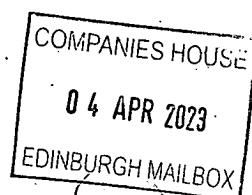


Registered Number: SC083070



Labtech Services Limited

**Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2021**



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Directors and Advisors

Directors

Mr E Leask (appointed on 22 June 2021)
Mr K Moorhouse (appointed 27 January 2022)
Mr P Bond (resigned on 22 June 2021)
Mr D Knights (resigned on 22 June 2021)
Mr I Rogers (resigned on 27 January 2022)

Secretary

Blackwood Partners LLP

Registered Office

Blackwood House
Union Grove Lane
Aberdeen
AB10 6XU

Solicitors

Blackwood Partners LLP
Blackwood House
Union Grove Lane
Aberdeen
AB10 6XU

Strategic Report

The directors, in preparing this strategic report, have complied with S414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activities

The principal activity of Labtech Services Limited, "the Company", continues to be the supply, rental and service of offshore modular enclosures for people and equipment to a number of end-markets including the energy, environmental and renewable energy industries.

Business review

On 22 June 2021, the Company's ultimate parent company, Specialist Services Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, was acquired by Centurion Group Limited. Subsequent to the acquisition, the Company's accounting reference date was changed from 31 March to 31 December to align with Centurion Group Limited. Consequently, the financial statements presented cover a 9 month period ending 31 December 2021.

Centurion Group Limited, a Cayman registered company, and its subsidiary undertakings, collectively referred to as the "Group", is a global leader in the supply of critical rentals and services to a number of end-markets including the energy, minerals, infrastructure, power, environmental and renewable energy industries. The Group has a global reach with operations in key service locations: Canada, America, UK & Europe, Middle East, Caspian, Australia and South East Asia.

As part of Centurion Group Limited, the Company's vision and strategy is aligned to the Group.

The Group's vision is to build **a successful, global and sustainable services company** supporting our chosen end-markets including energy, minerals, infrastructure, power, environmental and renewable sectors. Our focus is on driving growth by building on our strong market position and customer relationships, increasing our range of services, and adding more technical and environmentally sustainable offerings.

Successful refers to our commitment to safety, quality and to consistently delivering superior results compared to our market peers. **Global** refers to the strong presence in key markets that creates reach and market access while providing stability and optionality. **Sustainable** refers to employee satisfaction, environmental consciousness and a commitment to profitability, cash generation and financial prudence that creates both value and cycle resilience.

This vision is supported through our core values:

- **We Do The Right Thing:** Centurion people are proud of what they do, because we do the right thing every time. We are safe. We are open, transparent and professional. We create value. **We care.**
- **We Do What We Say:** Centurion people are honest, supportive, responsive and easy to work with. We honour every commitment and expect the same from others. We listen. We respect differences. **We develop and deliver fit-for-purpose solutions.**
- **We Work Together:** Centurion people use their skills, knowledge and experience to build positive relationships wherever they can. We work as one team, locally and globally. We learn. We teach. **We actively share knowledge and insight.**
- **We Go The Extra Mile:** Centurion people are hardworking, committed and innovative. Always looking for new ways and new opportunities to improve, large and small. We drive change. **We challenge the status quo.**

Our strategy is working, creating the strong foundation that enabled the Group to successfully navigate the Covid-19 pandemic and returning the Group to growth in 2021. We continue to focus on our three strategic pillars:

- **Increase scale and diversification:** Our through-cycle resilience is driven by the Group's scale and diversification across both geographies and segments. We are continuing to build on our market reach through continued diversification at both a geographical and segmental level, specifically in adjacent scopes to enhance our cross selling potential.

Strategic Report (continued)

Business review (continued)

- **Accelerate our cross-selling and differentiation:** We continue to cross-sell to increase the range of services offered to our customers. This enables us to differentiate against competitors with narrower service offerings and deliver an enhanced service to our customers.
- **Add more technical and environmentally sustainable offerings:** We continue to elevate our technical sophistication to differentiate and compete in more complex projects, while actively participating in both the decarbonisation of the energy industry and the growth of the renewable energy sector.

By achieving the above, we will not only continue to grow but also continue to develop our strong cycle resilience and long-term sustainability.

The COVID-19 pandemic presented a challenge to every person, country and business around the world. The scale, speed and economic impact of the pandemic was unexpected, requiring companies, governments and many other stakeholders to take unprecedented actions. Following our successful navigation of the onset of the pandemic in 2020, our first priority in 2021 remained the health and safety of our employees and the ongoing compliance with government and regional guidelines in our operating locations.

At the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group deployed its downturn management strategy focusing on safety, cost reduction, cash generation and capital expenditure rationalisation. This was implemented rapidly and successfully. These actions protected our balance sheet, allowed us to continue to generate cash and maintain liquidity through 2020. As a result of these actions, the Group entered 2021 more competitive with the ability to capitalise on recovering markets and the ability to continue to pursue its' organic and acquisition strategy.

2021 was a year of significant progress for the Group and its continuing development, notable highlights include:

- a strong financial performance increasing Revenue and EBITDA whilst investing and reducing leverage;
- increasing our liquidity and attracting two further international banks to our banking consortium;
- implementing our acquisition strategy with three further acquisitions in Canada, UK and Middle East; and
- expanding our product and service offering into more technical and environmentally sustainable offerings whilst continuing to move into adjacent end markets.

The Group is organised on a geographic and regional basis:

Geographic and regional structure

- US region delivered 18% of Group Adjusted EBITDA in 2021 (2020: 22%) and operates four main sub-segment product and services lines: Accommodation, Camps & Technical Buildings; Fluid Management & Recycling; Production Services and Pressure Control
- Canada region delivered 39% of Group Adjusted EBITDA in 2021 (2020: 43%) and operates in six main sub-segment product and services lines: Accommodation, Camps & Technical Buildings; Fluid Management & Recycling; Production Services; Lifting Services; Project & Facilities Management and Environmental & Access
- UK & Caspian region delivered 21% of Group Adjusted EBITDA in 2021 (2020: 26%) and operates in four main sub-segment product and service lines: Accommodation, Camps & Technical Buildings; Fluid Management & Recycling; Production Services and Subsea Services
- Middle East region delivered 6% of Group Adjusted EBITDA in 2021 (2020: Nil) and operates in three main sub-segment product and service lines: Accommodation, Camps & Technical Buildings; Production Services and Project & Facilities Management
- Asia Pacific region delivered 16% of Group Adjusted EBITDA in 2021 (2020: 9%) and operates in three main sub-segment product and service lines: Accommodation, Camps & Technical Buildings; Production Services and Fluid Management & Recycling

Strategic Report (continued)

Business review (continued)

The Company's key performance indicators are considered to be revenue, gross margin and earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA). These KPI's are monitored and tracked to budget and reviewed monthly.

The company's revenue for the 9 months ending 31 December 2021 was £1,486k (12 months ending 31 March 2021: £1,301k). Gross profit totalled £588k (12 months ending 31 March 2021: £673k) with Gross Profit percentage decreasing to 40% (12 months ending 31 March 2021: 52%). EBITDA, prior to exceptional and adjusting items, increased from £347k to £403k.

The net asset position of the Company at 31 December 2021 is £1,408k (31 March 2021: £1,133k).

Financing and Liquidity

On 16 December 2021, the Group extended the term of its existing multi-currency credit facility from 31 December 2022 to 31 December 2024 and upsized the facility from \$230m to \$300m. In addition, the Group added Royal Bank of Canada and the Toronto-Dominion Bank to the existing consortium of banks comprising: Amegy Bank National Association, ATB Financial, Clydesdale Bank, HSBC plc, Iberia Bank Corporation, Royal Bank of Scotland plc and Wells Fargo Bank NA. On 3 October 2022, the Group further upsized its existing multi-currency credit facility to approximately \$360m. The extended facilities are required to be repaid over a longer term and provide the Group with \$124.7m of undrawn facilities as at the date of this report for acquisitions, capital expenditure and working capital subject to customary bank covenants and credit agreement conditions.

Group net debt (comprising gross debt excluding exchangeable shares and unamortised issue costs less cash) at 31 December 2021 was \$145.0m (2020: \$134.3m), \$10.7m higher than the prior year after funding \$26.4m in capital expenditure and \$55.6m of acquisitions. Group net debt to Adjusted EBITDA leverage ratio before exceptional and adjusting items was 2.2x at 31 December 2021 compared to 2.9x at 31 December 2020.

Future developments

The Group has made a strong start to 2022 with H1'22 Revenue and Adjusted EBITDA ahead of H1'21 by 87% and 84%, respectively, as a result of the continued improvement in the Group's end markets. The Group anticipate that these higher levels of activity will continue through the remainder of 2022. The Group continues to implement its strategy and in H1'22 made three further acquisitions as follows:

- In January 2022, the Group acquired Canlift Crane based in Canada, a crane services business servicing energy, infrastructure, construction and government end-markets. This acquisition enhanced the Group's existing Canadian operations in crane services and expanded the presence in infrastructure, construction and government end-markets.
- In March 2022, the Group acquired RMEC Group based in UK, a rental and services business servicing the international energy market. This acquisition increases the scale of the UK operations and increases our technical capability in energy decommissioning operations.
- In April 2022, the Group acquired Trido Energy Services and Trido Carbon Fund II based in Canada, a manufacturer of solar production equipment and a carbon credit management service. This acquisition brings the technical capability for the Group to generate and manage carbon offset credits from its equipment for customers.

On a proforma basis, including all of the pre-acquisition trading for 2021 and 2022 acquisitions, at the date of this report, the Group's Adjusted Proforma Revenue for 2021 would have been in the region of \$450m with corresponding Adjusted Proforma EBITDA(*) of \$83m, 18% and 22% increase on 2020's Adjusted Proforma Revenue and Adjusted Proforma EBITDA(*).

**Adjusted Proforma EBITDA is defined as Adjusted EBITDA plus the pre-acquisition Adjusted EBITDA of any acquisitions completed in 2021 and 2022, to the date of this report.*

Strategic Report (continued)

Future developments (continued)

As a result of the Group's free cash flow generation, at the date of this report the Group has cash and cash resources of \$15.6m, and the ability to draw down a further \$124.7m of debt funding under the existing Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF") to fund continuing investment in capital equipment, acquisitions and working capital. The Group continues to pursue acquisition targets and to explore opportunities in new geographies and new products and services on a selective basis.

The directors believe that the Group is well positioned to enhance its position as a global leader in the supply of critical rental and services to a number of end-markets including the energy, minerals, infrastructure, power, environmental and renewable energy industries and through the continued implementation of its strategy will continue to deliver long-term value creation for all of its stakeholders.

The trade and certain assets of the Company were transferred to Centurion UK Rentals & Services Limited (formerly Rentair Limited) on 1 August 2022. This transaction has no financial effect on the reported financial position at 31 December 2021 and in subsequent periods.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors consider the principal risks and uncertainties to be those affecting the Group. Principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group include geographical, political, fiscal, operational, commodity price volatility and financial risks. The Group's compliance framework, policies and management processes seek to mitigate adverse effects of these on the performance of the Group.

COVID-19 Virus

The COVID-19 pandemic that started in 2020 presented a challenge to all businesses including the Group. In addition to the health risks posed to our employees and the employees of our customers and suppliers, the consequences of COVID-19 have included, but are not limited to: demand for the Group's products and services, supply and manufacturing disruptions; workforce restrictions and global travel restrictions.

The Group is a global business with locations in a number of jurisdictions. The health and safety of our employees is our priority and we continue to follow government and regional guidelines closely in the locations in which we operate. The Group and its customer base have worked collaboratively to be able to continue to provide its essential services, in a safe manner, whilst ensuring it protects the health and well-being of its own and its customer's employees, suppliers and assets. Whilst the impact of COVID-19 pandemic is lessening across the globe, the Group continues to monitor the situation and has contingency plans in place in the event that the situation was to worsen. These plans coupled with the Group's financial strength including cash and cash reserves of \$36.7m, and the ability to draw down a further \$62.6m of debt funding under the existing Revolving Credit Facility, as of the date of this report, provide a solid foundation for the future success of the Group.

Geographical, political and fiscal risks

As a global business operating in a number of international locations, the Company and Group has regard to the countries in which it does business. In conducting its business in a country, the Group considers the country in which business is proposed; the customers, agents and/or other prospective business partners who would be involved; and assesses this information against the legal, compliance and ethical framework within which it seeks to conduct business. The Group also considers each of these countries' fiscal regimes, enabling assessment of the anticipated effects of taxes on the overall tax burden borne by the Group.

Strategic Report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

Operational risks

The nature of the Company's activities gives rise to a variety of operational risks:

- Health, safety and welfare risks arise from the nature of the services provided and the locations in which these are undertaken. The welfare of personnel is paramount and careful research is undertaken before individuals are deployed to locations, including assessing the level of support that customers will provide. The Group has an uncompromising commitment to health, safety and welfare.
- Operational contracting risks arise from the nature of agreements with some customers, including lump sum or fixed price agreements. In addition, where customers request work at short notice, the timing and quantum of work over the life of such contracts is difficult to predict and can provide operational challenges. In some geographies, the Group operates in harsh environments and contract outcomes can be adversely affected by extreme weather conditions.

Commodity price volatility

Energy price volatility impacts the willingness of companies to invest, which in turn impacts the level of activity by our customers and potential customers. Energy prices are primarily determined by supply, demand, government regulations relating to oil and natural gas production and processing, and international political events, none of which can be accurately predicted. The Group's geographic and segmental diversification provides a level of risk mitigation to commodity price volatility.

All of the above-mentioned risk factors should be considered in connection with any forward-looking statements in these financial statements.

The Company's financial risks are discussed in the Directors' Report on page 8.

Events after the balance sheet date

On 27 February 2022, a conflict broke out between Russia and Ukraine. Following this, numerous governments around the world have implemented sanctions against Russia and Belarus. Given the location of the Group's operations, historically there has been limited direct or indirect trading with Russia or Ukraine. As a result, the Group does not consider there to be any impact from this conflict on its operations or finances.

On 1 February 2022, as part of an internal Centurion Group legal reorganization, 100% of the share capital of the Company was transferred to the Centurion UK Rentals & Services Holdings Limited (formerly Centurion UK Rentals & Services Limited and Centurion 4 Limited), a fellow Group Company, from Specialist Services Holdings Limited.

Additionally, on 1 August 2022, as part the same internal Centurion Group legal reorganization, the trade and certain assets of the Company were transferred to Centurion UK Rentals & Services Limited (formerly Rentair Limited).

These transactions have no financial effect on the reported financial position at 31 December 2021.

Going concern

The Company is party to the Group borrowing facilities under which it is an obligor and guarantor. As a result, cash flow projections, including working capital requirements, are developed and managed at Group Level. At the date of this report the Group has cash and cash reserves of \$15.6m, and the ability to draw down a further \$124.7m of debt funding under the existing RCF subject to customary bank covenants and credit agreement conditions. On 16 December 2021, the Group extended the term of its existing multi-currency credit facility from 31 December 2022 to 31 December 2024 and upsized the facility from \$230m to \$300m. In addition, the Group added Royal Bank of Canada and the Toronto-Dominion Bank to the existing consortium of banks.

Having assessed the financial position, the trading prospects and liquidity position for the Group, including possible downside scenarios as a result of COVID-19, and a potential global economic slowdown, through the going concern period, the directors have developed a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Strategic Report (continued)

Going concern (continued)

Additionally, the directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, developed a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and has obtained confirmation from the parent company of continuing financial support in the 12 month period subsequent to the approval of these financial statements.

Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in their preparation of the annual financial statements.

Directors' statement in performance of their duties under Section 172(1)

The directors consider, both individually and collectively, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, to be most likely to promote the success of the Company and Group for the benefit of its members as a whole (having regard to the stakeholders and matters set out in 172(1)(a-f) of the Companies Act 2006) in the decisions taken during the year.

This includes considering the interests of our customers, suppliers, employees, banking consortium and other stakeholders, maintaining high standards of business ethics and conduct and considering the Group's impact on local communities and the environment.

Employees

The Company's employees are a key asset of the business.

All our employees are encouraged to take an active role in health, safety and environmental issues and in maintaining and continually developing excellence in service delivery. In addition to actively promoting safety and operational best practice, regular safety notices are distributed to all employees. In addition, group meetings are held, and specific notices circulated to all relevant personnel in order to achieve a common awareness of all employees in relation to strategy of the Group and the relevant financial and economic factors that affect the performance of the Company and Group.

The Group continues to invest in its people and held its first ever global Management Development Programme in Houston with attendees from every region. This programme was designed to develop the next generation of Centurion business leaders.

Business relationships

The Company works closely to manage the important relationships it has with its customers, regularly engaging with them, and delivering high quality services to high standards of safety and reliability to consistently meet their requirements. The Company also works closely with its suppliers to ensure that they embrace standards of ethical behaviour that are consistent with our own. The Company works with suppliers and their supply chains to provide fully compliant, cost-effective goods, services and solutions.

Recognising the importance of our relationships with our banking consortium, the Group holds regular quarterly update meetings to discuss business performance, key operational milestones and strategic initiatives.

Impact on community and environment

The Company and Group is committed to operating its business in an environmentally responsible way, and environmental sustainability constitutes a key part of the Group's vision. This is centred on the following:

- *making Centurion more environmentally sustainable:* through reducing, reusing and recycling waste, water and power usage in our operations.

Strategic Report (continued)

Directors' statement in performance of their duties under Section 172(1) (continued)

Impact on community and environment (continued)

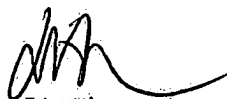
- *helping our customers to become more environmentally sustainable:* helping our customers on their decarbonisation journey to zero emissions by providing more environmental solutions including reducing, reusing and recycling waste, water and power usage in their operations.
- *strengthening community relationships:* our goal is to build trust and respect whilst providing sustainability and economic opportunities in the communities in which we operate.

As part of our commitment to building an environmentally sustainable future for our business, our customers and the industries we serve, the Group published its first ever annual ***Sustainability Report*** during 2021.

Reputations for high standards of business conduct

Responsible business conduct is fundamental to the long term success of the Company and Group. Centurion is committed to the highest standards of business ethics and corporate social responsibility toward the Company and Group's clients, staff, suppliers and the communities in which it operates. The Group's Business Ethics and Conduct Policy and Anti Bribery and Corruption Policy sets out the standards and behaviours expected of all employees, contractors, and consultants, and details the guidance and support that the Group provides to help meet the high standards of business conduct, legally and ethically, that we expect.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



E Leask

Director

2 March 2023

Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Information on the principal activities, review of business, future developments, going concern, principal risks and uncertainties and events after the balance sheet date is included in the Strategic Report on pages 2 to 8.

Directors

The directors, who served through the year and to the date of this report, were as follows:

Mr E Leask (appointed on 22 June 2021)

Mr K Moorhouse (appointed 27 January 2022)

Mr P Bond (resigned on 22 June 2021)

Mr D Knights (resigned on 22 June 2021)

Mr I Rogers (resigned on 27 January 2022)

Directors' indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

Charitable and political donations

There were no charitable or political donations during the current or prior year.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid or declared in the current or prior year.

Corporate governance

The Company strives to maintain the highest standards in corporate governance and bases its actions on the principles of openness, integrity and accountability.

Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including currency, credit and liquidity risk. The Company does not use derivatives to manage its financial risk or for speculative purposes. The financial risk management policies are operated at Group level.

Credit risk

The Company's principal financial assets are trade receivables, amounts due from group companies and cash and bank balances. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. The credit risk on trade and other receivables is managed through maintaining good customer relationships and the monitoring of credit levels and settlement periods. The financial position of group companies is monitored at Group level. The credit risk on liquid funds is considered limited with the counterparties being banks with recognised credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity and to ensure sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Company monitors the timing of expected cash flows. The Company's primary source of finance is cash generated from operations. The Company also has access to intra group funding.

Audit exemption statement

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



E Leask

Director

2 March 2023

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors are required to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Income Statement

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

		9 months ended 31 December 2021	Year ended 31 March 2021
	Notes	£	£
Revenue	4	1,486,435	1,300,894
Cost of sales		(898,291)	(628,039)
Gross profit		588,144	672,855
Administrative expenses		(305,864)	(427,816)
Other operating income		7,062	5,783
Operating profit	5	289,342	250,822
Other Gains and Losses		(14,904)	-
Finance income and similar charges	6	-	3
Profit before tax		274,438	250,825
Income tax	8	-	(2,213)
Profit for the period		274,438	248,612
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		274,438	248,612

The result for the current period and prior year is derived from continuing operations.

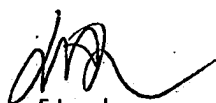
Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2021

	Notes	31 December 2021 £	31 March 2021 £
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	1,481,364	973,478
Investments	10	2,974,785	2,974,785
Total non-current assets		4,456,149	3,948,263
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventory	11	60,173	19,207
Trade and other receivables	12	599,982	300,539
Amounts owed by group companies	12	8,804	78,800
Cash and bank balances		262,449	791,642
Total current assets		931,408	1,190,188
Total assets		5,387,557	5,138,451
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	101,003	136,102
Amounts owed to group companies	13	3,878,684	3,868,917
Total current liabilities		3,979,687	4,005,019
Net current liabilities		(3,048,279)	(2,814,831)
Net assets		1,407,870	1,133,432
EQUITY			
Called up shared capital	14	3,487	3,487
Other equity reserves	14	408,215	408,215
Accumulated profit	14	996,168	721,730
Total equity		1,407,870	1,133,432

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021 the Company was entitled to exemption under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. No members have required the Company to obtain audit of its accounts for the year ended 31 December 2021 in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements of Labtech Services Limited (registered number SC083070) were approved by the Board of Directors and are signed on its behalf by:



E Leask

Director

2 March 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

1. General information

Labtech Services Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares incorporated in United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in Scotland. The address of the Company's registered office is given on page 1.

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on page 2.

These financial statements are separate financial statements. The Company is exempt from the preparation of consolidated financial statements because it is included in the group accounts of Centurion 3 Limited. The group accounts of Centurion 3 Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 18.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting procedures are set out below and have been applied consistently for all years presented in the financial statements.

2.1. Basis of preparation

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' issued by the FRC. Accordingly, these financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to share-based payment, financial instruments, capital management, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, presentation of a cash flow statement, standards not yet effective, impairment of assets and related party disclosures.

Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been given in the group accounts of Centurion 3 Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The Group accounts of Centurion 3 Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 18.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

The financial statements are presented in pound sterling (GBP), which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

2.2 Going concern

The Company is party to Group borrowing facilities under which it is an obligor and a guarantor. As a result, cash flow projections, including working capital requirements, are developed and managed at Group level. At the date of this report the Group has cash and cash reserves of \$15.6m, and the ability to draw down a further \$124.7m of debt funding under the existing RCF subject to customary bank covenants and credit agreement conditions. On 16 December 2021, the Group extended the term of its existing multi-currency credit facility from 31 December 2022 to 31 December 2024 and upsized the facility from \$230m to \$300m. In addition, the Group added Royal Bank of Canada and the Toronto-Dominion Bank to the existing consortium of banks. On 3 October 2022, the Group further upsized its existing multi-currency credit facility to approximately \$360m.

Having assessed the financial position, the trading prospects and liquidity position for the Group, including possible downside scenarios as a result of COVID-19, and a potential global economic slowdown, through the going concern period, the directors have developed a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Additionally, the directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, developed a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and has obtained confirmation from the parent company of continuing financial support in the 12 month period subsequent to the approval of these financial statements.

Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in their preparation of the annual financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Adoption of new and revised standards

The company has adopted all new and revised standards effective for the period beginning 1 January 2021. The adoption of these standards has not impacted the Company's reported results or financial position

2.4 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less, where appropriate, provisions for impairment.

2.5 Revenue recognition

The Company recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- Hire of equipment; and
- Sale of equipment

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer and if the following conditions are met:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.5.1 Revenue from hire of equipment and personnel

Revenue from the hire of equipment is recognised over the period which the rentals occur at the rates contracted with customers.

2.5.2 Revenue from sale of equipment

Revenue from the sale of equipment is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the equipment has been shipped to the customer and the customer has acknowledged receipt of the equipment.

2.6 Foreign currencies

2.6.1 Functional and presentation currency

For the purpose of the Financial Statements, the results and financial position of the Company are expressed in Pounds Sterling ('£'), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the financial statements.

2.6.2 Transactions and balances

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

2.7 Retirement benefit costs

Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to contributions.

2.8 Taxation

2.8.1 Current tax

Current tax payable or receivable is based on taxable result for the year. Taxable profit or loss differs from the result as reported in the income statement because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Taxation (continued)

2.8.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

2.8.3 Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when they relate to items that are recognised outside the income statement (whether in other comprehensive income or directly in equity), in which case the tax is also recognised outside the income statement, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

2.9 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed annually, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

Leasehold improvements	over the period of the lease
Plant and equipment	3 – 4 years
Modular buildings	20 years
Fixtures and fittings	4 – 5 years

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

2.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and other short-term bank deposits with maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts where there is a right of set-off.

3. Key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, outlined in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments impact.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

4. Revenue

Analysis by category

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Hire of equipment	645,851	614,796
Sale of goods	411,766	178,727
Spares, repairs & maintenance	428,818	507,371
	1,486,435	1,300,894

Analysis by geography

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
United Kingdom	646,069	736,893
Middle East	176,166	221,242
Africa	220,140	124,468
Rest of World	444,060	218,291
	1,486,435	1,300,894

5. Operating profit

		9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
	Notes		
Operating profit for the period is stated after charging/(crediting):			
Employee benefits expense	7	368,336	385,521
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	9	114,083	96,192
Operating lease/rent expense		10,489	78,638
Foreign exchange losses/(gains) on trade receivables		15,973	(4,380)
Audit fees payable to the company's auditors		-	9,000

6. Finance income and similar charges

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Bank interest	-	3
	-	3

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

7. Employee benefits expense

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Wages and salaries	324,193	337,087
Social security costs	34,471	35,207
Pension costs (note 15)	9,672	13,227
	368,336	385,521

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 No.	Year ended 31 March 2021 No.
The average number of employees in the period was:		
- Operations	4	3
- Sales and administration	4	4
	8	7

The directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company for their services to this company. The remuneration of the directors is borne by another group company.

8. Taxation

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Current tax		
UK Current tax	-	-
Foreign tax	-	2,213
Total current tax	-	2,213
Deferred tax		
Current period	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	-
Total charge for the period	-	2,213

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

8. Taxation (continued)

Reconciliation of income tax

The income tax for the period is reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	9 months ended 31 December 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Profit before taxation	289,255	250,825
Profit before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19% (2021: 19%)	54,958	47,657
Expenses not deductible	-	(1,269)
Fixed asset differences	-	(19,865)
Foreign tax credits	-	2,213
Deferred tax not recognised	-	(26,523)
Group relief	(54,958)	-
Current tax charge for the year	-	2,213

Following enactment of Finance Act 2020 on 22 July 2020, the UK Corporation Tax rate (from 1 April 2020) has been maintained at 19% and has not reduced to 17% as previously legislated. The UK Budget announcement on 3 March 2021 proposed to increase the UK Corporation Tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023. This rate change was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. As this was substantively enacted after the reporting date, the UK deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2021 continue to be measured at 25%.

9. Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold improvements £	Plant and Equipment £	Modular Buildings £	Fixtures and Fittings £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	309,059	503,858	1,319,774	47,344	2,180,035
Additions	-	12,325	788,522	-	800,847
Disposals	-	-	(261,421)	-	(261,421)
At 31 December 2021	309,059	516,183	1,846,875	47,344	2,719,461
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	309,059	500,074	350,080	47,344	1,206,557
Charge for the period	-	4,468	109,615	-	114,083
Disposals	-	-	(82,543)	-	(82,543)
At 31 December 2021	309,059	504,542	377,152	47,344	1,238,097
Net book value					
At 31 December 2021	-	11,641	1,469,723	-	1,481,364
At 31 March 2021	-	3,784	969,694	-	973,478

There is a floating charge held over certain assets noted above in relation to the Group's banking facilities as detailed in the accounts of Centurion 3 Limited (note 17).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

10. Investments

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Subsidiaries	2,974,785	2,974,785

The Company holds the issued share capital of the following companies:

Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Class	Shares held %
Labtech Services US LLC	United States	Ordinary	100.00
Specialist Services RedGuard LLC*	United States	Ordinary	50.00

(* held indirectly)

11. Inventories

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Raw materials and consumables	60,173	19,207
	60,173	19,207

12. Trade and other receivables

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	228,789	252,581
Other debtors and prepayments	371,193	47,958
	599,982	300,539

Amounts owed by Group companies of £9k (31 March 2021: £79k) are non-interest bearing and have no formal repayment terms.

13. Trade and other payables

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	14,466	11,021
Payroll taxes and social security	12,710	43,921
Accruals and other creditors	73,827	81,160
	101,003	136,102

Amounts owed to Group companies of £3,879k (31 March 2021: £3,869k) are non-interest bearing and have no formal repayment terms.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

14. Share capital and reserves

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Issued and fully paid:		
2,470 ordinary "A" shares of £0.10 each	247	247
32,400 ordinary "B" shares of £0.10 each	3,240	3,240
	3,487	3,487

The ordinary "A" and ordinary "B" shares rank pari passu in all respects.

Other equity reserves

	Revaluation reserve
	£
Balance at 1 April 2021	408,215
Balance at 31 December 2021	408,215

Retained earnings

	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	£	£
Balance at beginning of period	721,730	473,118
Profit for the period	274,438	248,612
Balance at end of period	996,168	721,730

15. Retirement benefit plans

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. Pension costs charged in the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 amounted to £10k (year to 31 March 2021: £13k) and there was £3k (year to 31 March 2021: £3k) outstanding at period end.

16. Related party balances and transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in IAS 24 "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

17. Contingent liabilities

The Company is party to the Group borrowing facilities and arrangements. Under these arrangements, the Group has pledged its shares in the subsidiaries and granted a debenture over its assets. The outstanding amount under the borrowing facilities at 31 December 2021 was £121m (\$163m).

18. Controlling party

Specialist Services Holdings Limited, the Company's ultimate parent company was acquired by Centurion Group Limited on 22 June 2021. Up to 22 June 2021, Specialist Services Holdings Limited was the ultimate parent company and following acquisition, the ultimate holding company became Centurion Group Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the Cayman Islands (Registered office: c/o Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Uglund House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, the Cayman Islands). The majority of the equity of Centurion Group Limited is owned by SCF VIII AIV LP and SCF VII AIV LP, Cayman Islands limited partnerships, which in turn are considered to be controlled by its general partner, LE Simmons & Associates Inc, a Delaware corporation whose controlling party is its president, L E Simmons.

The smallest and largest group which consolidates the results of the Company is Centurion 3 Limited, a company registered in Scotland, whose financial statements are publicly available from Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the 9 months ended 31 December 2021

19. Post balance sheet events

On 27 February 2022, a conflict broke out between Russia and Ukraine. Following this, numerous governments around the world have implemented sanctions against Russia and Belarus. Given the location of the Group's operations, historically there has been limited direct or indirect trading with Russia or Ukraine. As a result, the Group does not consider there to be any impact from this conflict on its operations or finances.

On 1 February 2022, as part of an internal Centurion Group legal reorganization, 100% of the share capital of the Company was transferred to the Centurion UK Rentals & Services Holdings Limited (formerly Centurion UK Rentals & Services Limited and Centurion 4 Limited), a fellow Group Company, from Specialist Services Holdings Limited.

Additionally, on 1 August 2022, as part the same internal Centurion Group legal reorganization, the trade and certain assets of the Company were transferred to Centurion UK Rentals & Services Limited (formerly Rentair Limited).

These transactions have no financial effect on the reported financial position at 31 December 2021.