Miller/CTP (Pacific Quay) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010 Registered number SC160930

FRIDAY



SCT

30/09/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

709

Miller/CTP (Pacific Quay) Limited, Registered number SC160930 Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2010

Contents

Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and financial statements	2
Independent auditor's report to the members of Miller/CTP (Pacific Quay) Limited	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6

Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is property development.

Business review

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4. The loss for the year after taxation is £1,781 (2009: profit of £28,653).

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009: nil)

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Phil Miller

David Topham

Andrew Sutherland

Donald Borland

(resigned 1 July 2011)

Pamela Grant

Euan Haggerty

(appointed 1 July 2011)

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

Euan Haggerty
Director

29 September 2011

2 Lochside View Edinburgh Park Edinburgh **EH12 9DH**

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Miller/CTP (Pacific Quay) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Miller/CTP (Pacific Quay) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 set out on pages 4 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

- In our opinion the financial statements: give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Hugh Harvie

(Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG United Kingdom

29.01.251

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Administrative expenses		(2,224)	(1,317)
Operating loss		(2,224)	(1,317)
Interest receivable	2	15	11
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(2,209)	(1,306)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	428	29,959
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	11	(1,781)	28,653

There have been no recognised gains or losses other than the loss and profit for the above financial years.

The loss for the financial year has been derived from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Current assets Stock Debtors Cash at bank	6 7	497,797 40 39,902	497,797 178 41,901
		537,739	539,876
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(4,072)	(4,428)
Net current assets		533,667	535,448
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(222,164)	(222,164)
Net assets		311,503	313,284
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	2	2
Profit and loss account	11	311,501	313,282
Shareholders' funds	12	311,503	313,284

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 29 September 2011 and were signed on its behalf by:

Euan Haggerty

Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company finances its day to day working capital requirements through a combination of funds advanced to the company by its shareholders and cash balances.

The directors have received confirmation that the funds provided by the shareholders, which at 31 December 2010 amounted to £222,164 will not be called for repayment within the period of at least one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

In relation to the company's short term working capital requirements, the directors have prepared cash flow forecasts which indicate that the company should continue to have sufficient resources available to it, to enable it to continue in operational existence by meeting its day to day liabilities as they fall due for payment for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

In light of the foregoing, the directors continue to believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size.

Stocks

Development work in progress is carried at cost plus attributable overheads or net realisable value if lower.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain terms for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

Notes (continued)

2	Interest receivable	201	2009 £
	Bank interest receivable	15	11
			
3	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2010 £	2009 £
	This is stated after charging:	~	<i>ح</i> ـ
	Auditor's remuneration: audit of these financial statements	500	766
	Other services relating to taxation	300	550

4 Remuneration of directors

There were no emoluments paid to the directors during the year (2009: nil). There were no employee or staff costs during the year (2009: nil)

5 Taxation

Analysis of charge in year		
•	2010	2009
	£	£
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the year	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(428)	(29,959)
Total current tax	(428)	(29,959)

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower than (2009: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%) (2009: 28%). The differences are explained below:

	2010	2009 £
Current tax reconciliation Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(2,209)	(1,306)
Current tax at 28% (2009: 28%)	(619)	(366)
Effects of: Losses carried forward Adjustments in respect of prior periods	619 (428)	366 (29,959)
Total current tax charge	(428)	(29,959)

Tax losses available for off-set against future taxable profits of the company have not been recognised as deferred tax assets due to uncertainty over the timing of their recoverability.

Notes (continued)

The Emergency Budget on 22 June 2010 announced that the UK corporation tax rate will reduce from 28% to 24% over a period of 4 years from 2011. The first reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 28% to 27% was substantively enacted on 20 July 2010 and will be effective from 1 April 2011. The Budget on 25 March 2011 announced an incremental rate reduction from 27% to 26% to apply from 1 April 2011. This will reduce the company's future tax charge accordingly. It has not yet been possible to quantify the full anticipated effect of the announced further 2% rate reduction, although this will further reduce the company's future current tax charge.

6	Stocks		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Development work in progress	497,797	497,797 ————
7	Debtors		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	40	- 178
		40	178
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade creditors	1,470	
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	2 2,600	
		4,072	=
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		•
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Shareholders' loans	222,164	222,164

The shareholders' loans have no fixed repayment date. Interest on the loans has been waived for the year.

Notes (continued)

10	Share capital	0040	0000
		2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised 500 ordinary A shares of £1 each	500	500
	500 ordinary B shares of £1 each	500	500
		4.000	1 000
		1,000	1,000
		y	
The A compa	and B shares have equal voting rights and rank pari-passu	as set out in	the articles of the
compa		2010	2009
	Allocated, called up and fully paid	£	£
	1 ordinary A share of £1 each	1	1
	1 ordinary B share of £1 each	1	1
		2	2
			
11	Profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss account
	At beginning of year		£ 313,282
	Loss for year		(1,781)
	At end of year		311,501
12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		2010	2009
	(Loss)/profit for year	(1,781)	28,653
	Opening shareholders' funds	313,284	284,631
	Closing shareholders' funds	311,503	313,284

13 Related party disclosures

The company is a joint venture between The Miller Group Limited and CTP Limited. At the year end the amounts owed to The Miller Group Limited totalled £111,082 (2009: £111,082), and amounts owed to CTP Limited totalled £111,082 (2009: £111,082).