Miller Residential Development Services Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016 Registered number SC207758

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Miller Residential Development Services Limited Directors' report and financial statements Registered number SC207758 31 December 2016

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Miller Residential Development Services Limited Directors' report and financial statements Registered number SC207758 31 December 2016

Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of property development.

Results and Dividends

The profit for the year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. No dividend was paid during the year (2015: £nil).

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

Julie M Jackson Ian Murdoch Donald Borland

(resigned 31 March 2016)

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a Strategic report.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

Julie Jackson Director

05 September 2017

Miller House 2 Lochside View Edinburgh EH12 9DH

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Miller Residential Development Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Miller Residential Development Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out on pages 5 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Directors' report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in that report; and
- in our opinion, that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Miller Residential Development Services Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Hugh Harvie (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EG

05 September 2017

Profit and loss account and Other comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £000	2015 £000
Administrative credit		17	32
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	17	32
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	-	· -
Profit for the financial year	·	17	32

There are no items of Other comprehensive income other than those disclosed above.

The results for the financial year have been derived from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
Balance at 1 January 2015		691	691
Profit for the year		32	32
Balance at 31 December 2015		723	723
Profit for the year		17	17
Balance at 31 December 2016	-	740	740

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £000	2015 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments	4	1	1
Current assets	_		4.450
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	1,127 29	1,152 29
		4.456	1,181
		1,156	1,101
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(417)	(459)
Net current assets		739	722
Net assets		740	723
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	-	-
Profit and loss account		740	723
Equity shareholders' funds		740	723

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 05 September 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

lan Murdoch Director

lau Murdoch

Notes

(Forming part of the financial statements)

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of accounting

Miller Residential Development Services Limited (the "company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

These company financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014. The amendments to FRS 102 issued in July 2015 have been applied. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling.

The company's results are consolidated within the results of its intermediary parent company Miller Homes Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Miller Homes Holdings Limited are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and are available to the public and may be obtained from the address in note 8. In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to the end of the period has not been included a second time;
- The disclosures required by FRS 102.11 Basic Financial Instruments and FRS 102.12
 Other Financial Instrument Issues in respect of financial instruments not falling within the
 fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1;
- · Cash Flow Statement and related notes; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation.

The company is exempt by virtue of s401 subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the directors have assessed that the company has limited remaining working capital requirements and have a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to enable it to meet these liabilities as they fall due for payment for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Investments

Investments are held at cost less any provision for impairment.

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

Dividend on shares presented within shareholders' funds

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the company. Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2. Expenses and auditor's remuneration

Expenses and auditor's remuneration		
·	2016	2015
	£000	£000
This is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Auditor's remuneration:		
Audit of these financial statements Amounts receivable by auditors and their associates in respect of:	-	2
Other services relating to taxation	-	1
Administrative credit:		
Write back of amounts owed by subsidiary companies	(17)	(35)

Auditor's remuneration of £2,000 has been borne by Miller Homes Limited, a fellow subsidiary company, during the year.

The company has no employees (2015: nil). The directors did not receive any remuneration from the company during the year (2015: £nil).

3. Taxation

Analysis of charge for the year	2016 £000	2015 £000
UK corporation tax Total current tax charge	-	-
Tax charge for the year	•	-

Factors affecting the tax charge

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2015: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20.25%). The difference is explained below:

Tax reconciliation

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Profit for the year before taxation Total tax charge	17 -	32
Profit excluding taxation	17	32
Current tax at 20% (2015: 20.25%) Effect of:	3	6
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration Non-taxable income	(3)	(7)
Total tax charge		

Current tax has been charged at 20% (2015: 20.25%) in the reconciliation above. The corporate tax rate reduced to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015. It will reduce to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 17% from 1 April 2020.

4.	Investments			
4.			2016 £000	2015 £000
	Share capital in subsidiaries and joint ventures		1	1
	The principal investments of the company as at 31 l	December 20	16 were:	
		Share type	Principal activities	Share Holding
	Land & City Properties (Bollington) Limited	Ordinary	Residential Property Development	100%
	Iliad Miller Limited	Ordinary	Residential Property Development	50%
	Iliad Miller (No. 2) Limited	Ordinary	Residential Property Development	50%
	The registered address for each of the above Edinburgh Park, Edinburgh, EH12 9DH.	companies is	s Miller House, 2 Loch	iside View,
5.	Debtors		204.0	2015
			2016 £000	2015 £000
	Amounts owed by parent undertakings Amounts owed by joint venture companies		1,038 89	1,063 89
	•		1,127	1,152
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2016 £000	2015 £000
	Amounts owed to joint venture companies Amounts owed to subsidiary companies Accruals and deferred income		44 285 88	44 327 88
			417	459
_				
7.	Called up shared capital		2016 £	2015 £
	Allotted and fully paid: 1 ordinary share of £1		1	1

8. Immediate and ultimate parent company

The company's immediate parent company is Miller Homes Holdings Limited and its ultimate parent company is The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited. Both companies are registered in Scotland and incorporated in Great Britain.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The Miller Homes Group (UK) Limited. The smallest group in which they are consolidated into is that headed by Miller Homes Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements of these groups are available to the public and may be obtained from The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the company was ultimately controlled by GSO Capital Partners LP, a division of the Blackstone Group LP.

9. Accounting estimates and judgements

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The company believes that there are no areas of material estimation uncertainty which affect the financial results.

Critical accounting judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

The company believes that the major judgement applied is the use of the going concern principle which supports the valuation of assets included in the Balance sheet.

10. Related parties

The company has related party relationships with companies in which, as indicated in note 4, it holds an investment. As mentioned in the accounting policies, FRS 102 provides for exemption of disclosing transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group but this does not include joint ventures.

The balances outstanding from/(to) the joint venture companies at 31 December were:

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Iliad Miller Limited	45	45
Iliad Miller (No 2) Limited	43	43
Scotmid-Miller (Great Junction Street) Limited	1	1
College Street Residential Developments Limited	(44)	(44)
	45	45