	REGISTERED	NUMBER:	SC157635	(Scotland)
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UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

FOR

UNITY FISHING COMPANY LIMITED

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UNITY FISHING COMPANY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

DIRECTORS: S Bellany

J Bellany A Bellany W A Bellany

REGISTERED OFFICE: Denholm Fishselling Limited

Denholm Fishselling Limited Maxwell Place Industrial Estate

Fraserburgh AB43 9SX

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC157635 (Scotland)

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2018

		201	8	2017	7
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	5		1,165,630		468,830
Tangible assets	6		4,337,020		4,660,283
Investments	7		379,225		379,225
			5,881,875		5,508,338
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	87,076		151,711	
Cash at bank		1,032,549		1,489,659	
		1,119,625	_	1,641,370	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9	428,022	_	390,719	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			691,603		1,250,651
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					_
LIABILITIES			6,573,478		6,758,989
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	10		(1,400,000)		(1,680,000)
					,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(425,026)		(451,356)
NET ASSETS			4,748,452		4,627,633
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			914,424		914,424
Retained earnings			3,834,028		3,713,209
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,748,452		4,627,633

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
 - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
- (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 DECEMBER 2018

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

S Bellany - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Unity Fishing Company Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£). Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

Going Concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The directors consider that there are no estimates and underlying assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Licences and quotas are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of five years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Land and buildings - 2% on cost

Plant and machinery etc - 25% on cost, 20% on cost, 10% on cost and 6.25% on cost

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the Profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the Profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held in call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2017 - NIL).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

				Licences and quotas £
	COST			2
	At 1 January 2018			2,505,381
	Additions			871,000
	At 31 December 2018		_	3,376,381
	AMORTISATION			
	At 1 January 2018			2,036,551
	Amortisation for year		_	174,200
	At 31 December 2018		_	2,210,751
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2018		=	1,165,630
	At 31 December 2017		=	468,830
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
			Plant and	
		Land and	machinery	
		buildings	etc	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At I January 2018	424,286	6,116,719	6,541,005
	Additions	-	138,301	138,301
	Disposals		(84,011)	(84,011)
	At 31 December 2018	424,286	6,171,009	6,595,295
	DEPRECIATION	40.000	1.021.022	1 000 722
	At 1 January 2018	48,900	1,831,822	1,880,722
	Charge for year	3,193	410,825	414,018
	Eliminated on disposal		(36,465)	(36,465)
	At 31 December 2018	52,093	2,206,182	2,258,275
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2018	372 193	2.064.927	4 227 020
	At 31 December 2018 At 31 December 2017	<u>372,193</u> 375,386	3,964,827	4,337,020
	At 31 December 2017	<u> </u>	4,284,897	4,660,283
7.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
				Fixed
				asset
				investment
	2010			£
	At 1 January 2018			270.225
	and 31 December 2018			<u>379,225</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	4,169
	Other debtors	<u>87,076</u>	147,542
		87,076	151,711
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	280,000	280,000
	Trade creditors	27,635	14,286
	Taxation and social security	90,924	63,625
	Other creditors	29,463	32,808
		428,022	390,719
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans	1,400,000	1,680,000
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	<u>280,000</u>	<u>560,000</u>
11.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2018	2017
		£	£

The Royal Bank of Scotland holds a bond and floating charge over the assets of the company.

12. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

Bank loans

The company was jointly controlled by the directors, S Bellany, J Bellany, A Bellany, W Bellany, as they own all the issued share capital.

1,680,000

1,960,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.