# REGISTERED NO. 165387

# SSE Leasing Limited

# Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

CONTENTS	Page No.
Report of the Directors	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial statements	2
Independent Auditors' Report to the Members	3
Profit and Loss Account	4
Balance Sheet	5
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	6
Notes on the Financial statements	7 - 9

\*SZDE0P7E\*
SCT 18/11/2010 769
COMPANIES HOUSE

## Report of the Directors

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010.

### 1. Principal Activities

The Company's principal business is that of a leasing company.

#### 2. Business Review

The Company's main purpose was to enter into leasing arrangements associated with the electricity business of its parent company, Scottish and Southern Energy plc. During the year, MGN Limited early settled finance leases for the Oldham and Watford colour print plants. This has resulted in a gain on disposal of £262k.

As a result of the early settlement, the company no longer has any finance leases in which to lease, as a result the company will cease to trade for the foreseeable future. As the directors do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, they have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The effect of this is explained in note 1.

#### 3. Results and Dividends

The profit for the financial year amounted to £248,000 (2009 - £89,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 - £nil).

#### 4. Directors

The Directors who served during the year were as follows:

Gregor Alexander

Gavin Brydon

(resigned 2 March 2010)

Brandon Rennet

(appointed 2 March 2010)

### 5. Political and Charitable Donations

During the year, no charitable or political donations were made.

#### 6. Auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Gregor Alexander

Director

13 October 2010

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business. As explained in note 1, the directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of SSE Leasing Limited

We have audited the financial statements of SSE Leasing Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 as set out on pages 4 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). These financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reason set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/UKNP.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

John Luke (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Pic, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Saltire Court

20 Castle Terrace

Edinburgh

EH1 2EG

13 October 2010

# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2010

·	Note	2010 £000	2009 £000
Turnover		127	255
Administration costs		(69)	(131)
Other operating income		262	-
Profit before taxation		320	124
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	3	(72)	(35)
Profit for the financial year	9	248	89

The above results are derived wholly from discontinuing activities.

Other than the Profit for the financial year, there are no other recognised gains or losses.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2010

Note	2010 £000	2009 £000
11010		
1	2 452	1,346
		1,903
<del>-</del>	2,819	3,249
5	(126)	(113)
_	2,693	3,136
6	(1,458)	(1,837)
7	-	(312)
~~	1,235	987
	-	007
9	1,235	987
_	1,235	987
	6	Note £000  4 2,452 4 367 2,819 5 (126) 2,693 6 (1,458) 7

These financial statements were approved by the Directors on 13 October 2010 and signed on their behalf by

Gregor Alexander, Director

Company registered number: 165387

# Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds as at 31 March 2010

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit for the financial year	248	89
Net addition to shareholders' funds	248	89
Opening shareholders' funds	987	898
Closing shareholders' funds	1,235	987

# Notes on the Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

#### Significant accounting policies 1.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The principal accounting policies are summarised below and have been applied consistently.

In previous years, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. However during the year the directors took the decision to cease trading following the early settlement of the finance leases for the Oldham and Watford colour print plants. As they do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, the directors have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. No adjustments were necessary to the amounts at which the remaining net assets are included in these financial statements.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (FRS 1), the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the ultimate parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Scottish and Southern Energy plc (SSE plc), it has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Scottish and Southern Energy Group (the Group).

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of lease finance to customers.

#### Finance Leases

Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to give a constant rate of return on the net cash investment in the lease. The total net investment in the finance leases included in the balance sheet represents total lease payments receivable net of finance lease income relating to future accounting periods.

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account deferred taxation.

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantially enacted, by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation arises in respect of items where there are timing differences between their treatment for accounting and taxation purposes. This is recognised where an obligation to pay more tax in the future has originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is recognised only when it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

#### Directors', staff and auditors' remuneration 2.

No Director received remuneration in respect of their service to the Company (2009 - £nil). There were no staff employed during the year (2009 - nil). The audit fee for these Financial statements were borne by the ultimate parent company (2009 -£nil).

# Notes on the Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

3. Taxation		
<del></del>	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Current tax:	404	50
United Kingdom corporation tax Adjustments in respect of prior periods	401 (17)	53
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	384	53
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(312)	(18)
<u>-</u> -	(312)	(18)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	72	35
<u> </u>		
The difference between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:	the standard ra	ate of UK
volporation and to the providence and is as rollows.	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Duo fit hofano tou	220	124
Profit before tax	320	124
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effect of:	90	35
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	311	18
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(17)	<del>-</del>
Current tax charge for year	384	53
4. Debtors		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors - amounts receivable under finance leases	_	255
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,452	1,072
Corporation tax recoverable	· -	19
<u>-</u>	2,452	1,346
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	367	367
Trade debtors - amounts receivable under finance leases	-	1,536
	367	1,903
<u></u>	2,819	3,249
	4,017	3,247
Trade debtors include lease rentals receivable out with one year amounting to £nil (2009 - £1 held for the purpose of letting under finance leases was £nil (2009 - £2,089,515).	,536,104). The	cost of ass
5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Deformed in come		113
Deferred income	126	113
Corporation tax payable	126	112
	120	113

# Notes on the Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

6. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
6. Creations, amounts turning and arter more start over your	2010	2009
	£000	£000
	-	379
Deferred income	1,458	1,458
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,458	1,837
-		
7. Deferred taxation		
Deferred taxation is provided as follows:		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances		312
Provision for deferred tax		312
1 1041510B TOT WEIGHT WA		
		31 March
		2010
		£000
Provision at start of the year		312
Credited to the profit and loss account	_	(312)
Provision at end of year	_	
O. Chaus conital		
8. Share capital	Number	£
	(1,4,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	
Authorised:	1.000	1.000
Authorised: At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010	1,000	1,000
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010	1,000	1,000
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  Allotted, called up and fully paid:	1,000	1,000
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010		
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  Allotted, called up and fully paid:		2
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  Allotted, called up and fully paid: At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010		
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  Allotted, called up and fully paid: At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  9. Profit and loss account		£000 987
At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010  Allotted, called up and fully paid: At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010		£000

## 10. Ultimate holding company

The Company is a subsidiary of Scottish and Southern Energy plc, which is the ultimate parent company and is registered in Scotland. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Scottish and Southern Energy plc. The consolidated financial statements of the group (which include those of the Company) are available from Corporate Communications, Inveralmond House, 200 Dunkeld Road, Perth PH1 3AQ.