Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Company Information

Directors

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D Ford

G White

P Keenan

(appointed 24 July 2013)

Company secretary

Bauer Group Secretariat Limited

Company number

SC131754

Registered office

Clydebank Business Park

Clydebank Glasgow G81 2RX

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Registered Auditor & Chartered Accountants

Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

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Contents	
	Page
Directors' Report	1 - 3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Profit and Loss Account	5
Balance Sheet	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 14

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Principal activities

Radio Clyde Limited ("the Company") is engaged in the operation of independent radio stations in Glasgow and West Central Scotland under licence from Ofcom.

Business review

The directors are satisfied with the Company's performance in its highly competitive marketplace.

Clyde 1 is an iconic, heritage radio station with a unique personality and deep resonance in its market. Through its 'local first' strategy, it champions its local community and delivers highly relevant programming which unites listeners in the place they live.

The Company intends to continue to invest in locally relevant programming for the communities it serves and in personalised interaction with its listeners. We believe this helps achieve standout in the marketplace and ultimately drives success.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,638,000 (2011 - £2,032,000).

An interim dividend of £4,400,000 was paid during the year (2011: £NIL). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2011: £NIL).

Future developments

No change in the nature of the Company's activities is anticipated to occur in the future.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

D Ford

G White

Principal risks and uncertainties

Advertising

The Company, along with other businesses in the advertising sector, is exposed to any fluctuations in the advertising market as part of any wider economic downturn.

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors which are now held centrally by one of the Company's parents, Bauer Radio Limited. Credit risk is managed by obtaining prepayments from new customers, and running credit checks on existing customers. Liquidity and cashflow risks are managed through support from the Company's parent.

Other

Other key risks include a loss of key personnel and increased competition in the marketplace.

The Company is required to comply with the terms of its broadcast licence. The Company mitigates the risk of non-compliance through the work of a compliance officer and by regular training of on and off-air personnel.

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

The Company uses a range of performance measures to monitor and manage the business effectively. These are both financial and non-financial. Key financial performance indicators are turnover (as shown in the Profit and Loss Account) and EBITDA on continuing operations. The key non-financial performance indicators include the number of staff employed by the Company (note 5) and measurements of audience, as published by RAJAR on a quarterly basis.

One of the key financial performance indicators is set out below:

	2012 £000	2011 £000
EBITDA	2,273	2,901

Employee involvement

The directors attach great importance to keeping staff fully informed of the Company's financial progress to involve them as much as possible in the activities of the Company. Information is communicated through Bauer's Intranet - Media Vine - and periodic discussions take place to keep people informed and seek out their ideas and opinions.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in Directors' Reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the Company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, has indicated its willingness to continue in office. The Company has elected under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 not to re-appoint the auditor annually. Therefore the auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, is deemed to be re-appointed for the next financial year.

This report was approved by the board on

24 July 2013

and signed on its behalf.

D Ford Director

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Radio Clyde Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Radio Clyde Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Auditing Practices Board's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Richard Hagley (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Grant Mornton W. W.

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

London

Date: 25 July 2013

Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Turnover	1,2	9,021	9,533
Cost of sales		(1,201)	(1,252)
Gross profit		7,820	8,281
Administrative expenses		(5,686)	(5,486)
Other operating income	3	43	
Operating profit	4	2,177	2,795
Interest receivable and similar income		17	20
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,194	2,815
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(556)	(783)
Profit for the financial year		1,638	2,032

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2012 or 2011 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account.

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

RADIO CLYDE LIMITED Registered number: SC131754

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2012

			2012		2011
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		1,609		1,689
Current assets					
Debtors	8	1,608		4,610	
Cash at bank		1		1	
	_	1,609	_	4,611	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(920)		(1,234)	
Net current assets	_		689		3,377
Total assets less current liabilities		_	2,298	_	5,066
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	10	_	(121)	_	(127)
Net assets		_	2,177	_	4,939
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		-		-
Profit and loss account	12		2,177		4,939
Shareholders' funds	13		2,177		4,939

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 24 July 2013

D Ford Director

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The directors, in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 18, "Accounting Policies" ("FRS 18"), confirm that the accounting policies used by the Company are the most appropriate, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

1.2 Cash flow

The Company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to a third party, or for services provided, at the point when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration.

Radio advertising revenue is recognised on the date of broadcast.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is not charged on freehold land. Depreciation on other tangible fixed assets is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of those assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property - 40 years
Office equipment and vehicles - 3 - 5 years

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Dividends payable

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability either in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or, in the case of interim dividends when the dividend is paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.7 Deferred taxation

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Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.8 Pensions

The Bauer Group, of which the Company is a subsidiary, operates a defined contribution pension scheme provided by Scottish Widows known as Bauer Consumer Media Pension scheme for all eligible staff across the Group. The costs of this pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable.

1.9 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be released, the release is recognised only when it is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the income statement net of any reimbursement.

If the time value of money has a material effect on quantifying the provision, the provision is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance charge.

2. Turnover

The Company takes part in barter advertising deals the value of which are included in both turnover and cost of sales. The value of these transactions in the year amounted to £40,250 (2011: £52,356).

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. Other operating income

2012	2011
£000	£000
43	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

4. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	96	106
Operating lease rentals:		
- plant and machinery	127	105
- other operating leases	5	5

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2011 - £NIL).

Fees for the audit of the Company were borne by a fellow group undertaking, Bauer Radio Limited, for both years and have not been recharged.

There were no fees paid to the Company's auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, for any non audit services to the Company for both years.

Some operating leases refer to car leases and they have no commitments at the year end for future rentals.

5. Staff costs

Staff costs were as follows:

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,450 169 37	1,467 173 33
	1,656	1,673

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2012 No.	2011 No.
UK full-time employees	37	37

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Analysis of tax charge in the year		
Current tax (see note below)		
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	565 (3)	776 1
Total current tax	562	777
Deferred tax		
Effect of decreased tax rate on opening asset	(9)	(9)
Deferred tax - current year	9	18
Deferred tax - prior year	(6)	(3)
Total deferred tax (see note 10)	(6)	6
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	556	783
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2011 - higher than) the the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%). The differences are explained below:		oration tax ir
	2012	
	£000	2011 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	£000 2,194	
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%)		£000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	2,194	£000 2,815
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill	2,194	£000 2,815
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	2,194 538	£000 2,815 746
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	2,194 538 37 (10)	£000 2,815 746
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	2,194 538	£000 2,815 746 47 (17)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

6. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK reduced from 26% to 24% with effect from 1 April 2012. Accordingly the Company's profits for this accounting period are taxed at an effective rate of 24.5%.

The rate of writing down allowances on the main pool of plant and machinery and on the special rate pool fell from 20% and 10% to 18% and 8% respectively with effect from 1 April 2012.

The March 2012 Budget Announcement proposed that the main rate of corporation tax would be reduced to 24% from 1 April 2012 and 23% from 1 April 2013, with a further reduction of the rate to 21% by 1 April 2014. As the rate changes for 2012 and 2013 were substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, the deferred tax asset has been restated to reflect the reduced tax rate of 23%. The effect of this in these financial statements is not material.

The March 2013 Budget announcement included a further proposal to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 20% from 1 April 2015. As this change or the reduction to 21% from 1 April 2014 had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date no account has been taken of them in these financial statements.

The overall effect of the further changes from 23% to 20% if applied to the deferred tax balance at 31 December 2012 would not be material.

7. Tangible fixed assets

		Office	
	Freehold	equipment	
	property	and vehicles	Total
	£000	£000	£000
Cost			
At 1 January 2012	2,321	627	2,948
Additions	-	16	16
At 31 December 2012	2,321	643	2,964
Depreciation			 ;
At 1 January 2012	733	526	1,259
Charge for the year	53	43	96
At 31 December 2012	786	569	1,355
Net book value			
At 31 December 2012	1,535	74	1,609
At 31 December 2011	1,588	101	1,689

Included in land and buildings is freehold land of £209,000 (2011 - £209,000) which is not depreciated.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

8.	Debtors		
		2012 £000	2011 £000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,254	4,320
	Other debtors	69	4,320 56
	Prepayments and accrued income	285	234
		1,608	4,610
	Amounts owed by other group undertakings are unsecured interest at the SONIA rate.	I, have no fixed date of repaym	ent and bea
	The Company's trade debtors are now held centrally in one Radio Limited.	of the Company's parent under	taking, Baue
9.	Creditors:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000
	Trade creditors Corporation tax	- 565	27 776
	Social security and other taxes	8	11
	Other creditors	103	103
	Accruals and deferred income		317
		920	1,234
10.	Deferred taxation		
	Dolottoa taxation	2042	2044
		2012 £000	2011 £000
	At beginning of year	127	121
	(Released during)/charge for year	(6)	6
	At end of year	121	127
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000

Accelerated capital allowances

127

121

	Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012			
11.	Share capital			
		2012	2011	
		£	£	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	_		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each		2	
12.	Reserves			
			Profit and loss account £000	
	At 1 January 2012		4,939	
	Profit for the year		1,638	
	Dividends: Equity capital	•	(4,400)	
	At 31 December 2012		2,177	
13.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds			
		2012 £000	2011 £000	
	Opening shareholders' funds	4,939	2,907	
	Profit for the year Dividends (Note 14)	1,638 (4,400)	2,032	
	Dividends (Note 14)			
	Closing shareholders' funds	<u>2,177</u>	4,939	
14.	Dividends			
ı -7 .	Dividends	0040	0044	
		2012 £000	2011 £000	
	Dividends paid on equity capítal	4,400	-	

15. Pension commitments

The Company has participated in a defined contribution pension scheme, the Bauer Consumer Media Pension Scheme operated by Scottish Widows. The pension charge represents contributions due from the employer and during the year it amounted to £36,645 (2011: £33,405).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2012

16. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2012 the Company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land	Land and buildings		Other
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expiry date:				
Within 1 year	5	5	8	3
				

17. Ultimate controlling parties and related party transactions

The immediate parent company is Scottish Radio Holdings Limited.

The only parent undertaking for which Group accounts are drawn up is Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH, registered in Germany. Copies of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH accounts are publicly available.

Heinrich Bauer Verlag KG, established in Germany, is regarded by the directors as the Company's ultimate controlling party as it is the controlling party of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed transactions with wholly owned group undertakings.

Independent Radio News Limited

One of the Company's parent undertakings, Bauer Radio Limited, owns 22% of the share capital of Independent Radio News Limited. During the year the Company received a rebate of £80,445 (2011: £158,720).

At 31 December 2012 the Company was owed by Independent Radio News Limited £23,385 (2011: £51,707).