Registered number: SC185760

Sureclean Limited

Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2010



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Company Information

Directors J M Barron

I Pirie A Stewart R G McLennan P A Thorn

P McAlister (appointed 8 June 2010 & resigned 4 February 2011)

Company secretary Ledingham Chalmers LLP

Company number SC185760

Registered office Johnstone House

52-54 Rose Street Aberdeen AB10 1HA

Auditors Ernst & Young LLP .

Barony House

Stoneyfield Business Park

Inverness IV2 7PA

Bankers Bank of Scotland

2-6 Eastgate Inverness IV2 3NA

Solicitors Ledingham Chalmers

Johnstone House 52-54 Rose Street

Aberdeen AB101HA

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year were HP & UHP water jetting both on and offshore, tank cleaning, asbestos management and the operation of waste transfer units in Aberdeen and Alness.

Business review

2010 was a disappointing and extremely challenging year for the company, which was in stark contrast to the record breaking year in 2009. Whilst the traditional Sureclean market suffered in 2009 as a result of global recession and a depressed oil price, due in part to having a robust order book, Sureclean was largely unaffected and enjoyed a successful year. Despite the encouraging Q1 performance, 2010 proved to be a tougher challenge than we expected. The general nervousness among the oil and gas operators and drillers was further exacerbated by the moratorium placed on deepwater drilling following events in the Gulf of Mexico. These events had a detrimental effect on the supply chain and consequently led to project deferment and when coupled with our inability to win new work in a depressed market consequently, had a significant negative affect on our trading performance and profitability. Turnover fell from £10.8m to £8.6m and the group recorded a loss for the year of £641,018 after taxation.

Latterly with a strong oil price and a renewed feeling of confidence across the industry, some of the previously postponed projects have now been reactivated and have contributed to Sureclean enjoying a positive start to 2011, with sales being recorded well above budget.

As a reaction to the downturn in 2010, necessary spending controls were enforced and overheads were reduced, this lower cost base together with increased sales has contributed to an improving profit for the current year. Cash management due to the losses in 2010 has been an issue for the company, but following a re-structuring of its debt with the Bank of Scotland, a fresh injection of capital from the Directors and a support grant from Highlands & Islands Enterprise in the early part of 2011, the company is now in a far stronger cash position.

As with the UK, Norway having made such a promising start in 2009, was also disappointing for 2010. Appropriate cost control and overhead reduction measures were taken in the second half of the year as part of a consolidation process designed to afford the fledgling business more time in which to strengthen its position in the market place. The directors remain optimistic that Norway will realise its potential in the years ahead. However, in the short term until sustained sales growth is achieved the viability of the Norwegian base remains under close scrutiny and ongoing review.

Against the background of a turbulent domestic market the need to further internationalise the business was heightened. Consequently, early in 2010 the company opened a new base in Egypt with a view to using this base as a hub to service the wider North Africa territory which through market research had been identified as an area with untapped opportunity. The first year has largely focused on getting operational and this has also proved challenging, especially with the ongoing political uncertainty. Nevertheless, the company have made positive progress, having secured contracts with international clients resulting in a strong sales performance year to date and a high level of confidence that 2011 projections for the region will be achieved or surpassed.

Despite the difficulties in 2010, the Directors are confident that 2011 will be a very successful year. Market conditions are expected to improve and opportunities for the company will remain buoyant over the foreseeable future. Onshore, offshore, domestically and overseas, due to the ageing infrastructure and increasing environmental constraints in the oil and gas industry, there is a growing demand for the services provided by Sureclean. In accordance with our existing 5 year business plan, the company still seeks to expand its sphere of activities and is targeting West Africa, the Caspian, the Middle East and South East Asia as areas offering significant opportunities. Positively, the company has renewed ongoing facilities with the Bank of Scotland and is meeting all its banking covenants, however, it is anticipated that sources of ongoing finance to fund expansion will remain tight and it is recognised that this may well impact on the timing of our growth aspirations. Nevertheless, the investments made in personnel, equipment and systems, the project exposure over the last 10+ years, the profile and reputation gained, and the infrastructure put in place will serve as a powerful springboard to securing additional high value contracts and projects and provides a source of great optimism for the present and the future.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010

Results

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £641,018 (2009 - profit £591,742).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

J M Barron

I Pirie

A Stewart

R G McLennan

P A Thorn

P McAlister (appointed 8 June 2010 & resigned 4 February 2011)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the group are broadly grouped as follows:

- Liquidity risks the company policy is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is available to meet the foreseeable needs. Liquidity is achieved by overdraft and long term banking facilities.
- Interest rate risk the company finances its operations through bank borrowings at floating rates and hire purchase. The company policy is to borrow at the lowest rates for periods that do not carry excessive time periods.
- Credit risk the company policy is to minimise exposure to losses of defaulting customers. Credit terms are only granted to customers who satisfy credit worthiness procedures. Credit limits are reviewed on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.
- Curreny risk the company policy is to reduce currency exposure, where possible.

Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company and the group's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
 information needed by the company and the group's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
 establish that the company and the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Ernst & Young LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on

22 SEPTEMBER 2011 and signed on its behalf.

P A Thorn

Statement of directors' responsibilities for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the group's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Sureclean Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Sureclean Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010, which comprise the group Profit and loss Account, the group and company Balance sheets, the group Consolidated cash flow statement, the group Statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 30. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report and Financial Statements to identofy material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Sureclean Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Peter Mearns (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

Ernst & Young LLP

Statutory Auditors

Inverness Date:

Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	1,2	8,645,752	10,814,322
Cost of sales	-,-	(3,461,253)	(4,626,778)
Gross profit		5,184,499	6,187,544
Administrative expenses		(5,896,460)	(5,102,497)
Other operating income	3	22,105	4,305
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(689,856)	1,089,352
Exceptional items			
Net profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	9	77,291	_
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before interest		(612,565)	1,089,352
Interest receivable and similar income		309	89
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(229,202)	(232,993)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(841,458)	856,448
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	10	200,440	(264,706)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	20	(641,018)	591,742

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2010		
	2010 £	- 2009 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(641,018)	591,742
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets	227,971	
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	(413,047)	591,742
Note of historical cost profits and losses for the year ended 31 December 2010		
	2010	
	£	2009 £
Reported (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	£ (841,458)	
Reported (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Realisation of valuation gains of previous periods	-	£
	(841,458)	£ 856,448

Registered number: SC185760

Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2010

			2010		2009
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	11		190,193		210,593
Tangible assets	12		6,215,509		5,933,827
·			6,405,702		6,144,420
Currentassets					
Stocks	14	730,823		681,073	
Debtors	15	2,021,043		3,271,236	
Cash at bank and in hand		101,592		340,041	
		2,853,458		4,292,350	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(5,007,851)		(3,890,207)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(2,154,393)		402,143
Total assets less current liabilities			4,251,309		6,546,563
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(1,267,628)		(2,989,661)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	18		(115,969)		(217,648)
Net assets			2,867,712		3,339,254
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		225,000		225,000
Share premium account	20		440,150		440,150
Revaluation reserve	20		1,220,560		1,118,632
Capital redemption reserve	20		372,000		372,000
Foreign exchange reserve	20		8,105		-
Other reserves	20		19,958		8,558
Profit and loss account	20		581,939		1,174,914
Shareholders' funds	21		2,867,712		3,339,254

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

J M Barron Director

John M. Barron

Registered number: SC185760

Company balance sheet as at 31 December 2010

			2010	•	2009
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	11		190,193		210,593
Tangible assets	12		5,752,536		5,815,375
Investments	13		300,000		321,590
	•		6,242,729		6,347,558
Currentassets					
Stocks	14	730,823		674,785	
Debtors	15	2,659,018		3,470,834	
Cash at bank and in hand		37,923		1,267	
		3,427,764		4,146,886	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(4,909,145)		(3,949,336)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(1,481,381)		197,550
Total assets less current liabilities			4,761,348		6,545,108
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(1,267,628)		(2,989,661)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	18		(115,969)		(217,648)
Netassets			3,377,751		3,337,799
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	19		225,000		225,000
Share premium account	20		440,150		440,150
Revaluation reserve	20		1,220,560		1,118,632
Capital redemption reserve	20		372,000		372,000
Other reserves	20		19,958		8,558
Profit and loss account	20		1,100,083		1,173,459
Shareholders' funds	21		3,377,751		3,337,799

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

John M. Barron

J M Barron Director

Consolidated cash flow statement

Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing

for the year ended 31 December 2010				
	Note	2010 £	2009 £	
Net cash flow from operating activities	23	1,530,140	1,548,105	
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	24	(228,893)	(232,904)	
Taxation		(467,938)	(139,278)	
Capital expenditure and financial investment	24	(1,191,131)	(245,962)	
Equity dividends paid		(78,000)	-	

Financing 24 (277,479) 870,137 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (713,301) 1,800,098

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds/debt for the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 £	2009 £
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year	(713,301)	1,800,098
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing	277,479	(870,137)
Cash inflow from new bank loan		-
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows	(435,822)	929,961
New finance lease	(21,302)	(161,627)
Movement in net debt in the year	(457,124)	768,334
Net debt at 1 January 2010	(4,405,145)	(5,173,479)
Net debt at 31 December 2010	(4,862,269)	(4,405,145)

The notes on pages 11 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

929,961

(435,822)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of plant and machinery and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.2 Going concern

The trading performance of the company has been explained in the Business Review section of the Directors' Report. As noted 2010 was both a disappointing and extremely challenging year for the company. Inevitably this has put pressure on our cash flow and the company breached its borrowing covenants with the Bank of Scotland and these were in breach at 31 December 2010. As a result all longer term borrowing impacted by the breach has been restated as current as mandated by FRS 25, even though the facilities were subsequently renewed.

However, during 2011 there has been a significant improvement in sales, profitability and cash flow. The directors subscribed for new ordinary shares to the value of £200,000 and the 110,000 preference shares were converted into ordinary shares. In addition, Highlands and Islands Enterprise have provided a working capital grant of £100,000.

A new facility was arranged by the Bank of Scotland in April 2011 and the covenants have been reset and are no longer in breach. As a result of the favourable trading to date in 2011 the company is trading well within its overdraft facility and is projecting a very successful result over the rest of the year.

Projections through to 31 December 2012 have been produced and scrutinised by the Directors. These indicate that the company has sufficient resources internally and with the support of the Bank to fund trading over the next 12 months and accordingly the Directors have concluded that the financial statements should continue to be prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Basis of consolidation

The financial statements consolidate the accounts of Sureclean Limited and all of its subsidiary undertakings ('subsidiaries').

The results of subsidiaries acquired during the year are included from the effective date of acquisition.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.5 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss Account over its estimated economic life.

Amortisation is provided at the following rates:

Goodwill . - 5% straight line

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Heritable property - 2%-15% straight line
Plant & machinery - 10%-100% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Waste transfer station - 5% straight line
Computer equipment - 33% straight line

1.7 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

Individual freehold and leasehold properties are carried at current year value at the balance sheet date. A full valuation is obtained from a qualified valuer for each property every five years, with an interim valuation three years after the previous full valuation, and in any year where it is likely that there has been a material change in value

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses unless losses exceed the previously recognised gains or reflect a clear consumption of economic benefits, in which case the losses are recognised in the Profit and loss Account.

1.8 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less provision for impairment.

1.9 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and loss Account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.10 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

1.11 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.12 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.13 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and loss Account.

1.14 Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the Profit and loss Account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the Profit and loss Account as the related expenditure is incurred.

1.15 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to one continuing activity.

A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

	2010	2009
	£	£
United Kingdom	7,477,069	8,922,203
Rest of world	891,277	257,938
Europe	277,406	1,634,181
	8,645,752	10,814,322

Notes to the	e financial	statements	3
for the year	ended 31	December:	2010

	Other operating income		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Other operating income	22,105	4,305
4.	Operating (loss)/profit		
	The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Amortisation - intangible fixed assets	20,400	20,400
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	_ · · · ·	,
	- owned by the group	907,749	809,566
	- held under finance leases	390,785	384,263
	Auditors' remuneration	8,000	7,000
	Auditors' remuneration - non-audit	8,100	12,239
	Operating lease rentals:	104 004	52.000
	- other operating leases Difference on foreign exchange	106,096 69,085	52,000 (178,190
5.	Staff costs		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries	4,164,459	4,663,329
	Social security costs	460,656	500,740
	Other pension costs	105,483	99,567
	-		
		4,730,598	5,263,636
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during	•	
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during	•	s:
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during	the year was as follows	s:
		the year was as follows 2010 No.	2009 No.
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during Operations Administration	the year was as follows	2009

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

6. Directors' remuneration

	2010 £	2009 £
Emoluments	466,419	387,055
Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	47,361	57,118

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 4 directors (2009 - 4) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £94,024 (2009 - £93,517).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £12,159 (2009 - £12,415).

7. Share based payments

The Sureclean Limited 2008 Enterprise Management Incentive Share Option Plan was established by the company on 13 November 2008. The exercise price of the options is £1.10 per option share. The earliest date on which the option can be exercised is the second anniversary of the grant date unless an earlier event occurs to cause it to lapse or to become exercisable. The option will lapse on the tenth anniversary of the grant date.

The expense recognised for share-based payments in respect of the year to 31 December 2010 is £11,400 (2009 - £8,558). This expense related fully to equitysettled share-based transactions.

The total number of options granted during the year to 31 December 2010 was nil (2009 - 60,000) and the total amount outstanding at 31 December 2010 is £60,000 (2009 - £60,000). The fair value of the options granted was measured at £3 per option share and was based on recent purchases of the company's shares.

8. Interest payable

		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	21,343	67,303
	On other loans	107,344	56,756
	On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	100,515	108,934
		229,202	232,993
9.	Exceptional items		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	77,291	-

2009

2010

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

10. Taxation

	2010 £	2009 £
Analysis of tax (credit)/charge in the year		
Current tax (see note below)		
UK corporation tax charge on (loss)/profit for the year	-	351,913
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(98,761)	17,179
Total current tax	(98,761)	369,092
Deferred tax (see note 18)		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(101,679)	(104,386)
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(200,440)	264,706

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2009 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). The differences are explained below:

	. 2010	2009 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(841,458)	856,448
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	(235,608)	239,805
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Other timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in taxation Capital gains Unrelieved tax losses carried forward Unrelieved loss on foreign subsidiaries Other differences leading to an increase (decrease) in the tax charge	(18,154) 104,218 (98,761) (6,606) 17,453 50,466 88,231	10,533 86,481 17,179 13,201 - - - 1,893
Current tax (credit)/charge for the year (see note above)	(98,761)	369,092

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

11. Intangible fixed assets

•	Goodwill
Group and Company	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010	409,572
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2010	198,979
Charge for the year	20,400
At 31 December 2010	219,379
Net book value	
At 31 December 2010	190,193
At 31 December 2009	210,593

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

12. Tangible fixed assets

rangible tixea accou	•					
	Freehold property	Plant & machinery	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Total
Group	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation						
At 1 January 2010	1,013,421	8,986,242	479,598	126,771	-	10,606,032
Additions	-	1,273,555	22,420	-	1,033	1,297,008
Disposals	-	(716,180)	(3,900)	-	-	(720,080)
Transfer between						
classes	•	171,212	-	-	-	171,212
Revaluation						
surplus/(deficit)	89,752	-	-	-	-	89,752
Foreign exchange						
movement	-	3,893	-	<u>-</u>	-	3,893
At 31 December 2010	1,103,173	9,718,722	498,118	126,771	1,033	11,447,817
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2010	176,302	4,165,321	254,610	75,972	-	4,672,205
Charge for the year	41,673	1,124,538	103,405	6,338	144	1,276,098
On disposals	-	(708,896)	(3,900)	-	-	(712,796)
Transfer between						
classes	-	134,098	-	-	-	134,098
On revalued assets	(138,219)	-	-	-	-	(138,219)
Foreign exchange						
movement	-	922	-	-	-	922
At 31 December 2010	79,756	4,715,983	354,115	82,310	144	5,232,308
Net book value						
At 31 December 2010	1,023,417	5,002,739	144,003	44,461	889	6,215,509
At 31 December 2009	837,119	4,820,921	224,988	50,799	-	5,933,827
						=====

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2010	2009
Group	£	£
Land and buildings	20,239	20,677
Plant and machinery	2,044,311	2,317,288
Motor vehicles	118,263	178,862
	2 102 012	2.516.027
	2,182,813	2,516,827

The land and buildings were revalued on 20 December 2010 by Allied Surveyors Scotland Plc on an open market existing use basis. Allied Surveyors Scotland Plc is a Glasgow based Chartered Surveyors practice.

The hire fleet within plant and machinery was revalued on 31 December 2008 by Hydropulsion Limited on an open market existing use basis. Hydropulsion Limited is an Aberdeen based company specialising in the provision and valuation of jetting equipment.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

12. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

If the land and buildings had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

Group	2010 £	2009 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,013,421 (217,976)	1,013,421 (176,302)
Net book value	795,445	837,119

If the plant and machinery had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

Group	2010 £	2009 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	8,478,510 (4,455,744)	8,986,242 (5,283,953)
Net book value	4,022,766	3,702,289

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

12 Tangible fixed assets (conf	tinued)
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_					
	Freehold	Plant &		Office	
	property	machinery	Motor vehicles	equipment	Total
Company	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2010	1,013,421	8,831,060	479,598	126,771	10,450,850
Additions	· -	1,219,852	22,420	-	1,242,272
Transfers intra group	-	(334,051)	-	-	(334,051)
Disposals	-	(716,180)		-	(720,080)
Transfer between classes	-	171,212	-	-	171,212
Revaluation surplus/(deficit)	89,752	-	-	-	89,752
At 31 December 2010	1,103,173	9,171,893	498,118	126,771	10,899,955
Depreciation					<u> </u>
At 1 January 2010	176,302	4,128,591	254,610	75,972	4,635,475
Charge for the year	41,673	1,081,454	103,405	6,338	1,232,870
Transfers intra group	•	(4,009)		•	(4,009)
On disposals	-	(708,896)	(3,900)	-	(712,796)
Transfer between classes	-	134,098	-	-	134,098
On revalued assets	(138,219)	-	-	-	(138,219)
At 31 December 2010	79,756	4,631,238	354,115	82,310	5,147,419
Net book value					
At 31 December 2010	1,023,417	4,540,655	144,003	44,461	5,752,536
At 31 December 2009	837,119	4,702,469	224,988	50,799	5,815,375

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

2010 £	2009 £
20,239	20,677
2,044,311	2,317,288
118,263	178,862
2,182,813	2,516,827
	20,239 2,044,311 118,263

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

12. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The land and buildings were revalued on 20 December 2010 by Allied Surveyors Scotland Plc on an open market existing use basis. Allied Surveyors Scotland Plc is a Glasgow based Chartered Surveyors practice.

The hire fleet within plant and machinery was revalued on 31 December 2008 by Hydropulsion Limited on an open market exisiting use basis. Hydropulsion Limited is an Aberdeen based company specialising in the provision and valuation of jetting equipment.

If the land and buildings had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

Company	2010 £	2009 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,013,421 (217,976)	1,013,421 (176,302)
Net book value	795,445	837,119

If the plant and machinery had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	2010	2009
Company	£	£
Cost	7,927,218	8,831,060
Accumulated depreciation	(4,379,152)	(5,247,223)
·		
Net book value	3,548,066	3,583,837

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

13. Fixed asset investments

Company Cost or valuation	Investments in subsidiary companies £
At I January 2010 and 31 December 2010	321,590
Impairment	
Charge for the year	21,590
At 31 December 2010	21,590
Net book value	
At 31 December 2010	300,000
At 31 December 2009	321,590

Details of the principal subsidiaries can be found under note number 30.

14. Stocks

	-	Group		Company
	2010 £	2009 £	2010 £	2009 £
Raw materials Work in progress	730,823	601,250 79,823	730,823	594,962 79,823
	730,823	681,073	730,823	674,785

15. Debtors

		Group		Company
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	1,506,702	3,043,369	1,341,259	2,195,410
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	821,139	1,057,848
Corporation tax debtor	122,147	-	122,147	-
Other debtors	32,863	12,581	15,142	2,290
Prepayments and accrued income	359,331	215,286	359,331	215,286
	2,021,043	3,271,236	2,659,018	3,470,834
			 =	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

16. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		Group		Company
	2010 £	2009 £	2010 £	2009 £
Bank loans and overdrafts Net obligations under finance leases and	3,254,136	1,137,647	3,254,136	1,137,647
hire purchase contracts	442,097	617,878	442,097	617,878
Trade creditors Corporation tax	612,940 -	348,016 444,552	537,993 -	476,022 444,552
Social security and other taxes Other creditors	409,030 240,924	558,296 241,958	407,978 230,842	533,650 197,727
Accruals and deferred income	48,724	541,860	36,099	541,860
	5,007,851	3,890,207	4,909,145	3,949,336

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a bond and floating charge over the whole assets of the company held by the Bank of Scotland. The bank also holds a standard security over River Drive, Alness and Plot 3, Willowbank Road, Alness.

Due to a breach in banking covenants during the year and the fact that the breach was not formally rectified until April 2011, bank debt of £1,580,000 has been reclassified as current. This is a requirement of FRS 25.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

17. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

		Group		Company	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
	£	£	£	£	
Bank loans	798,659	2,093,912	798,659	2,093,912	
Net obligations under finance leases and					
hire purchase contracts	358,969	785,749	358,969	785,749	
Share capital treated as debt (Note 19)	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	
	1,267,628	2,989,661	1,267,628	2,989,661	
					

Disclosure of the terms and conditions attached to the non-equity shares is made in note 19.

Included within the above are amounts falling due as follows:

		Group		Company
	2010 £	2009 £	2010 £	2009 £
Between one and two years		*	2	*
Bank loans	241,374	229,737	241,374	229,737
Between two and five years	<u> </u>			
Bank loans	396,963	1,812,766	396,963	1,812,766
Over five years	-			
Bank loans	160,322	51,409	160,322	51,409

Creditors include amounts not wholly repayable within 5 years as follows:

		Group		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Repayable by instalments	160,322	51,409	160,322	51,409

A £500,000 term loan is repayable in 40 quarterly installments of £12,500 commencing on 1 March 2007 and a £100,000 term loan is repayable in 180 monthly installments of £885 commencing on 27 September 2004.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

17. Creditors:

Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included above, are payable as follows:

		<u>Group</u>		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	. £	£	£	£
Between one and five years	358,969	785,749	358,969	785,749

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a bond and floating charge over the whole assets of the company held by the Bank of Scotland. The bank also holds a standard security over River Drive, Alness and Plot 3, Willowbank Road, Alness.

Due to a breach in banking covenants during the year and the fact that the breach was not formally rectified until April 2011, bank debt of £1,580,000 has been reclassified as current. This is a requirement of FRS 25.

18. Deferred taxation

		Company		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
At beginning of year Released during the year	217,648 (101,679)	322,034 (104,386)	217,648 (101,679)	322,034 (104,386)
At end of year	115,969	217,648	115,969	217,648

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

		Group		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	ž.	£
Accelerated capital allowances	115,969	217,648	115,969	217,648

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

19.

Share capital		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Shares classified as capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2,250,000 Ordinary shares shares of £0.10 each	225,000	225,000
Shares classified as debt		
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
110,000 Redeemable A preference shares of £1 each	110,000	110,000

On 4 April 2011 the company converted 110,000 Redeemable A preference shares into 62,856 £0.10 ordinary shares issued at £1.75 each. 114,288 ordinary shares of £0.10 each were also issued at £1.75 each on this date.

20. Reserves

Group	Share premium account £	Capital redemption reserve £	Revaluation reserve £	Foreign exchange reserve £	Other reserves £	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2010	440,150	372,000	1,118,632	-	8,558	1,174,914
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	· -	(641,018)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	-	(78,000)
Surplus on revaluation of freehold property Transfer between	-	-	227,971	-	-	-
Revaluation reserve and P/L account Movement on foreign	-	-	(126,043)	-	-	126,043
exchange	_	_	_	8,105	_	_
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	11,400	-
At 31 December 2010	440,150	372,000	1,220,560	8,105	19,958	581,939

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

20. Reserves (continued)

Company	Share premium account £	Capital redemption reserve £	Revaluation reserve £	Other reserves £	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2010	440,150	372,000	1,118,632	8,558	1,173,459
Loss for the year	´ -	´ <u>-</u>	, , , ,	, <u>-</u>	(121,419)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(78,000)
Surplus on revaluation of freehold property Transfer between Revaluation	-	-	227,971	-	-
reserve and P/L account	_	_	(126,043)	_	126,043
Share based payments	-	-	•	11,400	-
At 31 December 2010	440,150	372,000	1,220,560	19,958	1,100,083
Reconciliation of movement in s	hareholders	s' funds			

21.

Group	2010 £	2009 £
Opening shareholders' funds (Loss)/profit for the year Dividends (Note 22) Other recognised gains and losses during the year Reserve credit for share-based payment plans Movement on foreign exchange	3,339,254 (641,018) (78,000) 227,971 11,400 8,105	2,738,954 591,742 - - 8,558
Closing shareholders' funds	2,867,712	3,339,254
Company	2010 £	2009 £
Opening shareholders' funds (Loss)/profit for the year Dividends (Note 22) Other recognised gains and losses during the year Reserve credit for share-based payment plans	3,337,799 (121,419) (78,000) 227,971 11,400	2,738,954 590,287 - - 8,558
Closing shareholders' funds	3,377,751	3,337,799

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to present its own Profit and loss Account.

The (loss)/profit for the year dealt with in the accounts of the company was £121,419 (2009 - £590,287).

22.	Dividends		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Ordinary shares		
	Dividends paid on ordinary shares	78,000	-
	Total dividends paid	78,000	
23.	Net cash flow from operating activities		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Operating (loss)/profit	(689,856)	1,089,352
	Share-based payments	11,400	8,558
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	20,400	20,400
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	1,411,118	1,193,829 (1,794)
	Government grants	-	(58,294)
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(220,962)	17,183
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	1,372,340	(1,090,403)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(378,512)	369,274
	Exchange difference	4,212	-
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,530,140	1,548,105
24.	Analysis of cash flows for headings netted in cash flow statemer	nt	
		2010	2009
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance	£	£
	Interest received	309	89
	Interest paid	(128,687)	(124,059)
	Hire purchase interest	(100,515)	(108,934)
	Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(228,893)	(232,904)
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Capital expenditure and financial investment		
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(1,275,706) 84,575	(247,756) 1,794
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(1,191,131)	(245,962)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

24. Analysis of cash flows for headings netted in cash flow statement (continued)

	2010 £	2009
Financing	*	*
New secured loans	650,000	1,700,000
Repayment of loans	(303,616)	(138,543)
Repayment of finance leases	(623,863)	(691,320)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing	(277,479)	870,137

25. Analysis of changes in net debt

	1 January 2010 £	Cash flow £	Other non-cash changes £	31 December 2010 £
Cash at bank and in hand	340,041	(238,449)	-	101,592
Bank overdraft	(897,910)	(474,852)	-	(1,372,762)
	(557,869)	(713,301)	-	(1,271,170)
Debt:				
Finance leases	(1,403,627)	623,863	(21,302)	(801,066)
Debts due within one year	(239,737)	(346,384)	(1,295,253)	(1,881,374)
Debts falling due after more than	(2.202.012)		1 205 252	(000 (50)
one year	(2,203,912)		1,295,253	(908,659)
Net debt	(4,405,145)	(435,822)	(21,302)	(4,862,269)

26. Pension commitments

The group operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the fund and amounted to £101,187 (2009 - £99,567). Contributions totalling £9,256 (2009 - £8,807) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

27. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2010 the Group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings			Other
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Group and company	£	£	£	£
Expiry date:				
Within 1 year	-	52,000	-	-
Between 2 and 5 years	97,000	-	9,096	-

28. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 and has not disclosed transactions with its 100% subsidiaries, Sureclean AS and Sureclean International Limited.

29. Post balance sheet events

Please refer to note 1.2 on going concern which details significant events occurring after the year end.

30. Principal subsidiaries

Company name	Country	Percentage Shareholding	Description
Sureclean AS	Norway	100	Water jetting
Sureclean International Limited	UK	100	Water jetting