# F&C Group ESOP Trustee Limited

(Registered Number: SC161077)

Unaudited Annual Report and Financial Statements for the 14-month period from 1 November 2021 to 31 December 2022

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC161077

**DIRECTORS**: P J Doel

W M Tonkin R A Watts

SECRETARY: R D Burgin

**REGISTERED OFFICE**: 6<sup>th</sup> Floor

Quartermile 4 7a Nightingale Way Edinburgh EH3 9EG

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their Annual Report and Financial Statements for F&C Group ESOP Trustee Limited (the Company) for the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022. The Company was part of the BMO Global Asset Management (BMO GAM) business within the BMO Financial Group (BMO) until 8 November 2021 when the BMO GAM business in Europe, the Middle East and Africa (EMEA) was acquired by Ameriprise Financial, Inc. (Ameriprise).

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company was originally set up to encourage and facilitate participation in the Columbia Threadneedle AM (Holdings) plc (formerly BMO Asset Management (Holdings) plc) share ownership schemes and to act as trustee to The Ivory and Sime Employee Benefit Trust (the EBT). Following the purchase of the underlying shares held by the EBT by Bank of Montreal on 7 May 2014, the EBT no longer holds any assets and is now inactive. Whilst the Company continues to operate as trustee to the EBT, it also no longer has any trading activity.

#### **RESULTS AND BUSINESS REVIEW**

As the Company did not trade during the current and prior financial periods, an Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income are not presented in these Financial Statements.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Directors expect the Company to remain inactive for the foreseeable future.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Directors manage the risks as part of the overall risk management framework within the Columbia Threadneedle AM (Holdings) plc Group (the Group). Members of the Group's Executive Committee are responsible for identifying and addressing any material or systematic issues or risks facing their areas of the business. However, as the Company no longer has any trading activity and the EBT to which the Company operates as trustee, is now inactive, the Directors consider that the Company's exposure to financial risk is limited to the following:

#### Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk if a counterparty to a financial instrument is unable to pay, in full, amounts when due. The Company's credit risk is principally in relation to an amount owed by the immediate parent company. As the Group's working capital is monitored on a group-wide basis, the risk of non-recovery is considered minimal.

#### STRATEGIC REPORT: SMALL COMPANIES EXEMPTION

The Company has taken advantage of the small companies exemption in section 414B of Statutory Instrument 2013 No. 1970 *The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013* and has not prepared a Strategic Report.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The Directors have undertaken an assessment of the Company's financial position, along with the factors likely to affect its future development, taking into account all available financial information. While the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, it has no income or expenses recognised in either the current or prior reporting periods. As there is no intention to commence trading activities in the foreseeable future, the Company's Financial Statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis. This basis of preparation has not resulted in any recognition or measurement changes to the Financial Statements.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued)

## **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The Directors of the Company who were in office during the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of approval of the Financial Statements were as follows:

P J Doel W M Tonkin R A Watts

There have been no appointments or resignations of Directors since 31 December 2022.

No individual Director has any beneficial interest in the share capital of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' LIABILITIES**

During the reporting period and at the date of approval of the Financial Statements, the Company had in force a qualifying third-party indemnity provision in favour of one or more of its Directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The Group maintains insurance cover in respect of Directors' and Officers' liability.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Rachel Burgen

R D Burgin Secretary

Secretary 22 June 2023

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business. As explained on page 7, the Directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Registered number SC161077)

	Notes	31 December 2022 £	31 October 2021 £
ASSETS			
Non-current assets	E	100	400
Other receivables	5	100	100
TOTAL ASSETS		100	100
EQUITY			
Called up share capital	6	100	100
TOTAL EQUITY		100	100
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FOUNTY		400	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	,	100	100

As the Company did not trade during the current period or prior year, no Income Statement or Statement of Comprehensive Income is presented in these Financial Statements.

For the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 the Company was entitled to the exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

No Members have required the Company to obtain an audit of its Financial Statements for the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 in accordance with section 476.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for:

- a) Ensuring the Company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386;
- b) Preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of its financial period, and of its profit and loss for the financial period in accordance with sections 393 and 394, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the Company.

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 June 2023. They were signed on its behalf by:

R A Watts Director

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 14-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital £	Total equity £
At 1 November 2020, 31 October 2021 and 31 December 2022	100	100

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. ENTITY INFORMATION

F&C Group ESOP Trustee Limited is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in Scotland. The Company's registered office is 6th Floor, Quartermile 4, 7a Nightingale Way, Edinburgh, EH3 9FG

The results of F&C Group ESOP Trustee Limited are included in the consolidated Annual Report and Financial Statements of Columbia Threadneedle Investments UK International Limited, which are available from Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AG.

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in Sterling, the Company's functional and presentational currency.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently for the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 and the year ended 31 October 2021.

#### Basis of preparation

As the Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under Financial Reporting Standard 100 *Application of Financial Reporting Requirements*, the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* (FRS 101).

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the UK (UK-adopted international accounting standards), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and to take advantage of FRS 101 disclosure exemptions.

In the application of FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions:

- (a) Information regarding the entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital;
- (b) Financial instruments disclosures;
- (c) The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- (d) Disclosures of key management personnel compensation; and
- (e) Disclosures in respect of related party transactions with wholly-owned subsidiaries.

#### **Measurement convention**

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern

The Company has no trading activities, with no income or expenses incurred in either the current or prior reporting periods. As the Company does not intend to recommence trading activities in the foreseeable future, the Directors have not prepared the Financial Statements on a going concern basis. This basis of preparation has not resulted in any recognition or measurement changes to the Financial Statements.

## New and amended standards and interpretations

Several new and amended standards and interpretations apply for the first time in the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022, but do not have an impact on the Company's Financial Statements. The Company has not early adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

The preparation of financial statements necessitates the use of estimates, assumptions and judgements. These estimates, assumptions and judgements affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the reporting date as well as the reported income and expenses for the reporting periods. While estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement using information and financial data available to them, the actual outcome may differ from these estimates.

No significant estimates or judgements have been applied in the preparation of these Financial Statements.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as debt instruments measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. The Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are "solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)" on the principal amounts outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting cash flows, selling the financial assets or both.

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortised cost are measured using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Income Statement when an asset is derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process. The Company's financial assets at amortised cost consist of amounts owed by the immediate parent company.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset or, where applicable, part of a financial asset, is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.

## Impairment of financial assets

The Company considers the requirement to recognise an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when contractual payments are past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (b) Share capital

Share capital is recorded at the proceeds of issue after deducting directly attributable transaction costs.

#### 3. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration is not apportioned to this Company if the time a Director works for the Company represents a negligible proportion of their total responsibilities in respect of the wider Group. Directors' remuneration for the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 was £nil (year ended 31 October 2021: £nil).

#### 4. EMPLOYEES

The Company had no employees during the 14-month period ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

#### 5. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	31 December 2022 £	31 October 2021 £
Non-current: Amounts owed by immediate parent company	100	100

In the Directors' opinion there is no discernible difference between the carrying amount and fair value of the balance disclosed.

#### 6. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	31 December 2022 £	31 October 2021 £
Issued and fully paid: 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100_	100

The holder of the Ordinary shares is entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, is entitled to capital distribution rights (including on a winding up) and is entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. The Ordinary shares do not confer any rights of redemption.

### 7. THE IVORY & SIME EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST

The Company acts as trustee to The Ivory & Sime Employee Benefit Trust.

On 7 May 2014, following the acquisition of the entire share capital of Columbia Threadneedle AM (Holdings) plc by Bank of Montreal, the remaining shares held by the EBT were bought by Bank of Montreal for £1.20 per share and the cash was returned to Columbia Threadneedle AM (Holdings) plc. Consequently, at 31 December 2022, the EBT held no assets (31 October 2021: no assets) in respect of beneficiaries of the EBT.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

## 8. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent is Columbia Threadneedle AM (Holdings) plc, a company registered in Scotland. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Ameriprise Financial, Inc. a company incorporated in the United States of America.

The smallest group of which the Company is a member and for which Group Financial Statements are prepared is Columbia Threadneedle Investments UK International Limited. Copies of the Group Annual Report and Financial Statements can be obtained from its registered office at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AG.

The largest group to consolidate these Financial Statements is Ameriprise Financial, Inc. The consolidated financial statements of Ameriprise Financial, Inc are available from The Corporate Secretary, Ameriprise Financial, Inc., 1098 Ameriprise Financial Center, Minneapolis, Minnesota, 55474, United States of America.