COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC149767

Urban&Civic (Management) Limited Financial Statements 30 September 2018



Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2018

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors PAJ Leech

R E Butler W N Hugill D L Wood

Company secretary Urban&Civic (Secretaries) Limited

Registered office 4th Floor

115 George Street

Edinburgh EH2 4JN

Auditor BDO LLP 55 Baker Street

London

W1U 7EU

Strategic Report

Year ended 30 September 2018

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the provision of management and administration services.

Review of the business

The company's results for the year and financial position are as shown in the financial statements. It is expected that the group will continue its activities and trade satisfactorily in the forthcoming year.

Key performance indicators

The key performance indicators, both financial and non-financial, disclosed in the annual report of Urban&Civic plc, its immediate parent company during the period, are equally applicable to the Company given its activity is consistent with the aims and objectives of the wider Group.

Risks and uncertainties

All financial and non-financial risks faced by the Company are contained within those detailed in the annual report of Urban&Civic plc, its immediate parent company during the period.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 15 February 2019 and signed by order of the board by:

Urban&Civic (Secretaries) Limited Company Secretary

Registered office: 4th Floor 115 George Street

Edinburgh EH2 4JN

Directors' Report

Year ended 30 September 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2018.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

P A J Leech R E Butler W N Hugill D L Wood

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that
 information.

Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

This report was approved by the board of directors on 15 February 2019 and signed by order of the board by:

Urban&Civic (Secretaries) Limited Company Secretary

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Registered office: 4th Floor 115 George Street Edinburgh EH2 4JN

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic (Management) Limited

Year ended 30 September 2018

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Urban&Civic (Management) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 September 2018 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic (Management) Limited (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic (Management) Limited (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Thomas Edward Goodworth (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor London

15 February 2019

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 30 September 2018

Turnover	Note 4	2018 £ 19,961,225	2017 £ 15,452,882
Gross profit		19,961,225	15,452,882
Administrative expenses		(17,880,752)	(15,769,629)
Operating profit/(loss)	5	2,080,473	(316,747)
Other interest receivable and similar income	8	653	459
Profit/(loss) before taxation		2,081,126	(316,288)
Tax on profit/(loss)	9	(6,563)	(5,920)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year and total comprehensive inc	come	2,074,563	(322,208)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position

30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	10	453,676	611,413
Current assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11 .	20,486,714 62,912	16,031,828 104,828
		20,549,626	16,136,656
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(9,957,828)	(11,218,661)
Net current assets		10,591,798	4,917,995
Total assets less current liabilities		11,045,474	5,529,408
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax	13	(61,565)	(55,002)
Net assets		10,983,909	5,474,406
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	16 17	300,000 10,683,909	300,000 5,174,406
Shareholders' funds		10,983,909	5,474,406

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 February 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D L Wood Director

Company registration number: SC149767

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 30 September 2018

	Called up	Profit and	
	share capital I	_	Total
At 1 October 2016	300,000	£ 2,377,103	£ 2,677,103
Loss for the year	-	(322,208)	(322,208)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(322,208)	(322,208)
Equity-settled share-based payments	_	3,119,511	3,119,511
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_	3,119,511	3,119,511
At 30 September 2017	300,000	5,174,406	5,474,406
Profit for the year	_	2,074,563	2,074,563
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,074,563	2,074,563
Equity-sellled share-based payments	_	3,434,940	3,434,940
Total investments by and distributions to owners		3,434,940	3,434,940
At 30 September 2018	300,000	10,683,909	10,983,909

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is 4th floor, 115 George Street, Edinburgh, EH2 4JN. The principal activity of the company is the provision of management and administration services.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

In preparing the financial statements of this company, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions as permitted by FRS102:

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash flows.
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraph 11.39 to 11.48A.
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Urban&Civic Plc as at 30 September 2018 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. These judgements and estimates affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates are continually evaluated based on historical experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements and estimates:

Share based payments

The value of share-based payments is estimated using an option pricing model as at the date of grant and using certain assumptions.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents fees receivable for services excluding VAT in the normal course of business.

Income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expenses recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land & Building
Ride to Work
Eisturgs & Eistings

over the length of the lease straight line over twelve months

Fixtures & Fittings
Equipment

25% straight line25% straight line

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

Share-based payments

The fair value of granting share awards under the Group's performance share plan, and the other share-based remuneration of the Directors and other employees, is recognised through the statement of comprehensive income. The fair value of shares awarded is calculated by using an option pricing model. The resulting fair value is amortised through the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the vesting period. The charge is reversed if it is likely that any non-market-based vesting criteria will not be met. The charge is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost or their recoverable amount. Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable. The amount of such a provision is the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade debtors, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses. On confirmation that the trade debtor will not be collectable the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade creditors, other creditors, accruals and amounts due to group undertakings are originally recorded at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost under the effective interest method.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2018 £	2017
Group management fees	19,918,250	15,412,447
Bike to work income	-	625
Other income	42,975	39,810
	19,961,225	15,452,882

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

5. Operating profit/(loss)

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:

	2010	2017
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	252,420	243,515
Loss/(gains) on disposal of tangible assets	3,464	(2,815)
Equity-settled share-based payments expense	3,433,940	3,119,511

2017

2019

Auditor's remuneration is paid by the ultimate parent company.

6. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 80 (2017: 44).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the above, were:

		2018	2017
		£	£
Wages and salaries		12,934,777	11,283,956
Social security costs		973,307	1,087,862
Other pension costs		584,418	463,238
	•	14,492,502	12,835,056

Included within wages and salaries is an amount of £4,724,168 (2017: £5,219,439) which has been invoiced out and capitalised to development projects in fellow group companies. Gross wages for the year was £12,934,777 (2017: £11,283,956).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

7. Directors' remuneration

8.

9.

Tax on profit/(loss)

Directors remaineration		
The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying service	es was:	
	2018	2017
Remuneration	£ 1,399,750	£ 1,337,750
Company contributions to defined contribution pension plans	197,897	187,897
	1,597,647	1,525,647
Remuneration of the highest paid director in respect of qualifying sen	vices:	
	2018	2017
Aggregate remuneration	£ 790,000	£ 856,000
Company contributions to defined contribution pension plans	61,000	59,000
	851,000	915,000
During the year the highest paid director exercised share options.		
During the year the company paid cash in lieu of pension contr schemes to 3 directors (2017 - 3).	ibutions to mor	ey purchase
Other interest receivable and similar income		•
	2018	2017
laterant or book decrees.	£	£
Interest on bank deposits	653	459
Tax on profit/(loss)		
Major components of tax expense		
	2018	2017
Current town	£	£
Current tax: UK current tax income	_	-
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	<u>6,563</u>	5,920

5,920

6,563

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

9. Tax on profit/(loss) (continued)

10.

11.

Prepayments and accrued income

Other debtors

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year varies from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 19.51%).

				2018 £	2017 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary ac	tivities before t	axation		2,081,126	(316,288)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary ac Effect of expenses not dec Effect of capital allowances	luctible for tax	purposes		395,414 738,408	(61,708) 628,654 40,689
Group relief Deferred tax charge (as ab	oove)			(1,133,822) 6,563	(607,635) 5,920
Tax on profit/(loss)				6,563	5,920
Tangible assets					
	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 October 2017 Additions Disposals	743,149 - (76,386)	5,684 5,487	202,643 9,618 (22,297)	376,436 79,576 (86,778)	1,327,912 94,681 (185,461)
At 30 September 2018	666,763	11,171	189,964	369,234	1,237,132
Depreciation At 1 October 2017 Charge for the year Disposals	342,759 119,381 (76,388)	5,684 4,355	123,077 45,241 (22,297)	244,979 83,443 (86,778)	716,499 252,420 (185,463)
At 30 September 2018	385,752	10,039	146,021	241,644	783,456
Carrying amount At 30 September 2018	281,011	1,132	43,943	127,590	453,676
At 30 September 2017	400,390		79,566	131,457	611,413
Debtors					
•				2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group un				15,713 66	1,847

20,410,379

20,486,714

60,556

15,972,678

16,031,828

57,303

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	288,127	197,057
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,226,480	7,289,495
Accruals and deferred income	4,031,036	3,419,283
Social security and other taxes	350,744	296,947
Other creditors	61,441	15,879
	9,957,828	11,218,661

13. Provisions

	Deferred tax
	£
At 1 October 2017	55,002
Additions	6,563
At 30 September 2018	61,565

Deferred tox

14. Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £584,418 (2017: £463,238).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

15. Share-based payments

The company operates an equity-settled share-based payment scheme for all Executive Directors and certain employees. Options are granted over the parent company's shares that are capable of vesting on the third anniversary of issue dependent on certain performance conditions having been met. In the year ended 30 September 2018, options over 2,090,636 shares (30 September 2017: 1,831,953 shares) were awarded to Directors and other participating staff. The performance conditions attached to these awards are as follows:

- EPIC net asset value must increase by greater than 5.0 per cent per annum for 25 per cent vesting and must increase by greater than 12.0 per cent per annum for 100 per cent vesting. Shares will vest on a pro-rated, straight line basis for outperform between 5.0 per cent per annum and 12.0 per cent per annum; and
- total shareholder return must increase by more than 5.0 per cent per annum for 25 per cent vesting and must increase by more than 12.0 per cent per annum for 100 per cent vesting. Shares will vest on a pro-rated, straight line basis for outperform between 5.0 per cent per annum and 12.0 per cent per annum.

Awards will lapse if not vested at the end of the vesting period.

The performance conditions for the awards granted in the period run from 1 October 2017 to 30 September 2020.

Options granted prior to 30 September 2017 had the following performance conditions attached:

- EPIC net asset value must increase by greater than 3.0 per cent per annum more than RPI for 25 per cent vesting and must increase by greater than 12.5 per cent per annum more than RPI for 100 per cent vesting. Shares will vest on a pro-rated, straight line basis for outperform between 3.0 per cent per annum and 12.5 per cent per annum; and
- total shareholder return must be equal to the movement in the FTSE 350 Real Estate Index for 25 per cent vesting and must fall within the upper quartile of relative performance of the FTSE 350 Real Estate Index for 100 per cent vesting. Shares will vest on a pro-rated, straight line basis for outperform between the medium and upper quartile.

At 30 September 2017 there were 10,345 vested share awards outstanding that were acquired as part of the business combination in May 2014 and had a weighted average exercise price of 20.0p. At 30 September 2018, 10,345 options remain vested but not exercised.

Details of the number and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) of share options during the year are as follows:

year are as tollows:				
	2018	2018		7
	No.	WAEP	No.	WAEP
Outstanding at 1 October 2017	5,059,044	0.08	3,327,656	0.13
Granted during the year	2,090,636	_	1,831,953	-
Exercised during the year	(339,976)	0.19	(9,126)	0.20
Expired during the year	(1,633,666)	0.20	(91,439)	0.04
Outstanding at 30 September 2018	5,176,038	0.01	5,059,044	0.08
Exercisable at 30 September 2018	10,345	_	10,345	
The total expense recognised in profit of	or loss for the year	r is as follows:	•	
3			2018 £	2017 £
Equity-settled share-based payments			3,433,940	3,119,511

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2018

15. Share-based payments (continued)

The fair value of the awards in the year ended 30 September 2018 was calculated by using an option pricing model involving six variables: share price, exercise price, expected term, expected dividend yield, expected volatility and risk free interest rate. For each valuation, the expected volatility was determined by reference to historical volatility over a period of time commensurate with the remainder of the performance period immediately prior to the date of grant. This value is charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the vesting period. The weighted average share price on the date of the awards exercised in the year was 305.0p (2017: 193.0p).

The inputs into the option pricing model are as follows:

	2010	2017
Expected volatility - %	23.47	24.03
Expected life - years	3.00	3.00
Risk-free interest rate - %	0.81	1.35
Grant date share price - £	3.00	2.15

2010

2017

16. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

•	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000

17. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

18. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by FRS 102 Section 33, 'Related Party Disclosures', not to disclose any transactions with entities that are included in the consolidated financial statements of Urban&Civic Plc and are 100% owned.

19. Controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Urban&Civic plc, a company incorporated in Scotland.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Urban&Civic Plc, incorporated in Scotland. The consolidated accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from companies House. No other group accounts include the results of the company.