Company Registration No: 192466

# LAND OPTIONS (WEST) LIMITED

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period 1 October 1999 to 31 December 2000

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# OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

**DIRECTORS:** 

James McCubbin Rowney - Chairman

Robert Henry Beattie

Robert Earlie Terrence Walker

SECRETARY:

Deborah Susan Esslemont

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

42 St Andrew Square Edinburgh

EH2 2YE Scotland

**AUDITORS:** 

Deloitte & Touche

39 George Street Edinburgh EH2 2HZ Scotland

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the fifteen month period ended 31 December 2000. The comparatives are for the twelve months ended 30 September 1999.

#### **ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW**

The company sells property development sites.

The retained loss for the period was £122,398 (1999: retained loss £56,953) and this was transferred from reserves.

The directors are satisfied with the results for the period and do not anticipate any material change in either the type or level of activities of the company.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names of the present directors are as listed on page 1.

On 14 March 2000 James McCubbin Rowney resigned as a director of the company and Barbara Ida Mary Turnbull was appointed as a director of the company. On 25 August 2000 Barbara Ida Mary Turnbull resigned as a director of the company and James McCubbin Rowney was appointed as a director of the company.

#### **SECRETARY**

On 23 November 2000 Shirley Margaret MacGillivray resigned as Secretary of the company and Deborah Susan Esslemont was appointed as Secretary of the company.

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that these financial statements comply with the aforementioned requirements.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

No director had an interest in the shares of the company.

# **AUDITORS**

PricewaterhouseCoopers resigned as auditors on 21 March 2000 and the directors appointed Deloitte & Touche in their place. Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

D S Esslemont Secretary

24 July 2001

## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LAND OPTIONS (WEST) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 9 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 7.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements, which are required to be prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its loss for the fifteen month period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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Stonecutter Court

1 Stonecutter Street

London EC4A 4TR

July 2001

3 August 2001.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Period 1 October 1999 to 31 December 2000

	Note	15 Months ended 31 December 2000 £	12 Months ended 30 September 1999 £
TURNOVER		-	-
Administrative Expenses		(99,980)	(56,953)
OPERATING LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST	2	(99,980)	(56,953)
Interest Payable and Similar Charges		(22,418)	•
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER INTEREST		(122,398)	(56,953)
Tax on Loss on Ordinary Activities	3	-	-
			<del></del>
RETAINED LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	8	<u>(122,398)</u>	<u>(56,953)</u>

All items on the profit and loss account relate to continuing operations.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses in the period ended 31 December 2000 other than the loss for the period. Therefore a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

# BALANCE SHEET AT 31 December 2000

	Note	31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
CURRENT ASSETS Development Assets	4	4,530,393	1,743,703
Debtors	5	177,531	-
CREDITORS:		4,707,924	1,743,703
AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	6	(487,275)	(300,656)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,220,649	1,443,047
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER ONE YEAR		(4,399,000)	(1,499,000)
NET LIABILITIES		(178,351)	(55,953)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up Share Capital Profit and Loss Account	7	1,000 (179,351)	1,000 (56,953)
DEFICIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS	8	(178,351)	(55,953)

Director:

Director ·

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period 1 October to 31 December 2000

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies is set out below.

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in compliance with the Companies Act 1985. It is considered appropriate to use the going concern basis of accounting due to the continued financial support of the joint venture companies.

#### **Taxation**

Provision is made for taxation at the current rates on taxable profits.

#### **Deferred Taxation**

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences, arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at the rates at which it is expected that tax will arise.

## **Development assets**

Auditors' Remuneration

Development assets are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the purchase cost of land, building developments and options over land.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the proceeds from the sale of development assets, together with rents receivable, exclusive of value added tax and is derived solely from UK activities.

## 2. LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging the following:

15 Months ended 31 December 2000	12 Months ended 30 September 1999
£	£
<u>1,500</u>	<u>3,000</u>

The directors received no emoluments from the Company during the period (1999: nil).

The Company has no employees (1999: nil).

## 3. TAXATION

A taxable loss of £122,398 was incurred in the current period (1999: £56,953).

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period 1 October to 31 December 2000

## 4. DEVELOPMENT ASSETS

	31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
At 1 October	1,743,703	-
Acquisitions	2,786,690	1,743,703
At 31 December	4,530,393	1,743,703

#### 5. DEBTORS

	31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
Due from Joint Venturer VAT recoverable	175,000 2,531	-
At 31 December	177,531	

## 6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
Bank Overdraft	483,619	•
Due to Joint Venturers	· •	194,953
Accruals	3,656	105,703
	487,275	300,656

# 7. SHARE CAPITAL

As at 30 September 1999 and 31 December 2000:

•	Authorised Number and value	Allotted, called up And fully paid (number and value)
'A' Ordinary Shares of £1 each	300	250
'B' Ordinary Shares of £1 each	600	500
'C' Ordinary Shares of £1 each	300	250
At 31 December 2000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,200	1,000

The A, B and C ordinary shares constitute different classes of shares and confer upon the holders the same rights and rank *pari passu* in all respects, with the following exceptions.

The A and B shareholders each have one vote and on a poll the holders of the A shares as a class shall be entitled to cast five hundred votes and the holders of the B shares as a class shall be entitled to cast five hundred votes.

The C shareholders are not entitled to vote at any General Meeting.

The A and B shareholders may each appoint two directors and may not remove directors appointed by each other.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period 1 October to 31 December 2000

## 8. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	15 Months ended 31 December 2000 £	12 Months ended 30 September 1999 £
Opening shareholders' deficit	(55,953)	-
Share capital issued and fully paid up	-	1,000
Retained loss for the period	(122,398)	(56,953)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(178,351)	(55,953)

# 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period, options over land were acquired from various directors of Land Options (West) Limited and from Kelvin Homes Limited, a shareholder in the company, for a consideration of £1,557,486 (1999 £1,688,000).

#### 10. PARENT COMPANIES

The Company is a joint venture whose immediate parent companies are KUC Properties Limited and Kelvin Homes Limited, both of which are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland.