in which they are received. Capital grants received are treated as deferred credits and credited to profit and loss account over the estimated useful life of the relevant fixed assets.

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		2020	2019
Average number of employees		No. 7	No. <i>6</i>
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3. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
	Plant and		
	Machinery Etc.		Total
	£		£
Cost			
At 1 September 2019	151,569		151,569
At 31 August 2020	151,569		151,569
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2019	113,518		113,518
For the year	10,401		10,401
At 31 August 2020	123,919		123,919
Net Book Amounts			
At 31 August 2020	27,650		27,650
At 31 August 2019	38,051		38,051
4. DEBTORS		2020	2019
		£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:			
Trade debtors	11	6,238	173,737
Other debtors		1,315	9,582
	11	7,553	183,319

5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	38,390	75,457
Taxation and social security	42,110	53,622
Other creditors	11,571	14,270
	92,071	143,349
Hire purchase creditors totalling £9,222 (2019 - £11,401) are secured on the assets they finance.		
6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	5,965	15,368
	5,965	15,368
Included in other creditors are:		
Obligations under hire purchase	5,965	15,368
Hire purchase creditors totalling £5,965 (2019 - £15,368) are secured on the assets they finance.		
7. SHARE CAPITAL	2020	2019
	£	£
Allotted, issued and fully paid:		
40 Class A Ordinary shares of £1 each	40	40
40 Class B Ordinary shares of £1 each	40	40
10 Class C Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10
10 Class D Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10
	100	100

8. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 August 2020 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Operating leases	89,420	5,420

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.