Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

30 June 2007





Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007

Contents

Page:

- 3 'Independent auditor's report
- 5 Profit and loss account
- 6 Balance sheet
- 7 Cash flow statement
- 8 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

A J Crabb M S Yarlett R McKnight

Secretary and registered office

R McKnight, Block 2, Bonnyton Industrial Estate, Munro Place, Kilmarnock, KA1 2NP

Company number

75647

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, 4 Atlantic Quay, 70 York Street, Glasgow, G2 8JX

Bankers

Bank of Scotland, 30/34 King Street, Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, KA1 1NP

Solicitors

Mackintosh and Wylie, 23 The Foregate, Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, KA1 1LE

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2007

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the year

Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The company's principal activity is as a management company

The directors are satisfied with the results for the year, and feel that the company and its subsidiary are well placed to take advantage of opportunities coming their way in the future

Financial Risks and Uncertainties

As a management company, the company's risks are wholly related to the performance of its subsidiary company, Scotia Double Glazing Limited Further information is contained in the financial statements of Scotia Double Glazing Limited which are available from Companies House

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company were

	Ordinary shares of £1 eac	
	30 June 2007	1 July 2006
A J Crabb	8,000	8,000
M S Yarlett	16,501	16,501
R McKnight		

Directors' Indemnity Insurance

The directors have been indemnified by the company in respect of any costs incurred by them in defending any proceedings brought against them arising out of their positions as directors of Ayrshire Aluminium Co Limited.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

By order of the board

R McKnight

Secretary

8 May 2008

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ayrshire Aluminium Co Limited for the year ended 30 June 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the directors' report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

BDS Sty Hayre LLP
BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Ayr

8 May 2008

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Turnover	2	195,000	185,000
Administrative expenses		191,950	183,645
Operating profit	3	3,050	1,355
Interest receivable		192	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		3,242	1,355
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	624	64
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		2,618	1,291

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account. There are no movements in shareholders' funds in the current and prior year apart from the profit for the year.

Balance sheet at 30 June 2007

	Note	2007 £	2007 £	2006 £	2006 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		1		1
Fixed asset investments	8		306,115		306,115
			306,116		306,116
Current assets			000,210		300,110
Debtors	9	50,844		103,652	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,185		4,969	
		56,029		108,621	
Creditors: amounts falling due witl	nin	30,029		100,021	
one year	10	7,313		62,523	
Net current assets			48,716		46,098
Total assets less current liabilities			354,832		352,214
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		24,501		24,501
Capital redemption reserve	12		25,499		25,499
Profit and loss account	12		304,832		302,214
Shareholders' funds			354,832		352,214
			-		

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 8 May 2008

A J Crabb Director R McKnight **Director**

Cash flow statement for the year ended 30 June 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	13	47,149	3,970
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received		192	
Taxation Corporation tax paid		(64)	
Dividend paid		(47,061)	
Increase in cash	14	216	3,970

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Consolidated financial statements

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 as the group it heads qualifies as a medium sized group. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided stated net of value added tax and is attributable to one activity, that of management company providing services within the United Kingdom

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties, freehold land and certain buildings, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Office Equipment

10% reducing balance

Valuation of investments

Fixed assets investments are stated at cost in the case of the investment in the subsidiary company

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates
making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing
differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable

The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

3 Operating profit

4

	2007	2006
	£	£
This is arrived at after charging		
Audit services	1,500	1,500
Employees		
2p. 0, 144		
Staff costs (including directors) consist of		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2007	2006
	£	£
Wages and salaries	142,040	139,925
Social security costs	16,984	16,644
Pension costs	31,320	26,985
		
	190,344	183,554

The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was 3 (2006 3)

5	Directors' remuneration	2007	2006
		£	£
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	169,607 31,320	163,362 26,985
	There were 2 directors in the company's defined contribution pension sch	neme during the year	(2006 2)
6	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2007 £	2006 £
	UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year	624	64
	The tax assessed for the period is at the small companies rate of corporat	ion tax in the UK	
		2007 £	2006 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	3,242	1,355
	Profit on ordinary activities at the small companies rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2006 19%)	648	257
	Effect of Charged at nil rate band Rate change	(24)	(193)
	Current tax charge for period	624	64

7 Tangible fixed assets

	Office
	equipment
	£
Cost At 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007	182
D	
Depreciation At 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007	181
Mark 1 and 1 and 1	
Net book value At 30 June 2006 and 30 June 2007	1

8 Fixed asset investments

	Snares £
Cost At 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007	306,115

Subsidiary undertakings, associated undertakings and other investments

The principal undertakings in which the company's interest at the year end is 20% or more are as follows

	Country of incorporation or registration	Proportion of voting rights and ordinary share capital held Nature of business
Subsidiary undertakings Scotia Double	Scotland	100% Manufacture and installation of double
Glazing Limited		glazing products

The following figures have been extracted from audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007

	Aggregate share capital and reserves		Profit / (loss) for the year	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Subsidiary undertakings	# 405 901	2/1 012	£4.009	72 705
Scotia Double Glazing Limited	425,821	361,813	64,008	72,705

9	Debtors			2007 £	2006 £
	Amounts receivable after more than one year	ear			
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			50,844	103,652
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
				2007 £	2006 £
	Corporation tax Dividends payable Directors' loans			624 5,189	64 52,250 8,829
	Accruals and deferred income			1,500	1,380
				7,313	62,523
11	Share capital				
~~		2007 £	Authorised 2006 £		ted, called up and fully paid 2006 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	24,501	24,501
12	Reserves				
				Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account
	At 1 July 2006 Profit for the year			25,499	302,214 2,618
	At 30 June 2007			25,499	304,832

13	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from	operating activiti	es	
			2007 £	2006 £
	Operating profit Decrease in debtors Decrease in creditors		3,050 52,808 (8,709)	1,355 2,615
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		47,149	3,970
14	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
			2007 £	2006 £
	Increase in cash		216	3,970
	Movement in net funds		216	3,970
	Opening net funds		4,969	999
	Closing net funds		5,185	4,969
15	Analysis of net funds			
	•	At 1 July 2006 £	Cash flow	At 30 June 2007 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	4,969	216	5,185

16 Contingent liabilities

The bank borrowings are secured by means of a bond and floating charge, over all assets of the company Ayrshire Aluminium Co Limited has given a guarantee and letter of offset in respect of the bank borrowings of Scotia Double Glazing Limited As at 30 June 2007, these amounted to £658,306 (2006 £595,094)

17 Pensions

. The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £31,320 (2006 £26,985)

18 Related party disclosures

Related party transactions and balances

All of the company's turnover in the years to 30 June 2007 and 30 June 2006 relates to management services supplied to its subsidiary Scotia Double Glazing Limited

At 30 June 2007, £50,844 (2006 £103,652) was owed to the company by Scotia Double Glazing Limited

19 Ultimate controlling party

The directors consider M S Yarlett, whose shareholding is disclosed in the directors report, to be in ultimate control of the company