# **Dunedin Capital Partners Limited**

**Report and Accounts** 

31 March 2013

Registered No. SC82727

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# **Dunedin Capital Partners Limited**

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# Registered No. SC82727

# **Directors**

Simon Miller (Chairman) Graeme Murray

# **Secretary**

Graeme Murray

# **Auditor**

KPMG Audit plc Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG

## **Bankers**

Lloyds TSB Bank plc City Office Branch PO Box 1000 BX1 1LT

# **Registered Office**

Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EN

# **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, is £64,187 (2012 profit: £494,132). The Directors recommend a final ordinary dividend of £nil (2012: £nil) making a total ordinary dividend of £1,471,131 (2012: £nil).

## Principal activity and review of the business

For the period 1 April 2012 to 30 April 2012, the principal activity of the Company was the provision of private equity investment management services. On 30 April 2012 the business activities, assets and liabilities of the Company were transferred to Dunedin LLP in return for 53% membership of Dunedin LLP. Subsequently the Company has waived its voting rights in Dunedin LLP to 1% for nil consideration. Since 1 May 2012, the Company has acted as a holding company and has not traded.

#### **Fixed assets**

The changes in fixed assets during the year are summarised in note 7.

#### Creditors

The Company agrees terms and conditions for its business transactions with suppliers. Payment is made on these terms normally within 30 working days, provided the supplier meets its obligations.

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company during the year were:-

Simon Miller

Dougal Bennett (resigned 27 April 2012)

Giles Derry (resigned 27 April 2012)

Nicol Fraser (resigned 27 April 2012)

Mark Ligertwood (resigned 27 April 2012)

Ross Marshall (resigned 27 April 2012)

Shaun Middleton (resigned 27 April 2012)

Graeme Murray

David Williams (resigned 27 April 2012)

In accordance with the Articles of Association none of the Directors retires by rotation.

## Charitable donations

During the year the Company made £nil charitable donations (2012: £685).

# Financial instruments

The Company is not directly exposed to significant risks arising from financial instruments.

## Disclosure of information to the auditor

The Directors confirm that so far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware and the Directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

# **Directors' Report**

Going concern

In assessing whether the Company is a going concern, the Board has reviewed cash flow forecasts for the Company based upon a variety of scenarios for the foreseeable future. In addition the Board has considered the current cash position and the overall financial position of the Company.

Given the above, the Directors have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

By order of the Board

Graeme Murray

Secretary

13 September 2013

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditor's Report

to the members of Dunedin Capital Partners Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Dunedin Capital Partners Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 set out on pages 8 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

## Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Philip Merchant (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Edinburgh

13 September 2013

# **Profit and loss account**

for the year ended 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover		421,876	7,541,160
Less: Administrative expenses		(443,135)	(6,837,995)
Operating (loss) / profit	2	(21,259)	703,165
Interest receivable	-	3,863	13,174
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(17,396)	716,339
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(46,791)	(222,207)
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities after tax	- -	(64,187)	494,132

All gains and losses arising during the year have been recognised in the profit and loss account and derive from continuing operations of the Company.

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# **Balance sheet**

at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7 8	-	384,467
Investments	8	815,463	
		815,463	384,467
Current assets	_		
Debtors	9	213,265	1,245,894
Cash		5,828	2,314,144
		219,093	3,560,038
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	264,062	1,638,693
Current assets less current liabilities		(44,969)	1,921,345
Total assets less total liabilities		770,494	2,305,812
			<del></del>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	100	100
Profit and loss account	13	770,394	2,305,712
Equity shareholders' funds		770,494	2,305,812

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors on 13 September 2013 and were signed on its behalf by:

Graeme Murray

Director

3 September 2013 Date

Company Registration No SC82727

at 31 March 2013

# 1. Accounting policies

### Basis of preparation

The accounts are prepared in accordance with UK GAAP under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards.

#### Cash flow statement

In accordance with accounting standard FRS1 Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996) the Company has not prepared a cash flow statement as the ultimate holding Company has included a group cash flow statement in its financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents fee income for investment management services which fall within the Company's ordinary activities, stated net of valued added tax, all of which derive from continuing operations arising in the United Kingdom. Fees are credited to income when they are earned and the fee has been agreed.

#### **Investments**

Investments have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation takes into account the timing differences in the accounting and taxation treatment of certain items to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future. Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax in future. This is subject to deferred tax assets only being recognised if it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Timing differences are differences arising between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements which are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition or revaluation, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

Leasehold improvements - over 10 years
Fixtures and fittings - over 5 years
Computer equipment - over 2 years
Computer software - over 4 years

#### **Pensions**

The Company makes contributions to employees' private pension arrangements, all of which are with defined contribution schemes. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they fall due.

#### Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Rent free periods received as part of the terms of the lease are accrued on commencement of the lease and allocated evenly over the period from the date of lease commencement to the earlier of the first rent review to the prevailing market rate and the lease end date.

## **Provisions for liabilities**

A provision is recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle an obligation.

at 31 March 2013

2.	Operating profit		
	This is stated after charging:-	2013	2012
	This is stated after charging.	£	£
	Auditor's remuneration - audit services	4,000	7,500
	Depreciation of fixed assets and investments	10,802	110,323
	Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	3,197	13,686
	- land and buildings	21,980	249,000
	idild dild bullatings		
3.	Staff costs		
J.	otan costs	2013	2012
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	229,250	3,279,088
	Social security costs	28,065	459,377
	Other pension costs	39,440	512,118
	Carlot portotori dobas		
		296,755	4,250,583
		1	
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was made up as fo	iows:	
		2013	2012
	Administration	2	22
4.	Directors' emoluments		2010
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Emoluments	89,452	2,065,142
	Emolunients		
	Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	27,270	372,759
	,		
		0010	0010
		2013	2012
		No	No
	Members of money purchase pension schemes		

at 31 March 2013

# 4. Directors' emoluments

(continued)

6.

The amounts in respect of the highest paid Director are as follows:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Emoluments	13,425	294,432 ————
Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	3,938	46,351
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
a) The taxation charge is made up as follows:	2013	2012
	£	£
Based on the profit current year:		
Corporation tax - current year	257,045	-
- prior year	•	(4,523)
Group relief – current year	18,792	264,728
Group relief – prior year	(11,775)	2,868
Prior year adjustment	(4,006)	-
Total current tax charge	260,056	263,073
Deferred taxation (note 11)	(213,265)	(40,866)
	46,791	222,207
	Emoluments  Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  a) The taxation charge is made up as follows:  Based on the profit current year:  Corporation tax - current year  - prior year  Group relief – current year  Group relief – prior year  Prior year adjustment  Total current tax charge  Deferred taxation (note 11)	Emoluments  13,425  Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes  3,938  Tax on profit on ordinary activities a) The taxation charge is made up as follows:  2013  Esased on the profit current year:  Corporation tax - current year - prior year  Group relief - current year  Group relief - prior year  Group relief - prior year  Total current tax charge  Deferred taxation (note 11)

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax. The differences are explained below:

pelow:		
	2013	2012
	£	£
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax	(17,396)	716,339
Corporation tax at standard rate of 24.0% (2012: 26.0%) Effects of:	(4,175)	186,248
Disallowed expenses and non taxable income	16,012	87,860
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	-	(9,380)
Small companies relief	-	(1,655)
Prior year adjustment	(15,781)	-
Taxable partnership income	264,000	•
Total current tax charge	260,056	263,073
Dividend		
	2013	2012
	£	£
Ordinary interim dividend paid	1,471,131	701,266

at 31 March 2013

7.	Tangible Fixed Assets					
		Leasehold	Fixtures and	Computer	Computer	
		improvements	fittings	equipment	software	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost or valuation:	_		-		
	At 1 April 2012	442,010	187,744	270,546	35,322	935,622
	Additions	-	-	-	-	-
	Transfer to Dunedin LLP	(442,010)	(187,744)	(270,546)	(35,322)	(935,622)
	At 31 March 2013	-				
	Depreciation:					
	At 1 April 2012	191,723	125,166	228,755	5,511	551,155
	Provided during the year	4,513	1,507	4,046	736	10,802
	Transfer to Dunedin LLP	(196,236)	(126,673)	(232,801)	(6,247)	(561,957)
	At 31 March 2013	-	-	-	-	-
	Net book value at:					
	31 March 2013	_	_	_	-	_
	OT MICH EUTO					
	31 March 2012	250,287	62,578	41,791	29,811	384,467
8.	Investments				2013	2012
	Dunedin LLP			;	£ 815,463	£
9.	Debtors				2013	2012
					£	£
					Z.	2
	Trade debtors				_	500,812
	Due from group undertaking				_	37,558
	Due from parent undertaking				-	53,419
	Due from ultimate parent undertaki	na			-	136,200
	Prepayments and accrued income	J			-	280,361
	Corporation tax				_	186,809
	Deferred taxation (note 11)				213,265	50,735
				,	213,265	1,245,894

at 31 March 2013

10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	· ·	2013	2012
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	50,474
	Corporation tax	257,045	-
	Group relief Other taxes and social security costs	7,017	400,138 521,150
	Accruals & deferred income	-	666,931
		264,062	1,638,693
11.	Deferred Taxation		
	The movement in deferred taxation during the current and previous year is as follows:	lows.	
	The movement in deletted taxation during the current and previous year is as to	10443.	
		2013	2012
		£	£
	At 1 April 2012	(50,735)	(9,869)
	(Provided) during the year	(213,265)	(40,866)
	Transferred during year	50,735	-
	At 31 March 2013	(213,265)	(50,735)
	ACOT March 2010	(210,200)	(50,755)
	Deferred taxation provided in the accounts is as follows:		
		2013	2012
		2013 £	2012 £
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	-	(50,735)
	Other timing differences	(213,265)	-
	At 31 March 2013	(213,265)	(50,735)
12.	Called up share capital		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
13.	Reconciliation of movements on shareholders' funds		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	At 1 April 2012	2 205 740	2 542 042
	At 1 April 2012 (Loss) / profit for the year	2,305,712 (64,187)	2,512,846 494,132
	Dividends in the year	(1,471,131)	(701,266)
			·············
	At 31 March 2013	770,394	2,305,712

at 31 March 2013

## 14. Other financial commitments

At 31 March the Company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and		Land and	
	Buildings	Other	Buildings	Other
	2013	2013	2012	2012
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
within one year	-	-	-	-
in two to five years	-	-	218,321	13,868
		_	218,321	13,868
	=======================================			

# 15. Parent undertakings

The ultimate parent undertaking in whose accounts the Company is consolidated is Dunedin Capital Group HoldCo Limited, registered in Scotland. Copies of Dunedin Capital Group HoldCo Limited's accounts can be obtained from Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EN.

# 16. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS8 Related Party Disclosures from disclosing transactions with other group companies.