Dunedin Capital Partners Ltd

Report and Accounts

28 February 1998



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 28 February 1998.

RESULTS

The profit and loss account for the year is set out on page 5.

REVIEW OF ACTIVITIES

The company specialises in the management of unquoted investments. The level of business in the year was satisfactory and this is expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

FIXED ASSETS

The changes in fixed assets during the period are summarised in note 7.

DIVIDEND

The directors do not recommend a final ordinary dividend (1997: £580 per share) making a total dividend for the year of £149,000 (1997: £335,000) per ordinary share.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company at 28 February 1998 were as follows:-

Mr S E C Miller (Chairman) Miss H Bagan Mr B Finlayson Mr J E Jeffrey Mr R Marshall

In accordance with the Articles of Association none of the directors retires by rotation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

No director has any direct interest in the share capital of the company.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the company made various charitable donations totalling £3,900.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

Braine Muray

Secretary

Edinburgh

2094 May 1998

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



REPORT OF THE AUDITORS to the members of Dunedin Capital Partners Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 11, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 28 February 1998 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Edinburgh

20 may 1998

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 28 February 1998

	Notes	1998 £	1997
TURNOVER	1	1,827,522	£ 1,363,830
Less: Administrative expenses		1,046,700	1,068,012
OPERATING PROFIT	2	780,822	295,818
Gain on disposal of investments Interest receivable		9,784 58,494	31,482 39,171
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		849,100	366,471
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	274,485	136,084
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		574,615	230,387
Dividend on equity shares	6	149,000	335,000
PROFIT/(LOSS) RETAINED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		425,615	(104,613)
RETAINED PROFITS AT 1 MARCH 1997 Profit/(loss) for the financial year		173,008 425,615	277,621 (104,613)
RETAINED PROFITS AT 28 FEBRUARY 1998		598,623	173,008

All gains and losses arising during the year have been recognised in the profit and loss account and derive from continuing operations of the company.

BALANCE SHEET at 28 February 1998

	Notes	1998	1997
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	7	66,098	55,715
Unlisted investments	8	15,829	19,384
		81,927	75,099
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9	69,162	119,069
Cash at bank and in hand		1,160,588	973,438
		1,229,750	1,092,507
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	711,918	991,737
NET CURRENT ASSETS		517,832	100,770
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		599,759	175,869
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	11	1,036	2,761
		598,723	173,108
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	100	100
Profit and loss account	13	598,623	173,008
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EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		598,723	173,108

W Kulur 20 May 1998

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 28 February 1998

ACCOUNTING POLICIES 1.

Basis of preparation

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and statements of recommended practice.

The charge for taxation takes into account the timing differences in the accounting and taxation treatment of certain items to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future.

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method and takes into account recoverable Advance Corporation Tax.

Turnover

Turnover represents fee income for investment management services, exclusive of VAT, all of which derives from continuing operations arising in the United Kingdom.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition or revaluation, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

Leasehold improvements		over	10 years
Fixtures and fittings	=	over	5 years
Computer equipment	-	over	2 years
Motor vehicles	-	over	4 years

Pensions

The company makes contributions to employees' private pension arrangements, all of which are with defined contribution schemes. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they fall due.

OPERATING PROFIT

Z.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	This is stated after charging:-	1998	1997
	**************************************	£	£
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	2,850	3,300
	- non audit services	12,139	7,190
	Depreciation of owned assets	11,676	1,851
	Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	5,466	
	- land and buildings	19,021	8,167
	Management charge payable to Edinburgh Fund Managers (former ultimate	,	,
	parent undertaking)	_	259,511
	parent undertaking)		
3.	STAFF COSTS		
		1998	1997
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	670,990	385,816
	Social security costs	62,711	37,637
	Other pension costs	74,854	45,481
		808,555	468,934
	The average monthly number of employees during the period was made up as follows:		
		1998	1997
		£	£
	Administration	8	8
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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 28 February 1998

4.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	1998	1997
		£	£
	Emoluments	534,739	452,441
	Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	59,308	43,952
		1998	1997
		1998 No	No
	Members of money purchase pension schemes	5	5
	The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows:		
	•	1998 £	1997 £
	Emoluments	135,902	109,321
	Difficultivité		
	Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	16,213	12,157
	Company contributions para to money passesses passesses		
5.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	The taxation charge is made up as follows:	1998	1997
		£	£
	Based on the profit for year:	***	
	Corporation tax - current year	258,648 1,245	118,352
	- prior year Group relief receivable	16,317	14,971
	Deferred taxation (note 11)	(1,725)	2,761
		274,485	136,084
6.	DIVIDEND		
		1998	1997 C
		£	£
	Ordinary final dividend paid of £Nil per share - proposed	-	58,000
	Ordinary interim dividend paid of £1,490 per share - paid	149,000	277,000
		149,000	335,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 28 February 1998

7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
, .		Leasehold	Fixtures and	Computer	Motor	
	impi	rovements	fittings	equipment	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost or valuation:			•••		57.566
	At 1 March 1997	46,884	10,383	299	10.406	57,566 22,059
	Additions	-	2,439	125	19,495	
	At 28 February 1998	46,884	12,822	424	19,495	79,625
	Depreciation:					
	At 1 March 1997	1,160		25		1,851
	Provided during the year	4,689	2,334	186	4,467	11,676
	At 28 February 1998	5,849	3,000	211	4,467	13,527
	Net book value at 28 February 1998	41,035	9,822	213	15,028	66,098
	Net book value at 1 March 1997	45,724	9,717	274	-	55,715
8.	INVESTMENTS					
	Unlisted, at cost					2
	At 1 March 1997 Disposals					19,384 (3,555)
	At 28 February 1998					15,829
9.	DEBTORS					
,,					1998 £	1997 £
	Trade debtors				7,863	6,148
	Due from ultimate parent undertaking				9,131	
	Other Debtors Prepayments and accrued income				52,168	69,250 43,671
					69,162	119,069
						
10.	CREDITORS				1998	1997
	Trade creditors				£ 16,041	£ 16,419
	Due to ultimate parent undertaking				-	167,087
	Corporation tax				252,307	112,825
	Other taxes and social security costs				164,319 54,251	168,496 293,910
	Accruals & deferred income Proposed dividend					58,000
	Subordinated loan from parent underta	aking			225,000	175,000
					711,918	991,737

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 28 February 1998

11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

The movement in deferred taxation during the current and previous year is as follows:

		1998	1997
	At 1 March 1997	2,761	£
	(Credit)/charge for the year (note 5)	(1,725)	2,761
	At 28 February 1998	1,036	2,761
	Deferred taxation provided in the accounts is as follows:	1998	1997
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation Other timing differences	£ 1,672 (636)	2,761
	At 28 February 1998	1,036	2,761
12.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	1998	1997
	Authorised 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 100	£ 100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
13.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS ON SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	1998	1997
	At 1 March 1997	£ 173,108	£ 277,721
	Profit/(loss) for the year	425,615	(104,613)
	At 28 February 1998	598,723	173,108
1.4	OTHER EXMANCIAL COMMITMENTS		

14. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 28 February the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Other 1998	Buildings 1997	Other 1997
£	£	£
5,845	10,208	-
5,845	10,208	-
	5,845	5,845 10,208

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 28 February 1998

PARENT UNDERTAKINGS

The parent undertaking in whose accounts the company is consolidated is Dunedin Capital Holdings Limited, registered in Scotland. Copies of Dunedin Capital Holdings Limited's accounts can be obtained from Napier House, 27 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1BT.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(e) of FRS8 from disclosing transactions with its parent undertaking, which is also its controlling party.