LearnPro Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 July 2017



17/05/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

#272

LearnPro Limited
Registered number:
Balance Sheet

SC191241

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

•	Notes		2017		2016
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		96,598		62,733
Current assets			•		
Stocks		148,800	,	156,900	•
Debtors	5	371,554		473,058	
Cash at bank and in hand		332,882		188,601_	
	· ·	853,236	•	818,559	
Creditors: amounts falling du	е				
within one year	6	(233,522)	•	(269,205)	
Net current assets	-	- 	619,714		549,354
Total assets less current liabilities			716,312	-	612,087
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	e 7		(340,166)		(324,199)
				_	
Net assets			376,146	-	287,888
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,393		1,393
Profit and loss account			374,753		286,495
Shareholders' funds		-	376,146	· _	287,888
	•	•		_	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Ms C Blaydon Director

Approved by the board on 6 September 2017

Blayda.

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles over 5 years over 4 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Deb:ors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors -

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax-assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2.	Employees		2017 Number	2016 Number
	·		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	•	11_	13

3 Intangible fixed assets

Research and development

Cost	
At 1 August 2016	445,462
At 31 July 2017	445,462
Amortisation	
At 1 August 2016	445,462
At 31 July 2017	445,462
Net book value	
At 31 July 2017	

Research and development has been written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	- · ·	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
C	ost			
	-1 August 2016	82,407	80,934	163,341
	dditions	3,287	107,829	111,116
	sposals	-	(67,934)	(67,934)
At	-31 July 2017	85,694	120,829	206,523
De	epreciation			
	1 August 2016	63 <u>,</u> 831	36,777	100,608
	narge for the year	11,528	22,698	34,226
· Or	n disposals		(24,909)	(24,909)
At	3 July 2017	75,359	34,566	109,925
	:			
	et book value			00.500
At	3* July 2017	10,335	86,263	96,598
At	3∜ July 2016	18,576	44,157	62,733
5 De	eb t ors		2017	2016
J De	:0:015		2017	2010
Tra	ade debtors		97,401	214,208
De	ferred tax asset		4,362	•
Otl	her debtors		269,791	258,850
	3	_	371,554	473,058
	Ç.	-		

6	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year	·	2017	2016
	Obligations under finance lease a Trade creditors	nd hire purchase o	contracts	17,200 19,370	9,839 30,446
	Corporation tax			8,171	
	Other taxes and social security co	stş		63,922	91,160
	Other creditors			124,859	137,760
				233,522	269,205
					•
7	Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year		2017	2016
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			50,166	24,199
	Other creditors			290,000	300,000
	<i>:</i>			340,166_	324,199
	٠ 				
8	Loans			2017	2016
		* 1			
	Creditors include:	1.	•		· .
	W.				
	Secured hire purchase contract			67,366	34,038
	The hire purchase contract is repetite company.	ayable by instalme	ents and secured	on a specfic as	set owned by
9	Other financial commitments			2017	2016
	Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating				
	leases			244,607	80,786
10	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	Christine Blaydon Directors current account	258,850	. 10,941	-	269,791
	∀				
		258,850	10,941	- -	269,791

The director has indicated that the overdrawn directors loan account will be repaid by 30th April 2018.

11 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out under normal market conditions.

12 Controlling party

Ms C Blaydon, who jointly owns 55% of the issued share capital, is the controlling party.

13 Other information

LearnPro Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland. Its registered office is:
Fette Park, West Wing
496 Ferry Road
Edinburgh
Midlothian
EDH5 2DL