Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 July 2021

Company Number SC203853



Company Information

Directors

H Currie K Wilson

D Girdwood

Registered number

SC203853

Registered office

The Finance Department

St Columba's Junior School

Knockbuckle Road

Kilmalcolm PA13 4EQ

Independent auditor

BDO LLP

4 Atlantic Quay 70 York Street Glasgow G2 8JX

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Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021.

Principal activity

The company was dormant in both current and prior year.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

H Currie

K Wilson

C Paterson (resigned 14 September 2021)

D Girdwood was appointed as a director of the company after the year end on 14 September 2021.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

Januar 1202 Zand signed on its behalf.

This report was approved by the board on

D Girdwood Director

Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report together with the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of St Columba's School (Developments) Limited

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of St Columba's School (Developments) Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 July 2021 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of St Columba's School (Developments) Limited (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report and financial statements other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from
 the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of St Columba's School (Developments) Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team, designed and executed to detect irregularities including fraud, included:

- Discussions with management and those charged with governance, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Reviewing correspondence with regulatory bodies such as HMRC for indicators of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Vouching balances and reconciling items in management's key control account and intercompany reconciliations to supporting documentation as at 31 July 2021.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error; as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

-DocuSigned by:

Martin Gill

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Martin Gill (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Glasgow
United Kingdom

Date: 31 January 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial year. During these periods, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither profit or loss.

Statement of Financial Position Registered number: SC203853 As at 31 July 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(266,615)	(266,615)
Net liabilities		(266,615)	(266,615)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	2	2
Profit and loss account	7	(266,617)	(266,617)
Total equity		(266,615)	(266,615)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A.- small entities:

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

D Girdwood

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 August 2020	2	(266,617)	(266,615)
Comprehensive income for the year			
Result for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
At 31 July 2021	2	(266,617)	(266,615)
	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020		
	nanges in Equity		
	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020 Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020 Called up	Profit and loss account	Total equity £ (266,615)
At 1 August 2019	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020 Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	£
For the Year En	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020 Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	£
At 1 August 2019 Comprehensive income for the year	nanges in Equity ded 31 July 2020 Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	£

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

1. General information

St Columba's School (Developments) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on the company information page and the nature of the company's principal activities is set out in the directors' report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The presentational and functional currency of these financial statements is GBP. Values are rounded to the nearest pound.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company is dormant and is dependent upon the support of its parent charitable company, St Columba's School Limited, to continue as a going concern. This support has been provided and therefore the directors have identified no conditions which suggest the company cannot continue to operate as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Financial instruments (continued)

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.4 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors have made no material judgements or key estimates in preparing these financial statements.

4. Employees

The company had no employees other than the directors in the current or prior year.

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2021 £	2020 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	266,615	266,615
6 .	Share capital		
		2021	2020
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	£.	£
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	Ž	2
			

All ordinary shares have equal voting and dividend rights.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

7. Reserves

The company's capital and reserves are as follows:

Called up share capital

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of the shares issued.

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents the accumulated profits and losses on the activities of the company.

8. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in Section 33.1A of FRS 102 whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

9. Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of St Columba's School Limited, which is the ultimate parent company, incorporated in Scotland.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by St Columba's School Limited (SC016856), incorporated in Scotland. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available from Companies House. No other group financial statements include the results of the company.