Annual report for the year ended 31 December 1998

Registered no: SC172175

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Annual report for the year ended 31 December 1998

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Directors and advisers

Directors

J Milne

J T Milne

J Forbes

Secretary

J Milne

Registered auditors

Reeves & Neylan 4 Atholl Crescent Perth PH1 5NG

Solicitors

W & J Burness 50 Lothian Road Festival Square Edinburgh EH3 9WT

A C Morrison & Richards 18 Bon Accord Crescent Aberdeen AB11 6DE

Bankers

Bank of Scotland plc 38 Albyn Place Aberdeen AB10 1ZS

Registered office

4 Atholl Crescent Perth PH1 5NG

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 1998

The directors presents their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998. This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

Results and dividends

The trading profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £344,459 - (1997 - £190,328). The retained profit for the year of £344,459 will be transferred to reserves.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Review of the business and future developments

The company's principal activities during the year were property development, the letting of property and related management services. Both the level of business and the year end financial position were satisfactory, and the directors expect the present level of activity will be sustained for the foreseeable future.

Fixed assets

Movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Directors and their interests

The directors at 31 December 1998 and their interest in the shares of the company were as follows:

	1998	1997
Ordinary shares of £1 each		
* > 21	10	1
J Milne	10	1
J T Milne	10	1
J Forbes	10	_

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the director for the year ended 31 December 1998

Torothan Miline

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint the auditors, Reeves & Neylan, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

J Milne

Secretary

18 June 1999

Report of the auditors to the shareholders of F M Developments Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7 and 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1998 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Reeves & Neylan

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Perth

23 June 1999

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1998

	Note	1998 £	1997 £
Turnover	1	4,277,607	1,974,890
Cost of sales		3,286,670	1,566,205
Gross profit		990,937	408,685
Administrative expenses		642,609	122,702
Administrative expenses		348,328	285,983
Other operating income		54,842	47,389
Operating profit	2	403,170	333,372
Interest receivable	4	-	32
Gain on disposal of Investment Property		193,473	-
Interest payable and similar charges	5	144,722	89,652
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		451,921	243,752
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	107,462	53,424
Retained profit for the financial year		344,459	190,328

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses for the year are included in the profit and loss account.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 December 1998

	Note	1998 £	£	1997 £	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		319,044		398,063
Current assets Work in progress Debtors	8 9	1,783,842 402,296 2,186,138		1,334,687 86,192 ————————————————————————————————————	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Net current assets/(liabilities) Net assets	10	1,970,392	215,746 ————————————————————————————————————	1,628,611	(207,732) 190,331
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 12 13		30 534,760 534,790		190,328 190,331

The financial statements were approved by the directors on 18 June 1999 and signed on their behalf by:

J A Milne Director

Tanattran Milus

J T Milne Director

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase price, together with any incidental costs of acquisition. The investment property at Hope Street, Edinburgh has not been revalued as the directors do not consider it prudent to do so as the property is incomplete at the year end.

Depreciation

Certain of the company's properties are held for long term investments and, in accordance with SSAP19:

- i) No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years of the lease remaining.
- ii) Compliance with SSAP19 is a departure from the Companies Act 1985 necessary to give a true and fair view.

Other fixed assets are depreciated in order to write off the cost of the assets, less their estimated residual values, over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

	%
Motor vehicles	25
Tools and office equipment	15
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Work in progress

Work in progress is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Profit is taken on short term contracts as they are completed. Once missives have been concluded on a property, it is treated as sold and a debtor for the sale proceeds introduced. Total cost of a site is attributed to individual properties in direct proportion to the selling price.

Long term contracts are assessed on a contract by contract basis and are reflected in the profit and loss account by recording turnover and related costs as activity progresses. Where the outcome of each long term contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty before its conclusion, the attributable profit is recognised in the profit and loss account as the difference between the turnover and the related cost for that contract.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement to publish a cash flow statement under FRS1.

Principal accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of properties sold which fall within the company's ordinary activities.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, for all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998

1 Turnover

Turnover represents the value of properties sold which fall within the company's ordinary activities and the value of management services provided in the period.

2 Operating profit

Operating profit is arrived at after charging:	1998 £	1997 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	5,000	5,000
3 Directors' emoluments	1998 £	1997 £
Social security costs	219,449 21,944 278,800	74,290 7,115
	520,193	81,405
4 Interest receivable	1998 £	1997 £
Interest accrued on retentions held	-	32
5 Interest payable and similar charges	1998 £	1997 £
On bank overdrafts and loans	144,722	89,652
6 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	1998 £	1997 £
Corporation tax @ 23.77%	107,462	53,424

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998

7 Tangible fixed assets

7 Tangible fixed assets				Tools &
	Total £	Motor vehicles £	Investment properties £	office equipment
Cost			404 (24	2 126
At 1 January 1998	399,923	6,163	391,624	2,136
Additions	432,469	70,997	357,851	3,621
Disposals	495,639	14,632	481,007	
At 31 December 1998	336,753	62,528	268,468	5,757
Depreciation				
At 1 January 1998	1,861	1,541	-	320
Charge for year	16,131	15,317	-	814
Depreciation on disposals	283	283		-
At 31 December 1998	17,709	16,575		1,134
Written down value				
At 31 December 1998	319,044 ———	45,953	268,468	4,623
At 31 December 1997	398,063	4,623	391,624 ———	1,816
8 Work in progress			1998 £	1997 €
Work in progress			1,783,842	1,334,687
9 Debtors			1998	1997
			£	£
Trade debtors			259,672	47,576
Other debtors		,	142,624	38,616
			402,296	86,192

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998

10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
1998	1997
£	£
Bank overdrafts 960,839	1,309,044
Trade creditors 365,992	103,917
Corporation tax payable 107,462	53,424
Taxation and social security payments 33,579	-
Accruals 22,851	14,907
Loan account 300,000	-
Deferred income 5,700	12,502
Directors loans 173,969	134,817
1,970,392	1,628,611

The bank overdrafts are secured by a standard security over the two flats at 14 Hope Street, Edinburgh and a bond and floating charge over all assets of the company.

11 Called up share capital	1998 £	1997 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	30	3
12 Profit and loss account	1998 £	1997 £
At 1 January 1998 Retained profit for the year Capitalisation	190,328 344,459 (27)	190,328
At 31 December 1998	534,760	190,328

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders rands	1998 £	1997 £
Profit for the financial year	344,459 -	190,328 3
Share issue Opening shareholders' funds	190,331	
Closing shareholders' funds	534,790	190,331

14 Related party transactions

Loan finance of £200,000 has been received from R S M Milne (Dykelands) Limited, a company of which J T Milne is a director. Interest of £14,942 has been paid. There are no terms in place for the repayment of the capital.

Additional loan finance of £100,000 has been received from Mrs G C Milne, a close family member of J T Milne and J A Milne. Interest of £7,471 has been paid during the year. There are no terms in place for the repayment of the capital.

Bogincaber Limited, a company of which J T Milne is a director, advanced £50,000 to the company during the year. £2,308 was paid in interest and the loan was repaid during the year.

The property, 9 Great Stuart Street, Edinburgh, was sold to F M Developments Limited Executive Pension Scheme for £500,000. The sale price was determined by an independent valuer.

15 Contingent liability

The company has granted bonds in favour of NHBC for £20,000 which expires on 24 September 2003 and City of Edinburgh Council for £98,544 with no expiry date.