SUPPLY TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Company Registration Number SC201587



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The board of directors

Mr A A Arena

Mrs L Kold

Company secretary

Mr R D Vilsack

Business address

West Brookfield House

2 Burnbrae Drive

Linwood Paisley Renfrewshire Scotland PA3 3BU

Registered office

24 Great King Street

Edinburgh Scotland EH3 6QN

Auditor

RSM Tenon Audit Limited

Charterhouse Legge Street Birmingham B4 7EU

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is as a service centre for a group specialising in the distribution of industrial hardware and components to world-wide high technology companies in the computer, electronics and consumer product industries.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year amounted to \$210,000. The directors have not recommended a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr A A Arena Mrs L Kold

Mr J L Rutherford was appointed as a director on 24 January 2011. Mr M L Justice was appointed as a director on 1 June 2011.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

In so far as the directors are, individually, aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

RSM Tenon Audit Limited are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the directors

Mr J L Rutherførd

Director

Approved by the directors on $\frac{28-9}{20}$

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUPPLY TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

We have audited the financial statements of Supply Technologies Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 on pages 6 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 2 to 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUPPLY TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime.

Stephen Newman ACA, Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

RSM Tenon Audit Limited Statutory Auditor Charterhouse Legge Street Birmingham B4 7EU

Date: 29/9/11

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Turnover	2	2,448	2,022
Cost of sales		(2,380)	(1,920)
Gross profit		68	102
Administrative expenses		(49)	(523)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	19	(421)
Interest receivable		126	56
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxati	on	145	(365)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6	65	230
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		210	(<u>135</u>)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		
Attributable to the shareholders	210	(135)
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net		
investments	(80)	321
	<u> </u>	
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual		
report	130	186

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Registered Number SC201587

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2010

Note	\$000	2010 \$000	\$000	2009 \$000
	• • • •	•	,	,
7		12		19
9	655		<i>35</i>	
10	5,017			
	571		225	
	6 243		5 474	
	0,2 10		3,	
12	(458)		(212)	
		5,785		5,262
		5,797		5,281
r 13		(2,370)		(1,976)
		,		,
4.4				/g)
11				(8)
		3,427		3,297
				-
18		3,427		3,297
19		3,427		3,297
	9 10	7 9 655 10 5,017 571 6,243 12 (458) 11 17 18	Note \$000 \$000 7 12 9 655 10 5,017 571 6,243 12 (458) 5,785 5,797 13 (2,370) 11	Note \$000 \$000 \$000 7 12 9 655 35 10 5,017 5,214 225 6,243 5,474 12 (458) (212) 5,785 5,797 13 (2,370) 11

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 28 - 2..., and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr J L Rutherford

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of all goods and services sold during the period, less returns received, at selling price exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost represents purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

20% straight line basis

Equipment

50% straight line basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, and hire purchase contracts, are capitalised in the balance sheet at their fair value and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet.

The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRS19.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at year end exchange rates. The resulting exchange rate differences are charged to the profit and loss account.

The financial statements are expressed in US dollars, the main operating currency of the group. Balance sheet items are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Profit and loss account items are translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss reserve. The average and year end rates of exchange used are \$1.56/£1 and and \$1.55/£1 respectively (2009: \$1.57/£1 and \$1.59/£1).

Foreign currency differences on the opening profit and loss reserve are transferred to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

2. Turnover

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover is given below:

	United Kingdom Europe	2010 \$000 559 750	2009 \$000 224 845 953
	Rest of world	1,139 2,448	2,022
		2,770	
3.	Operating profit/(loss)		
	Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:		
		2010 \$0 00	2009 \$000
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	. 7	12
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	-
	Operating lease costs: -Other	137	115
	Net loss on foreign currency translation Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial	47	477
	statements	10	10
	Auditor's remuneration - other fees	13	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

4. Particulars of employees

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

	2010	2009
	No	No
Number of administrative staff	17	18
Number of selling and distribution staff	4	4
	21	22
	_	_
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
	2010	2009
	\$000	\$000
Wages and salaries	1,208	1,101
Social security costs	146	145
	1,354	1,246

5. Directors' emoluments

No emoluments were paid to the directors during the year (2009 - \$nil).

6. Taxation on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
UK Corporation tax Over/under provision in prior year Group relief payable / (receivable)	- - - -	7 (196) (189) (61) (250)
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	65 65	<u>20</u> (<u>230</u>)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

6. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%).

	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	145	(365)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax	41	(102)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of	5	-
depreciation	(3)	-
Utilisation of tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous	(43)	(10)
periods	-	(199)
Other short term timing differences	-	(61)
Accelerated capital allowances		122
Total current tax (note 6(a))		(250)

7. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures & Fittings \$000	Equipment \$000	Total \$000
Cost	17	57	74
At 1 January 2010 Additions	- 17	9	9
Disposals	(4)	(20)	(24)
At 31 December 2010	13	46	59
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2010	14	41	55
Charge for the year	1	6	7
On disposals	(4)	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
At 31 December 2010	11	36	47
Net book value			
At 31 December 2010	_2	10	12
At 31 December 2009	3	16	19

8. Fixed asset investment

In 2007 the company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of NABS Europe Limited (formerly Supply Technologies Limited) for \$2. This company is incorporated in Scotland and has been dormant since incorporation. At 31 December 2010, it had capital and reserves totalling \$2 (2009: \$2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

9.	Stocks		
	•	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
	Stock	655	<u>35</u>
10.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings VAT recoverable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred taxation (note 11)	2010 \$000 333 4,487 23 15 102 57 5,017	2009 \$000 77 5,012 - 56 69 - 5,214
11.	Deferred taxation		
	The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as	s follows:	
	Included in debtors (note 10) Included in provisions	2010 \$000 57 	2009 \$000 - (8) (8)
	The movement in the deferred taxation account dur	ing the year was:	
	At 1 January 2010 Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	2010 \$000 (8)	2009 \$000 (12) 4
	At 31 December 2010	57	(8)
	The balance of the deferred taxation account conrespect of:	sists of the tax effect of tim	ning differences in
	Excess of depreciation over taxation allowances Other timing differences	2010 \$000 4 53 57	2009 \$000 (8) —

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

12.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one	year	
		2010	2009
		\$000	\$000
	Trade creditors	289	131
	PAYE and social security	42	33
	Accruals and deferred income	127	48
		458	212
			
13.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more	than one year	
		2010	2009

14. Commitments under operating leases

Amounts owed to group undertakings

At 31 December 2010 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

\$000

2,370

\$000 1,976

	2010		2009	
	Land and buildings \$000	Other Items \$000	Land and buildings \$000	Other Items \$000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within 1 year	-	14	-	7
Within 2 to 5 years	21	47	<i>59</i>	43
After more than 5 years	60	-	-	-
•				
	<u>81</u>	61	<u>59</u>	50

15. Pension scheme

Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to \$44,000 (2009: \$47,000).

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

16. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

17.	Share capital				
	Authorised share capital:				
	1,000 Ordinary shares of \$2 each		2010 \$000 		2009 \$000 2
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	100 Ordinary shares of \$2 each	2010 No 100	\$000	2009 No 100	\$000
18.	Profit and loss account				
	Balance brought forward Profit/(loss) for the financial year Foreign currency retranslation Balance carried forward		2010 \$000 3,297 210 (80) 3,427		2009 \$000 3,111 (135) 321 3,297
19.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholde	rs' funds			
13.	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Other recognised gains/(losses) for the year		2010 \$000 210 (80) 130		2009 \$000 (135) 321 —
	Net addition to shareholders' funds				
	Opening shareholders' funds		3,297		3,111
	Closing shareholders' funds		3,427		<i>3,297</i>

20. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent undertaking is Park-Ohio Holdings Corp., a company incorporated in Ohio, USA. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is headed by Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and consolidated accounts can be obtained from 23000 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland OH44117.

The immediate parent undertaking is Supply Technologies (NY) Inc., a company incorporated in New York, USA.