Registered number: SC197955



LEADING EDGE ADVANTAGE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

J G McCallum (resigned 1 July 2016)

N M Campbell (resigned 30 September 2015)

D J Mitchell (appointed 4 March 2016)

A M Pearce (appointed 1 July 2016, resigned 1 July 2016)

A I Buchanan (appointed 1 July 2016)

Company secretary

G Megginson

Registered number

SC197955

Registered office

7 Bon Accord Sqaure

Aberdeen AB11 6DJ

Independent auditors

Anderson & Brown LLP

Kingshill View

Prime Four Business Park

Kingswells Aberdeen AB15 8PU



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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £992 (2015 - loss £100).

There were no dividends paid in the year (2015 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

J G McCallum (resigned 1 July 2016) N M Campbell (resigned 30 September 2015) D J Mitchell (appointed 4 March 2016)

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

Auditors

The auditors, Anderson Anderson & Brown LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

D J Mitchell

Director

Date: 9t February 2017



DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LEADING EDGE ADVANTAGE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Leading Edge Advantage International Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, set out on pages 5 to 13. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2006 and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LEADING EDGE ADVANTAGE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Derek Mair (Senior statutory auditor)

Ander

for and on behalf of

Anderson & Brown LLP

Statutory Auditor

Kingshill View Prime Four Business Park Kingswells

Aberdeen AB15 8PU

Date:

February 2017





PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Loss on disposal of investments			(100)
Loss before tax	-	-	(100)
Tax charge	7	(992)	-
Loss for the year	-	(992)	(100)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	(000)	(400)
	=	(992) ===================================	(100) =====

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

LEADING EDGE ADVANTAGE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC197955



BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Investments Current assets	8	817	817
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	146,184	147,176
Net assets Capital and reserves		147,001	147,993
Called up share capital	10	124	124
Capital redemption reserve	10	6	6
Profit and loss account		146,871	147,863
		147,001	147,993

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

D J Mitchell Director

Date:

T February 2017

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 July 2015	124	6	147,863	147,993
Loss for the year	-	-	(992)	(992)
At 30 June 2016	124	6	146,871	147,001

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Share capital	Capital redemption reserve	, Retained earnings	Total equity
£	£	£	£
· 124	6	147,963	148,093
-	-	(100)	(100)
124	6	147,863	147,993
	£ 124	redemption Share capital £ £ £ 124 6	Share capital reserve earnings £ £ £ £ 124 6 147,963 - (100)

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1. General information

Leading Edge Advantage International Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 7 Bon Accord Square, Aberdeen, AB11 6DJ. The company did not trade in the year.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

Information on the impact of first-time adoption of FRS 102 is given in note 14.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 FRS 102 exemptions

The company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying company as defined in FRS 102 section 1.12. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of LR Senergy Limited, which can be obtained from Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- c) Disclosures in respect of related party transactions with fellow group companies have not been presented.

2.3 Going concern

The directors, having made due and careful enquiry and preparing forecasts, are of the opinion that the company has adequate working capital to execute its operations over the next 12 months. The directors, therefore, have made an informed judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As a result, the directors have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment. Where merger relief is applicable, the cost of the investment in a subsidiary undertaking is measured at the nominal value of the shares issued together with the fair value of any additional consideration paid.

Investments in unlisted company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Income statement for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Income statement.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.7 Foreign currency translation

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Income statement, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date and the amounts reported during the year for revenue and costs. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Due to the limited activity in the company, there are no significant judgements or estimates required.

4. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration was borne by another group company.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

5. Employees

All UK employees are employed by Senergy Resources Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Senergy Group Limited. The staff of the company were paid by other group companies in the year. It is not believed to be practical to apportion staff costs between their services of this company and their services to other group companies.

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

•	2016 No.	2015 No.
Directors	2	3
Administration	1	-
		
	3	3

6. Directors' remuneration

The directors of this company were paid by other group companies during the year. The directors do not believe it is practical to apportion these amounts between their services as directors of this company and their services as directors of other group companies. The directors' remuneration paid by other group companies to the directors of this company totals £596,144 (2015 - £436,687). The value of the group's contributions paid to defined contribution pension schemes in respect of these directors amounted to £26,452 (2015 - £13,650).

7. Taxation

	2016 £	2015 £
Corporation tax	_	_
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	992	
Taxation on ordinary activities	992	-



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

7. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2015 - the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.75%). The differences are explained below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	• •	(100)
Effects of:		
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	992	_
Total tax charge for the year	992	

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

8. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies
	£
Cost or valuation	
At 1 July 2015	817
At 30 June 2016	817
Net book value	
At 30 June 2016	, 817
At 30 June 2015	817
•	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

9. Debtors

	•	2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	146,184 	147,176
	· C	•	
10.	Share capital		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1,240 Ordinary shares of £0.10 each	124	124

11. Related party transactions

Control

During the year the company was controlled by the directors.

Transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Senergy Group Limited, it has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS 102, section 33 (Related Party Disclosure) which allows exemption from the disclosure of related party transactions with other group companies.

12. Controlling party and ultimate controlling party

The immediate parent company is Senergy Holdings Limited, a company registered in Scotland.

The ultimate parent company is Lloyd's Register Foundation, a company registered in England.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Lloyd's Register Foundation. The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by LR Senergy limited. The financial statements of LR Senergy Limited are available from its registered office at 71 Fenchurch Street, London, EC3M 4ES.

13. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.