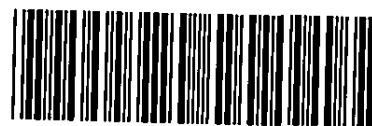


COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER SC133563

A M MACKIE LIMITED
UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR
31 DECEMBER 2012

SATURDAY



S275G496

SCT

27/04/2013

#282

COMPANIES HOUSE

WILLIAMSON & DUNN

Chartered Accountants
3 West Craibstone Street
Bon Accord Square
Aberdeen
AB11 6YW

A M MACKIE LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

CONTENTS

PAGES

Abbreviated balance sheet

1 to 2

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

3 to 5

A M MACKIE LIMITED**ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET****31 DECEMBER 2012**

	Note	2012	2011
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		27,547	37,062
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		27,447	23,847
Debtors		238,102	276,588
Cash at bank and in hand		135	46
		<u>265,684</u>	<u>300,481</u>
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	3	<u>165,591</u>	<u>146,006</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>100,093</u>	<u>154,475</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>127,640</u>	<u>191,537</u>
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	9,300
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		<u>4,376</u>	<u>5,702</u>
		<u>123,264</u>	<u>176,535</u>

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

A M MACKIE LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET *(continued)*

31 DECEMBER 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	4	75	75
Other reserves		25	25
Profit and loss account		123,164	176,435
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>123,264</u>	<u>176,535</u>

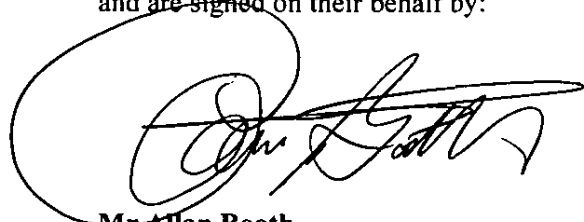
The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 17 April 2013, and are signed on their behalf by:



Mr Allan Booth
Director

Company Registration Number: SC133563

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

A M MACKIE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced in accordance with UITF 40. Turnover in respect of contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and equipment - 20% straight line basis
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

A M MACKIE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 January 2012	96,967
Additions	3,830
Disposals	(11,890)
At 31 December 2012	88,907
 DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2012	59,905
Charge for year	11,321
On disposals	(9,866)
At 31 December 2012	61,360
 NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2012	27,547
At 31 December 2011	37,062

A M MACKIE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2012	2011
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>42,224</u>	<u>50,103</u>

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2012		2011	
	No	£	No	£
75 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>75</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>75</u>