GILMOREHILL LEASECO 1996 LTD

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year to 31 July 2004

SCT \$711X1WC 0079 COMPANIES HOUSE 13/01/05

Gilmorehill Leaseco 1996 Ltd.	1.
REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2004	
CONTENTS	
Company Information	2.
Directors' Report	3.
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	4.
Report of the Auditors	5.
Profit and Loss Account	6.
Balance Sheet	7.
Notes to the Financial Statements	8 - 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Professor Peter Holmes Mr. Graham Paterson

Secretary

Mr Graham Paterson

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP George House 50 George Square Glasgow G2 1RR

Bankers

Clydesdale Bank Plc 30 St. Vincent Place Glasgow G1 2HL

Registered Office

13 The Square

University of Glasgow Glasgow G12 8QQ

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 July 2004

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is that of leasing equipment.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Professor Peter Holmes (appointed 25 May 2004)

Mr. Michael Yuille (resigned 26 March 2004)

Mr. Graham Paterson

No director had an interest in the share capital of the company.

AUDITORS

A resolution to appoint Ernst &Young LLP as the Company's auditor will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO SMALL COMPANIES

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

By order of the Board

Graham Paterson, Secretary

22 November 2004

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the results of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors follow the Corporate Governance Procedure of the University of Glasgow as detailed in the Financial Statements of the University. The parent undertaking, GU Holdings Ltd, reports regularly and formally on behalf of the Company to the University Court of the University of Glasgow via the Finance Committee. Annual Accounts are also presented to the University Court of the University of Glasgow.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GILMOREHILL LEASECO 1996 LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 12. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 July 2004 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor Glasgow First & Young Lil

22 November 2004

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT for the year to 31 July 2004

	Note	2004 £	2003 £
TURNOVER	2	383,292	516,369
Cost of Sales		(365,040)	(491,840)
GROSS PROFIT		18,252	24,529
Administration Expenses		(8,395)	(8,394)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	9,857	16,135
Interest Receivable	4	2,187	1,241
Gift Aid	5	(12,044)	(16,269)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		NIL	1,107
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	NIL	NIL
RESULT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		NIL	1,107
		-	

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES For the year to 31 July 2004 $\,$

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

BALAN	ICE SHEET
as at 31	July 2004

CURRENT ASSETS	Note	2004 £	2003 £
Debtors	7	167,629	333,716
Cash at bank and in hand		9,517	56,663
		177,146	390,379
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	(177,144)	(390,377)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2	2
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	2	2
Accumulated Result		0	0
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	10	2	2

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 November 2004.

Graham Paterson, Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year to 31 July 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided where there is a reasonable probability of the amount becoming payable in the foreseeable future.

Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Lease income receivable under operating leases is credited to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of lease income receivable during the year.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:	2004	2003
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£	£
Operating lease rentals	365,040	491,840
Auditors' remuneration audit services	1,330	1,300
	·	

The directors receive no remuneration in respect of their services to the Company.

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank and other interest receivable	2,187	1,241
5. GIFT AID	2004	2003
	£	£
Payments in respect of Gift Aid are made		
to the University of Glasgow	12,044	16,269

6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The Company has no taxable profits (2003: £1,107) arising during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year to 31 July 2004

~	X.		The c	$\Gamma \sim$	R	٦,
1		н.	к			٠.

7. DEBTORS		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Amounts due from parent undertaking	167,053	333,716
VAT	576	NIL
	167,629	333,716
	<u></u>	
8. CREDITORS: amounts due within one year		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Amounts due to parent undertaking	43,546	62,039
Amounts due to other group undertakings	131,738	324,936
Accruals	1,860	1,580
VAT	NIL	1,822
	177,144	390,377
A CATALOGIC DATE OF		
9. SHARE CAPITAL	2004	2002
	2004	2003
Authorised:	£	£
	1 000	1.000
Equity Interests: 1000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		-
Equity interests: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
Equity interests. 2 ordinary shares of 21 each		
10. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHARE	HOLDERS' FUNDS	
		£
Shareholders' funds at 1 August 2003		2
Result for the year		NIL
•		
Shareholders' funds at 31 July 2004		2

11. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 July 2004 the company had commitments under non-cancellable operating leases of £203,551 (2003: £322,816) due within one year.

12. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors consider that the University Court of the University of Glasgow (a body corporate created under the Universities (Scotland) Act 1889) is the company's ultimate parent undertaking. The company's parent undertaking is GU Holdings Ltd.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing transactions with fellow group companies as permitted by FRS8.