Registered number: SC085314

STIRLING ENTERPRISE PARK LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

FRIDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr S G Bell

Mr B H Azam

Ms F E MacDiarmid Mr S Burgess Mr D W Beggs Mr J Forrest Mrs M A Brisley

Company secretary

Mr J Forrest

Registered number

SC085314

Registered office

John Player Building

Stirling FK7 7RP

Independent auditors

French Duncan LLP

Statutory Auditors & Chartered Accountants

Macfarlane Gray House Castlecraig Business Park

Springbank Road

Stirling FK7 7WT

Bankers

Bank of Scotland

1 Munro Road

Stirling FK7 7SY

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STIRLING ENTERPRISE PARK LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC085314

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		2,878,195		2,650,107
Investments	6		5,001		5,000
			2,883,196		2,655,107
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	347,798		380,177	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	672,116		884,358	
		1,019,914	•	1,264,535	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(449,162)		(377,352)	
Net current assets			570,752		887,183
Total assets less current liabilities			3,453,948		3,542,290
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(157,611)		(205, 702)
Pension liability	12		(396,000)		(950,000)
Net assets			2,900,337		2,386,588
Capital and reserves				•	
Called up share capital			101,310		101,310
Non-distributable reserve			1,114,172		1,114,172
Profit and loss account			1,684,855		1,171,106
			2,900,337		2,386,588
				;	

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STIRLING ENTERPRISE PARK LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC085314

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

31/8/18

Mr S G Bell Director

The notes on pages 3 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is John Player Building, Stirling, FK7 7RP.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Investment in subsidiary undertakings and associates

Investment in subsidiary undertakings and associates are held at cost less impairment.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue from investment properties comprises rental income and service charges. This income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

The company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles

- 20% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 20% on reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 25% on reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.5 Investment property

The company's property is held for long-term investment. Investment properties are accounted for as follows:

- Investment properties are initially recognised at cost which includes purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure.
- Investment properties whose fair value can be reliably measured are held at fair value. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income and accumulated in the non distributable reserve.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transactions costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Government grants

Grants are accounted for under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the Statement of comprehensive income at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

2.10 Operating leases: the company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is credited to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

2.11 Operating leases: the company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.12 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The following judgements and estimates have had the most significant effects on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Investment property valuation

The company's investment property is revalued annually by the directors. The valuation is subjective to, among other factors, the nature of the property, its location and the expected future rental. As a result, the valuation of the investment property incorporated into the financial statements is subject to a degree of uncertainty and is made on the basis of assumptions which may prove to be inaccurate, particularly in periods of volatility or low transaction flow in the property market. If any of the assumptions used by the directors prove to be incorrect this could result in the valuation of the company's investment property differing from the valuation incorporated into the financial statements and the difference could have a material effect on the financial statements.

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 29 (2017 - 28).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2017	2,490,000	15,747	336,482	190,343	3,032,572
Additions	251,609	-	18,539	3,942	274,090
Disposals	•	-	(93,085)	(162,930)	(256,015)
At 31 March 2018	2,741,609	15,747	261,936	. 31,355	3,050,647
Depreciation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· · · · · ·	
At 1 April 2017	-	7,010	203,988	171,467	382,465
Charge for the year	-	1,747	34,943	3,957	40,647
Disposals	•	-	(91,618)	(159,042)	(250,660)
At 31 March 2018	-	8,757	147,313	16,382	172,452
Net book value					
At 31 March 2018	2,741,609	6,990	114,623	14,973	2,878,195
At 31 March 2017	2,490,000	8,737	132,494	18,876	2,650,107
The carrying amount of land a	nd buildings com	prises:			
				2018 £	2017 £
Investment properties at fair va	alue			2,691,809	2,440,200
Fixed assets				49,800	49,800
				2,741,609	2,490,000

Basis of investment property valuation

The investment property was valued by an independent valuer with a recognised and relevant professional qualification, Graham & Sibbald, on the basis of open market value in accordance with the RICS Valuation Professional Standards 2014 and International Valuation Standards at 17 October 2016. The directors consider that the valuation at this date closely approximates that of the value at 31 March 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

6. Fixed asset investments

	Investment in subsidiary company £	Investment in associate	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2017	-	5,000	5,000
Additions	1	-	1
At 31 March 2018	1	5,000	5,001
Net book value			
At 31 March 2018	1	5,000	5,001
At 31 March 2017	-	5,000	5,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

6. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertaking

The following was a subsidiary undertaking of the company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity Business
Equity Support Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	100 %	support services

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2018 for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertaking was as follows:

Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 1

Equity Support Limited

Associate

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Stirling Business Centre Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	50%	Business centre

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2018 and of the profit for the year ended on that date for the associate undertaking was as follows:

	Aggregate	
	of share	
	capital and	
	reserves	Profit
	£	£
Stirling Business Centre Limited	271,863	29,652
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7.	Debtors		
Trade debtors 203,446 129,014 Amounts owed by group undertakings 4,322 - Prepayments and accrued income 90,592 108,629 Deferred taxation 49,438 142,534 347,798 380,177 8. Cash and cash equivalents 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ Trade creditors 2,103 18,450 Taxation and social security 76,154 65,663 Other creditors 82,146 83,248 Accruals 449,162 377,352 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 £				
Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Deferred taxation 8. Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7. Trade creditors Corporation tax Corporation tax Corporation and social security Other creditors Accruals 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017			£	£
Prepayments and accrued income 90,592 108,629 108,629 108,629 349,438 142,534 347,798 380,177		Trade debtors	203,446	129,014
Deferred taxation		Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,322	-
8. Cash and cash equivalents 2018 2017 £ £ £ Cash at bank and in hand 672,116 884,358 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2018 2017 £ £ £ Trade creditors 143,535 143,698 Corporation tax 2,103 18,450 Taxation and social security 76,154 65,663 Other creditors 82,146 83,248 Accruals 145,224 66,293 449,162 377,352		Prepayments and accrued income	90,592	108,629
8. Cash and cash equivalents 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ Cash at bank and in hand 672,116 884,358 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2018 2017 £ £ £ Trade creditors 143,535 143,698 Corporation tax 2,103 18,450 Taxation and social security 76,154 65,663 Other creditors 82,146 83,248 Accruals 145,224 66,293 449,162 377,352		Deferred taxation	49,438	142,534
Cash at bank and in hand 672,116 884,358			347,798	380,177
Cash at bank and in hand £ </td <td>8.</td> <td>Cash and cash equivalents</td> <td></td> <td></td>	8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and in hand 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2018 2017 £ £ £ Trade creditors Corporation tax 2,103 18,450 Taxation and social security 76,154 65,663 Other creditors 82,146 83,248 Accruals 145,224 66,293 449,162 377,352				
9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2018 2017 £ £ £ Trade creditors Corporation tax 2,103 18,450 Taxation and social security 76,154 65,663 Other creditors 82,146 83,248 Accruals 449,162 377,352 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 £ £		Cash at bank and in hand		
2018 2017 £ £ £ Trade creditors	9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one vear		
Trade creditors Corporation tax Corporation tax Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals 143,535 143,698 2,103 18,450 76,154 65,663 82,146 83,248 Accruals 145,224 66,293 449,162 377,352 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 £ £			2018	2017
Corporation tax				
Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals 145,224 65,663 83,248 449,162 145,224 66,293 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 £ £		Trade creditors	143,535	143,698
Other creditors		Corporation tax	2,103	18,450
Accruals 145,224 66,293 449,162 377,352 10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 £ £		Taxation and social security	76,154	65,663
10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 £ £		Other creditors	82,146	83,248
10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 £ £		Accruals	145,224	66,293
2018 2017 £ £			449,162	377,352
£ £	10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Government grants received 157,611 205,702				
		Government grants received	157,611	205,702

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

11.	Deferred taxation		
		2018 £	2017 £
	At beginning of year	142,534	73,210
	(Charged)/credited to other comprehensive income	(113,390)	63,990
	Credited to statement of comprehensive income	20,294	5,334
	At end of year	49,438	142,534
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(17,882)	(18,966)
	Pension deferred tax asset	67,320	161,500
		49,438	142,534
•2			

No deferred tax liability arises on the revaluation of fixed assets as a result of the impact of indexation on the original cost of the assets for tax purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

12. Pension commitments

The company participates in the Falkirk Council Pension Fund ("the Fund"), a multi employer defined benefit pension scheme, which is funded.

The pension cost and provision for the year ended 31 March 2018 are based on the advice of a professionally qualified actuary. The most recent formal valuation is dated 31 March 2017. Details of the company's pension scheme liability are included below based on information provided by an independent actuary.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations are analysed as follows:

2018 £	2017 £
At the beginning of the year 4,262,000	3,175,000
Current service cost 180,000	128,000
Past service cost 25,000	-
Interest cost 112,000	113,000
Actuarial (gains)/losses (488,000)	883,000
Contributions 30,000	31,000
Benefits paid (173,000)	(68,000)
At the end of the year 3,948,000	4,262,000
Changes in the fair value of plan assets are analysed as follows:	
2018 £	
	2017 £
At the beginning of the year 3,312,000	
At the beginning of the year 3,312,000 Interest income 86,000	£
	£ 2,672,000
Interest income 86,000	£ 2,672,000 95,000
Interest income 86,000 Return on scheme assets less interest income 179,000	£ 2,672,000 95,000 477,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

12.	Pension commitments (continued)		
		2018 £	2017 £
	The net defined pension scheme liability is as follows:	~	~
	Fair value of plan assets	3,552,000	3,312,000
	Present value of plan liabilities	(3,948,000)	(4,262,000)
	Net pension scheme liability	(396,000)	(950,000)
	The amounts recognised in Statement of comprehensive income as follows:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Current service cost	(180,000)	(128,000)
	Net interest cost	(26,000)	(18,000)
	Past service cost	(25,000)	-
	Total	(231,000)	(146,000)
	Taken to other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial (gains)/losses	(488,000)	883,000
	Return on scheme assets less interest income	(179,000)	(477,000)
	Total remeasurement gain/(loss) recognised on deferred benefit pension scheme	667,000	(406,000)
	Principal actuarial assumptions at the Balance sheet date (expressed as weig	hted averages): 2017
	Discount rate	2.7%	2.6%
	Future salary increases	2.7 %	3.9%
	Future pension increases	2.4%	2.4%
	The mortality rate assumptions imply the following expectations of years of life	e from age 65:	
	Man currently aged 65	21.2	22.1
	Woman currently aged 65	23.7	23.8
	Man currently aged 45	22.7	24.3
	Woman currently aged 45	25.5	26.3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

13. Commitments under operating leases

The company as a lessee has future operating lease commitments of £NIL (2017 - £2,041).

The company as a lessor is entitled to future operating lease income of £449,328 (2017 - £455,486).

14. Related party transactions

The company has taken the exemption in section 33.1A of FRS 102 not to disclose inter group transactions. Amount owed by group undertaking is disclosed in note 7. The amount is repayable on demand and no interest is charged.

During the year the company received income of £88,852 (2017 - £176,500) in respect of services provided from owners holding a participating interest in the company.

The company paid £46,585 (2017 - £7,547) to a company owned by a director for company secretarial services and other services provided during the year. The balance due by Stirling Enterprise Park Limited to the company at the year end was £3,862 (2017 - £Nil).

15. Controlling party

Stirling Council is the ultimate holding company. The articles of association preclude any shareholder from receiving dividends or having any rights over the assets of the company in the event of a winding up.

16. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 12 September 2018 by Paula Galloway (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of French Duncan LLP.