



FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

Registered number: SC132920

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

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FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company owns a partnership interest as a General Partner in the First Tower Limited Partnership ('the Partnership'), as described in Note 7 to the financial statements. The Partnership comprises two General Partners and twelve Limited Partners.

Until 5 September 1996, all of the partners were members of the group. On that date the company's investment in the Partnership was reduced to £1 as a result of a return of capital. On the same date the group disposed of its interest in the shares of the Limited Partners.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1 (2020 - £1).

No dividends have been paid or proposed (2020- £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

A S J Daffern (appointed 6 May 2021)
Sir George Iacobescu CBE (resigned 1 July 2021)
S Z Khan
K J Kingston (appointed 6 May 2021)
R J J Lyons (resigned 21 May 2021)
R J Worthington (appointed 6 May 2021)

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2021 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

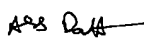
DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 6 September 2022 and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:


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A S J Daffern
Director

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements of First Tower GP(1) Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

EXTENT TO WHICH THE AUDIT WAS CONSIDERED CAPABLE OF DETECTING IRREGULARITIES, INCLUDING FRAUD

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act, and relevant tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with HMRC.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

L Cowie

Lyn Cowie CA (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
Aberdeen, United Kingdom
6 September 2022

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Share of income from investment in partnership		1	1
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Tax on profit	6	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u><u>1</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: SC132920

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	7	48	47
		<u>48</u>	<u>47</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	103	103
		<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>151</u>	<u>150</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>151</u>	<u>150</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	67	67
Retained earnings		84	83
		<u>151</u>	<u>150</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 6 September 2022.

DocuSigned by:



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A S J Daffern
 Director

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021	67	83	150
Profit for the year	-	1	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1	1
AT 31 DECEMBER 2021	67	84	151

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2020	67	82	149
Profit for the year	-	1	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1	1
AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	67	83	150

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

First Tower GP(1) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in Scotland at 4th Floor, Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh EH1 2EN.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year and are summarised below:

2.2 Going concern

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The impact of COVID-19

The UK economy has been significantly impacted by COVID-19 which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty since March 2020. Despite all remaining COVID-19 restrictions being removed in the first half of 2022, the impact of lockdowns, work from home recommendations and other restrictions that were in place at various times from March 2020 to early 2022 continue to have lasting disruption which has contributed to higher inflation, rising interest rates and the resulting knock-on impact to consumer spending. The pandemic has also challenged the status quo of full-time office working which creates uncertainty surrounding future office lettings.

However the business is well positioned to weather those challenges. The crisis did not have material impact on the assets, liabilities or performance of the company during the year or the prior year and it is not expected that there will be a material impact in the coming year.

2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Investments

Investments in partnerships and unit trusts are stated at fair value. The fair value is calculated by reference to the company's share of the net assets of the investment, as adjusted for assets and liabilities which are not carried at fair value. The movement that relates to income earned from unit trusts and partnerships is taken to the income statement. The remaining fair value movement is recognised in other comprehensive income unless the carrying amount of the investment falls below its original cost, after which the deficit is recognised in the income statement.

Revenue profits and losses in unit trusts and partnerships are recognised on an accruals basis.

2.5 Financial instruments

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 11.41.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

2.6 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The preparation of financial statements also requires use of judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that management makes in the process of applying the company's accounting policies.

Valuation of investments

Investments in partnerships are stated at fair value, with changes recognised in other comprehensive income unless the carrying amount of the investment falls below its original cost, after which the deficit is recognised in the income statement.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the financial statements of the company did not contain any significant items that required the application of judgements, apart from those involving estimation.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Auditor's remuneration of £1,100 (2020 - £800) for the audit of the company has been borne by another group undertaking.

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2020 - £NIL).

6. TAXATION

	2021 £	2020 £
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
Total current tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

There were no factors that affected the tax charge for the year which has been calculated on the profits on ordinary activities before tax at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2020 - 19.0 %).

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Enacted in the Finance Act 2021 is a provision for the main rate of corporation tax to increase to 25% from 1 April 2023.

The company is a member of a REIT headed by Stork Holdings Limited. As a consequence all qualifying property rental business is exempt from corporation tax. Only income and expenses relating to non-qualifying activities will continue to be taxable.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****7. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

	Investment in Partnership £
VALUATION	
At 1 January 2021	47
Share of profit/(loss)	1
	<u>48</u>
At 31 December 2021	<u><u>48</u></u>

As a general partner, the company has contributed 0.05% of the capital of the Partnership, an entity which commenced business on 22 August 1991. Upon commencing business the Partnership acquired an interest in certain floors within One Canada Square at Canary Wharf and certain retail areas within the Canary Wharf estate. On 27 December 1995 the Partnership sold its retail interests to a fellow group undertaking. On 5 September 1996, the Partnership granted an overriding lease in its remaining interests to a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

Also on 5 September 1996, the company's investment in the Partnership was reduced to £1 as a result of a return of capital by the Partnership. On the same date the group disposed of its interest in the shares of the Limited Partners in the Partnership. The investment in the Partnership has since been revalued annually to reflect the share of the company's net assets in the Partnership.

The investment in the Partnership comprises:

	2021 £	2020 £
Cost of investment in Partnership	1	1
Share of accumulated capital profits	26	26
Share of accumulated revenue profits	21	20
	<u>48</u>	<u>47</u>

The share of capital profits relates to the movement in fair value of an investment property recognised in the income statement of the Partnership.

8. DEBTORS

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	103	103
	<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings is interest free and repayable on demand.

FIRST TOWER GP(1) LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****9. SHARE CAPITAL**

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 (2020 - 2) Deferred ordinary shares of £1.00 each	2	2
100 (2020 - 100) Ordinary shares of \$1.00 each	65	65
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	67	67
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The holders of the deferred ordinary shares are entitled to a restricted participation in the profits or assets of the company and do not have any right to attend or vote at any general meeting.

10. RESERVES

The distributable reserves of the company differ from its retained earnings as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Retained earnings	84	83
Revaluation of investment in Partnership	(26)	(26)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Distributable reserves	58	57
	<hr/>	<hr/>

11. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is CWE SPV HCo Limited.

As at 31 December 2021, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies.



FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

Registered number: LP004097

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

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FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

GENERAL PARTNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The general partner is responsible for preparing the General partner's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the general partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the general partner has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the general partner must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the partnership and of the profit or loss of the partnership for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the general partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the partnership will continue in business.

The general partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the partnership and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE NON-STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the non-statutory financial statements of First Tower Limited Partnership (the 'Partnership'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Limited Partnership Agreement.

We have audited the non-statutory financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 13.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the Limited Partnership Agreement.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs(UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the non-statutory financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the non-statutory financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the General Partner with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

RESPONSIBILITIES OF GENERAL PARTNERS

As explained more fully in the General Partner's responsibilities statement, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the non-statutory financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of non-statutory financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the non-statutory financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intend to liquidate the partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE NON-STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the non-statutory financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these non-statutory financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the non-statutory financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

EXTENT TO WHICH THE AUDIT WAS CONSIDERED CAPABLE OF DETECTING IRREGULARITIES, INCLUDING FRAUD

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the Partnership's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Partnership's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Partnership operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Partnership's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud ;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing internal audit reports.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely for the exclusive use of the partners and solely for the purpose set out in our engagement letter. Our report is not to be used for any other purpose, recited or referred to in any document, copied or made available (in whole or in part) to any other person without prior written express consent. We accept no duty, responsibility or liability to any other party in connection with the report or this engagement.

Deloitte LLP

Deloitte LLP
Aberdeen, United Kingdom
6 September 2022

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		5,000	5,000
GROSS PROFIT		<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>
Administrative expenses		(1,200)	(1,080)
Movement in fair value of investment property		(10)	(10)
OPERATING PROFIT		<u>3,790</u>	<u>3,910</u>
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(1,990)	(1,990)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		<u>1,800</u>	<u>1,920</u>
Tax on profit	6	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>1,800</u>	<u>1,920</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u><u>1,800</u></u>	<u><u>1,920</u></u>

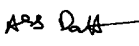
The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
REGISTERED NUMBER:LP4097

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment property	7	77,992	78,002
		<u>77,992</u>	<u>78,002</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	44,298	42,378
		<u>44,298</u>	<u>42,378</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,210)	(1,090)
		<u>43,088</u>	<u>41,288</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS			
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		121,080	119,290
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(25,482)	(25,492)
		<u>95,598</u>	<u>93,798</u>
NET ASSETS			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		2,000	2,000
Current accounts	12	93,598	91,798
		<u>95,598</u>	<u>93,798</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the general partner and were signed on its behalf on 6 September 2022.

DocuSigned by:

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A S J Daffern

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Capital accounts £	Current accounts £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2021	2,000	91,798	93,798
Profit for the year	-	1,800	1,800
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1,800	1,800
AT 31 DECEMBER 2021	2,000	93,598	95,598

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Capital accounts £	Current accounts £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2020	2,000	89,878	91,878
Profit for the year	-	1,920	1,920
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1,920	1,920
AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	2,000	91,798	93,798

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

First Tower Limited Partnership is an English limited partnership registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The Partnership holds a head leasehold interest in certain floors of One Canada Square, Canary Wharf.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investment properties at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of accounts in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Partnership's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

2.2 Going concern

The Partnership has net assets. Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the Partnership, the General Partners have a reasonable expectation that the Partnership will have adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the going concern basis continues to be adopted in preparing the financial statements.

The impact of COVID-19

The UK economy has been significantly impacted by COVID-19 which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty since March 2020. Despite all remaining COVID-19 restrictions being removed in the first half of 2022, the impact of lockdowns, work from home recommendations and other restrictions that were in place at various times from March 2020 to early 2022 continue to have lasting disruption which has contributed to higher inflation, rising interest rates and the resulting knock-on impact to consumer spending. The pandemic has also challenged the status quo of full-time office working which creates uncertainty surrounding future office lettings.

However the business is well positioned to weather those challenges. The crisis did not have material impact on the assets, liabilities or performance of the Partnership during the year or the prior year and it is not expected that there will be a material impact in the coming year.

2.3 Cash flow

No cash flow statement has been prepared as there were no cash flows during the year ended 31 December 2021 or the year ended 31 December 2020.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Revenue

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the Income Statement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted, including rent free periods, are recognised as an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property and are therefore also recognised on the same straight line basis. Direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging new leases are also amortised on the same straight line basis. Contingent rents, being those lease payments that are not fixed at the inception of a lease, for example turnover rents, are recorded in the periods in which they are earned.

2.5 Investment properties

Investment properties, including land and buildings held for development and investment properties under construction, are measured initially at cost including related transaction costs. The finance costs associated with direct expenditure on properties under construction or undergoing refurbishment are capitalised.

Where a property interest is acquired under a lease the investment property and the associated lease liability are initially recognised at the lower of the fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments including any initial premium. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and a reduction in the outstanding obligation for future amounts payable. The total finance charge is allocated to accounting periods over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic charge to the remaining balance of the obligation for each accounting period.

Investment properties are subsequently revalued, at each reporting date, to an amount comprising the fair value of the property interest plus the carrying value of the associated lease liability less separately identified accrued rent, amortised lease incentives and negotiation costs. The gain or loss on remeasurement is recognised in the income statement.

2.6 Financial Instruments

The Partners have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the Partnership not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 11.41.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the Partnership will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The preparation of financial statements also requires use of judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that management makes in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies.

Valuation of investment properties

The Partnership uses valuations performed by independent valuers as the fair value of its properties. The valuations are based upon assumptions including future rental income, anticipated void costs and the appropriate discount rate or yield. The valuers also make reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the financial statements of the Partnership did not contain any significant items that required the application of judgements, apart from those involving estimation.

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	2021 £	2020 £
Fees payable to the partnership's auditor and its associates for the audit of the partnership's annual financial statements	1,000	900

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2021 £	2020 £
Operating lease charges	1,990	1,990
	1,990	1,990

6. TAXATION

No provision for tax has been made as the income earned by the Partnership is taxable in the accounts of the partners.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****7. INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

	Leasehold investment property £
Valuation	
At 1 January 2021	78,002
Surplus on revaluation	(10)
At 31 December 2021	<u><u>77,992</u></u>

On 22 August 1991, the Partnership purchased the residual 95 year term of a 99 year lease in certain areas of the Canary Wharf development for £105 million and entered into a leaseback arrangement with Canary Wharf Limited ('CWL') in respect of those areas. On 8 December 1991 the Partnership purchased the residual 95 year term of a 99 year lease in certain other areas of the Canary Wharf development for £10 million and again entered into leaseback arrangements with CWL in respect of those areas.

On 22 December 1995 the leaseback arrangements referred to above were varied by means of the Partnership granting to CWL new overriding leases in respect of the interests in the Canary Wharf development held by the Partnership. The new overriding leases were then merged with the existing lease to CWL, the net effect of which was that the Partnership became entitled to receive 99% of the rents due from occupational tenants with effect from 22 December 1995. The consideration for granting these leases was a premium payable by CWL to the Partnership of £78.5 million. Following this variation the Partnership transferred its interest in certain retail areas to a CWG undertaking for a consideration of £10.4 million.

On 5 September 1996, the Partnership granted an overriding lease at a nominal ground rent to its then immediate parent and paid a commutation sum to its immediate landlord in commutation of its obligations under its leasehold interest. The net consideration received from these transactions was £23.8 million, determined on the basis of an external valuation.

On a historic cost basis, investment properties would have been included as £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

At 31 December 2021, the property was valued externally by CB Richard Ellis Limited, qualified valuers with recent experience in office properties at Canary Wharf. The fair value was determined in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, using:

- Discounted cash flows based on inputs provided by the Partnership (current rents, terms and conditions of lease agreements) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values, terminal values and discount rates).
- Yield methodology based on inputs provided by the Partnership (current rents) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values and market capitalisation rates).

The resulting valuations are cross checked against the initial yields and the fair market values per square foot derived from actual market transactions.

No allowance was made for any expenses of realisation nor for any taxation which might arise in the event of disposal.

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)**

The fair value has allocated to the following balance sheet items:

	2021 £	2020 £
Leasehold properties	77,992	78,002
Operating lease liabilities	(25,492)	(25,502)
Fair value	52,500	52,500

The property interest is let to CWCB Properties (DS7) Limited at a ground rent of £5,000 per annum. The lease expires on 14 July 2086.

The future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Within one year	5,000	5,000
In one to five years	20,000	20,000
After more than five years	297,671	302,671
	322,671	327,671

8. DEBTORS

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts due from CWG	44,298	42,378
	44,298	42,378

Amounts due from CWG are interest free and repayable on demand.

9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	10	10
Accruals and deferred income	1,200	1,080
	1,210	1,090

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year**

	2021 £	2020 £
Operating lease liabilities	25,482	25,492
	<u>25,482</u>	<u>25,492</u>

11. OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES

The amount at which operating lease liabilities are stated comprise:

	2021 £	2020 £
At 1 January	25,502	25,512
Operating rents paid	(2,000)	(2,000)
Finance charges	1,990	1,990
At 31 December	<u>25,492</u>	<u>25,502</u>

The maturity profile of the undiscounted minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year	2,000	2,000
Between one and five years	8,000	8,000
After more than five years	119,085	121,085
	<u>129,085</u>	<u>131,085</u>

FIRST TOWER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****12. CAPITAL AND RESERVES**

	%	Capital accounts £	Current accounts £	Total £
First Tower GP(1) Limited	0.050	1.00	46.81	47.81
First Tower GP(2) Limited	0.050	1.00	46.82	47.82
First Tower LP(1) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(2) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(3) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(4) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(5) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(6) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(7) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(8) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(9) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(10) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(11) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
First Tower LP(12) Limited	8.325	166.50	7,792.01	7,958.51
		<u>2,000.00</u>	<u>93,597.75</u>	<u>95,597.75</u>

13. CONTROLLING PARTY

The Partnership is jointly operated and controlled by First Tower GP (1) Limited and First Tower GP (2) Limited.

As at 31 December 2021, the smallest group of which the Partnership is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the Partnership is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The partners have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies.

The Partnership qualifies for an exemption from the requirements of regulations 4 to 6 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008, on the grounds that the general partners and the Partnership are included in the consolidated financial statements of CWG.