Registration number SC122287

## **Vico Properties Scotland Limited**

Abbreviated accounts

year ended 31 December 2014



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Chamber of Commerce House 22 Great Victoria Street Belfast BT2 7BA Northern Ireland Tel: 028 9044 2000 Fax: 028 9044 2050

Hill Vellacott

Independent auditor's report to Vico Properties Scotland Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Vico Properties Scotland Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Neal Taylor, FCA

For and on behalf of Hill Vellacott

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

18 September 2015

### Abbreviated balance sheet

31 December 2014

| 5. 2000m20. 201 i                             |       | 2014        |             | 2013        |             |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | Notes | £           | £           | £           | £           |
| Current assets                                |       |             |             |             |             |
| Stocks  |       | 1,075,000   |             | 1,075,000   |             |
| Debtors                                       |       | 2,516       |             | -           |             |
| Cash at bank and in hand                      |       | 1           |             | 32          |             |
| ^   |       | 1,077,517   |             | 1,075,032   |             |
| Creditors Amounts falling due within one year |       | (8,767,941) |             | (8,522,419) |             |
| Net current liabilities                       |       |             | (7,690,424) |             | (7,447,387) |
| Deficiency of assets                          |       |             | (7,690,424) |             | (7,447,387) |
| Capital and reserves                          |       |             |             |             |             |
| Called up share capital                       | 3     |             | 106         |             | 106         |
| Profit and loss account                       |       |             | (7,690,530) |             | (7,447,493) |
| Shareholders' funds                           |       |             | (7,690,424) |             | (7,447,387) |

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 18 September 2015 and signed on its behalf by

Michael Carvill

Director

Registration number SC122287

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### **Accounting convention**

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover comprises receipts from property sales and rental income, net of value added tax. Property sales are recognised when the related contracts of sales are completed.

#### **Finance costs**

For properties in the course of development, cost includes finance costs from the commencement of development. These costs are normally calculated with reference to the actual interest rate applicable to the borrowing specific to the development.

The period of development for the purpose of capitalising finance costs is deemed to be completed as follows:

- (i) When the property is substantially let. Substantially let is defined as the date when 80% of the gross rental income becomes receivable.
- (ii) When the building is occupied in the case of pre-let properties.
- (iii) When income exceeds outgoings.

Finance costs are reduced by rental income received during the period of development.

#### Stock and work in progress

Sites held for development or sites for which no contract of sale exists are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost represents the expenditure incurred on the site, materials, direct labour and overheads in bringing the work in progress to its present condition.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts *(continued)* 

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts (continued)

#### Going concern

The directors have given careful consideration to the appropriateness of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements particularly as the Company Profit and Loss Account indicates that the Company incurred a loss of £243,037 for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: £5,159,682) and the balance sheet shows that the company had net liabilities of £7,690,424 (2013: £7,447,387).

The directors have reviewed the current and projected financial position of the group. The key areas reviewed include, the timing and value of property sales, committed future expenditure and the continued availability of existing banking facilities.

Subsequent to the year end the group has continued working towards maximising the value of its assets. The directors are hopeful the group will secure planning permission on a number of other sites which would enable the group to make further sales in the coming twelve months.

The directors have taken further steps to reduce cash outflows by significantly reducing group overhead and by careful management of the professional fee expenditure required to keep existing projects moving forward.

All of the group's banking facilities are currently subject to a short-term standstill arrangement. The group has deferred interest payments on bank loans with some financial institutions due at the end of December 2014. Discussions continue with the group bankers and the directors are confident that there will be a successful outcome to these discussions and that the banking facilities will continue to be made available for a minimum period which will extend to at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the group's and company's ability to continue as a going concern. Having considered the uncertainties described above the directors are confident that the group and company will have adequate resources available to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors are, therefore, of the opinion that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements. The financial statements do not include the adjustments to the carrying amount or classification of assets and liabilities that would arise if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

#### 2. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors remuneration is borne by another group company.

2014 2013 £ £

Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements

Notes to the abbreviated accounts *(continued)* 

| 3. | Share capital                      | 2014    | 2013    |
|----|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
|    |                                    | £       | £       |
|    | Authorised                         |         |         |
|    | 100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100,000 | 100,000 |
|    | Allotted, called up and fully paid |         |         |
|    | 106 Ordinary shares of £1 each     | 106     | 106     |
|    |                                    |         | ====    |
|    | Equity Shares                      |         |         |
|    | 106 Ordinary shares of £1 each     | 106     | 106     |
|    |                                    |         |         |

#### 4. Ultimate parent undertaking

In the opinion of the directors, the company's parent undertaking is Vico Developments (Scotland) Limited, a comany incorporated in Scotland. The parent company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements in accordance with Section 402 of the Companies Act, 2006.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Vico Property Group Limited, a company incorporated in Northern Ireland. The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the company and for which group financial statements are prepared is Vico Property Group Limited.

Copies of the group financial statements of Vico Property Group Limited are available from:

Companies House Second Floor The Linenhall 32-38 Linenhall Street Belfast BT2 8BG